

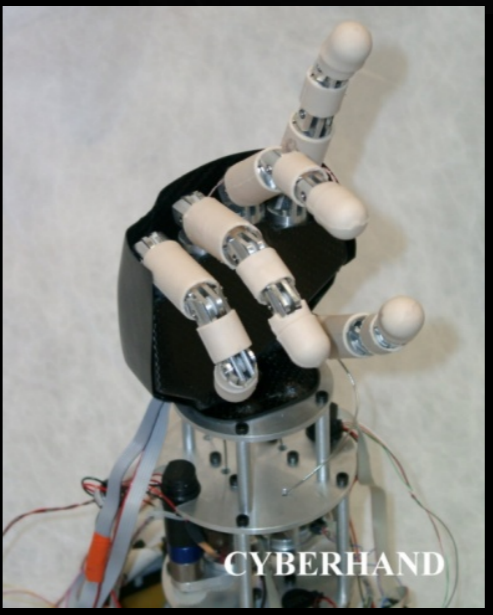
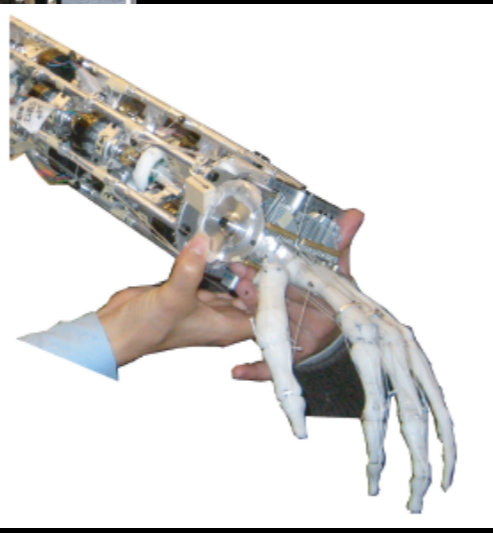
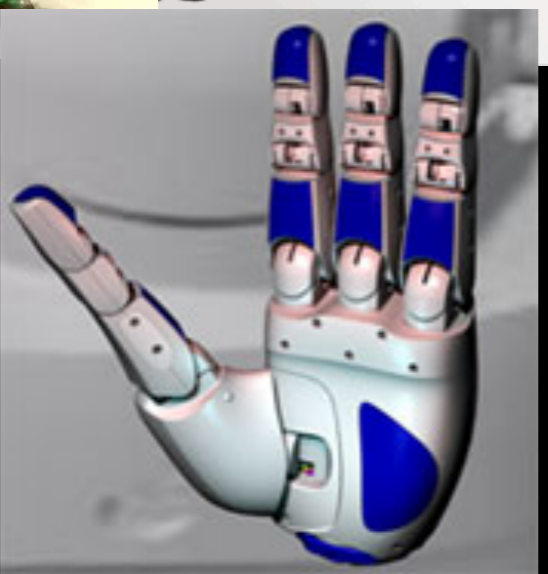
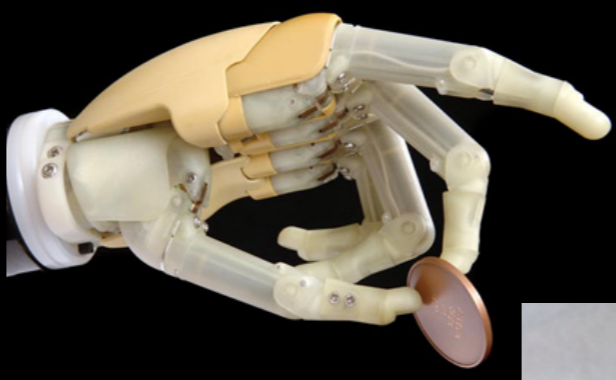
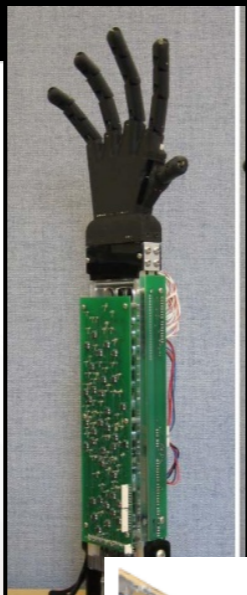
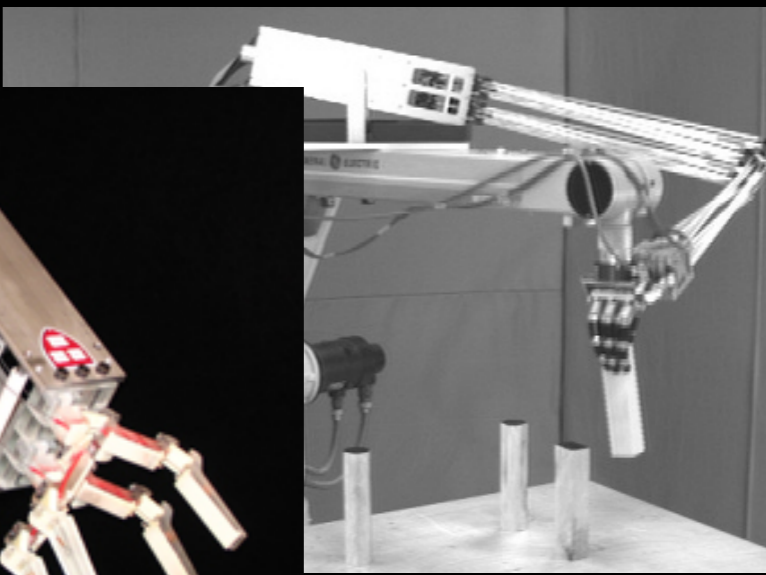
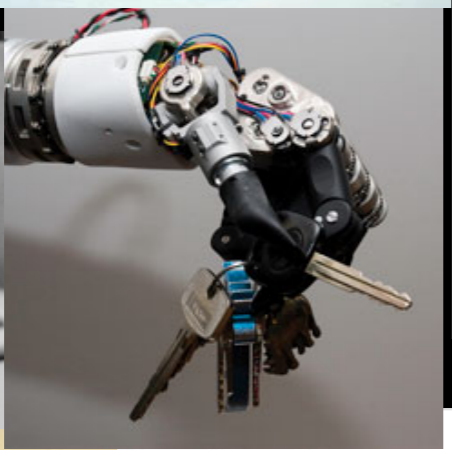
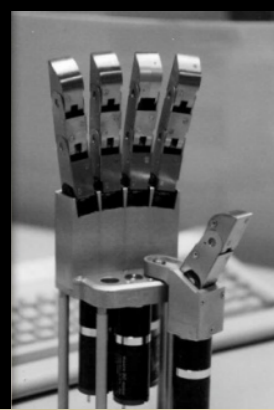
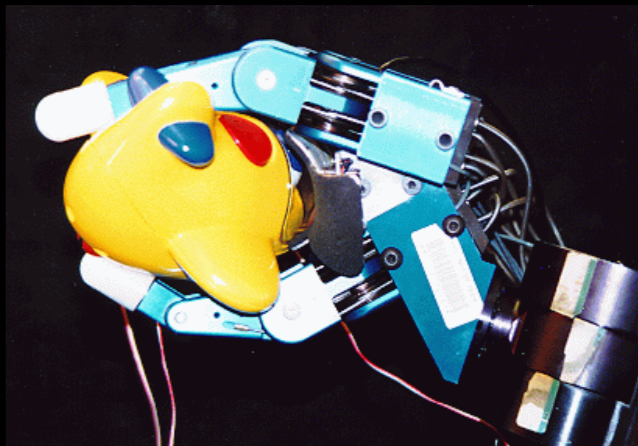
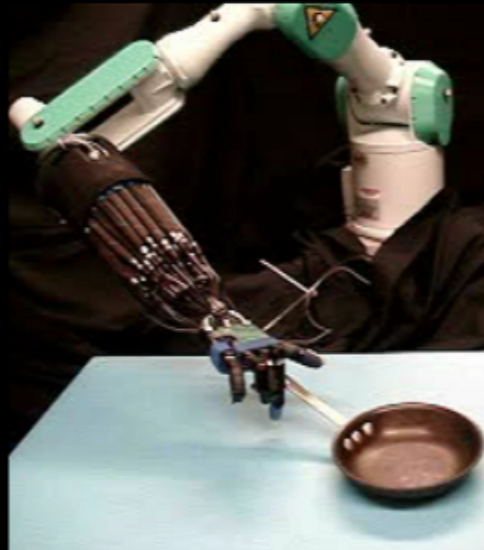
A Little Bit of History of Robot Hands

16-848 Hands: Design and Control for Dexterous Manipulation
Spring 2024

Opening thoughts on robot hands

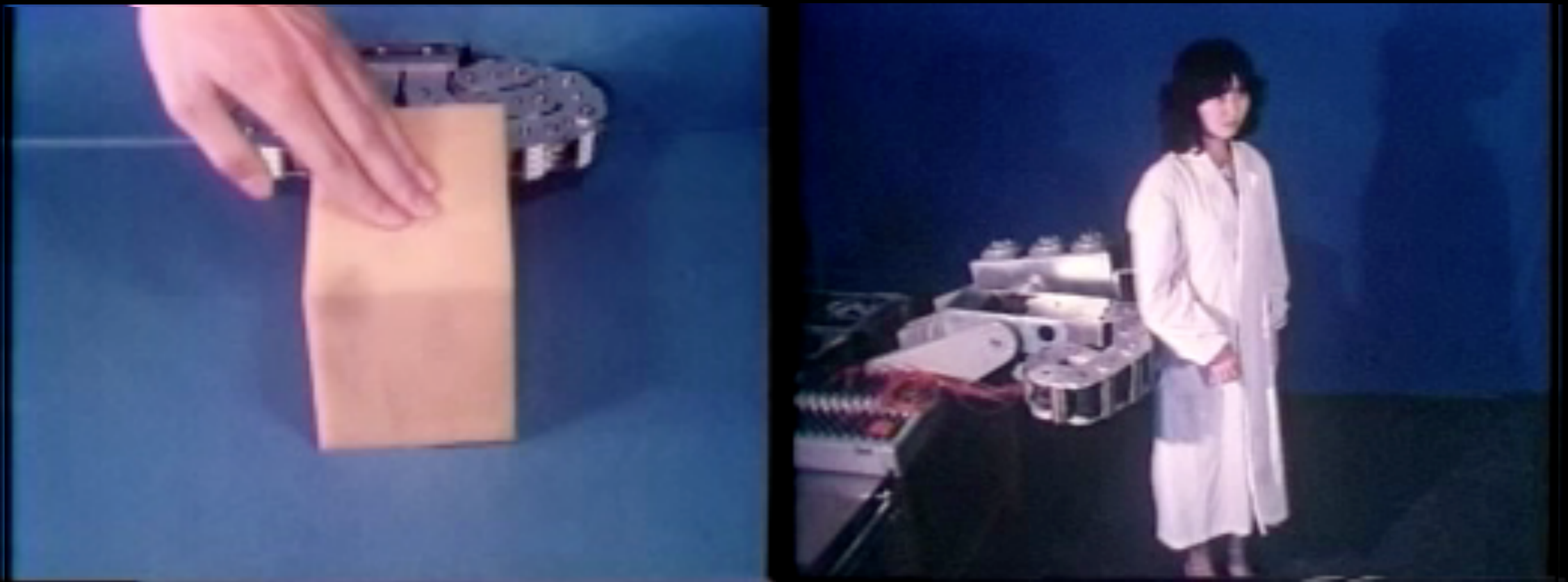
- We have had humanlike, high degree of freedom robot hands since the 80's
- Advances come out year after year in design, actuation, sensing, control, learning...
- Yet we do not have dexterous robots everywhere (cooking, cleaning, shopping, health care, ...)
- What are the gaps?
- How can we close them?

Four Decades of Robot Hands



Hands of the 80' s

Hirose Soft Gripper (Shigeo Hirose, Tokyo Inst. Technology)



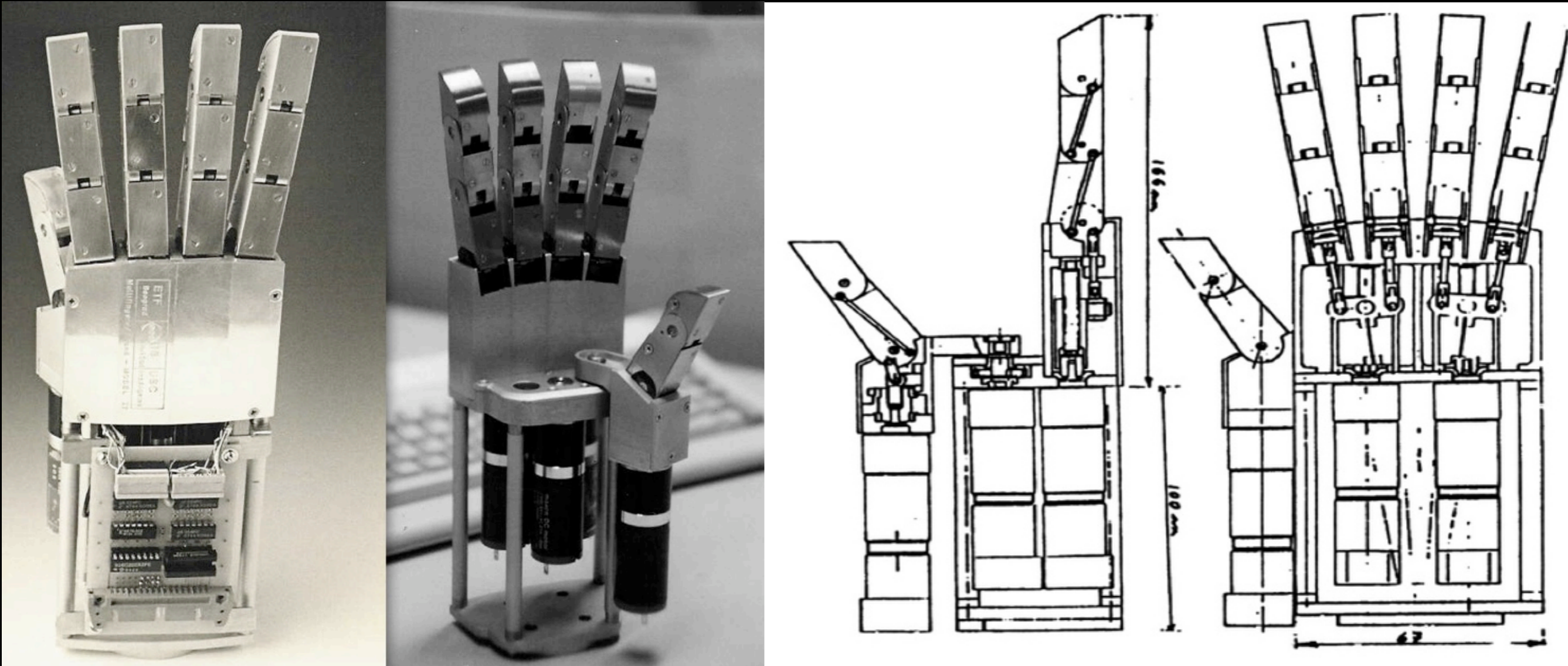
Soft gripper development began in the 70's

1 DoF

Graduated pulleys at joints create evenly distributed forces

Hands of the 80' s

Belgrade / USC hand (Rajko Tomovic and George Bekey)

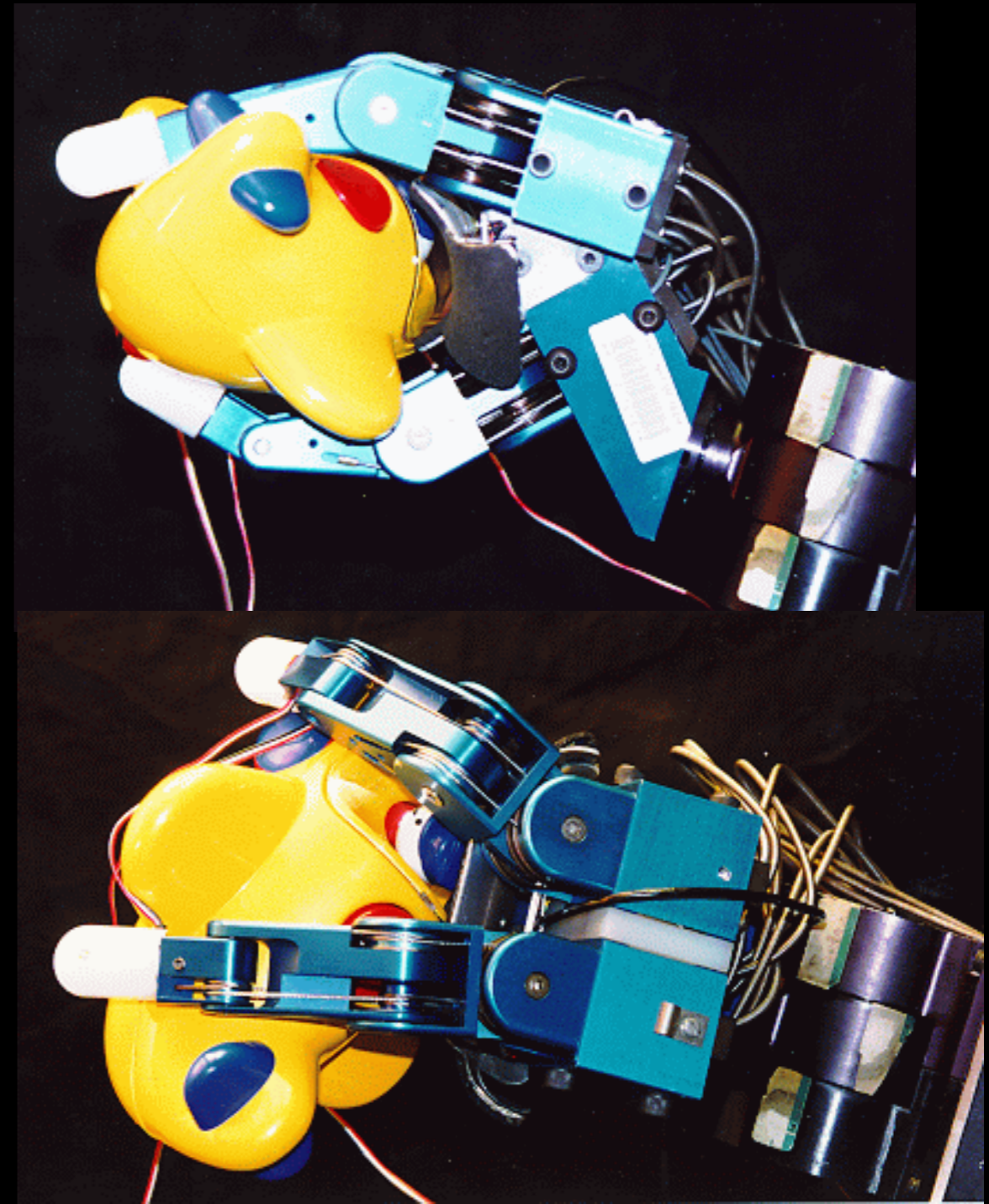
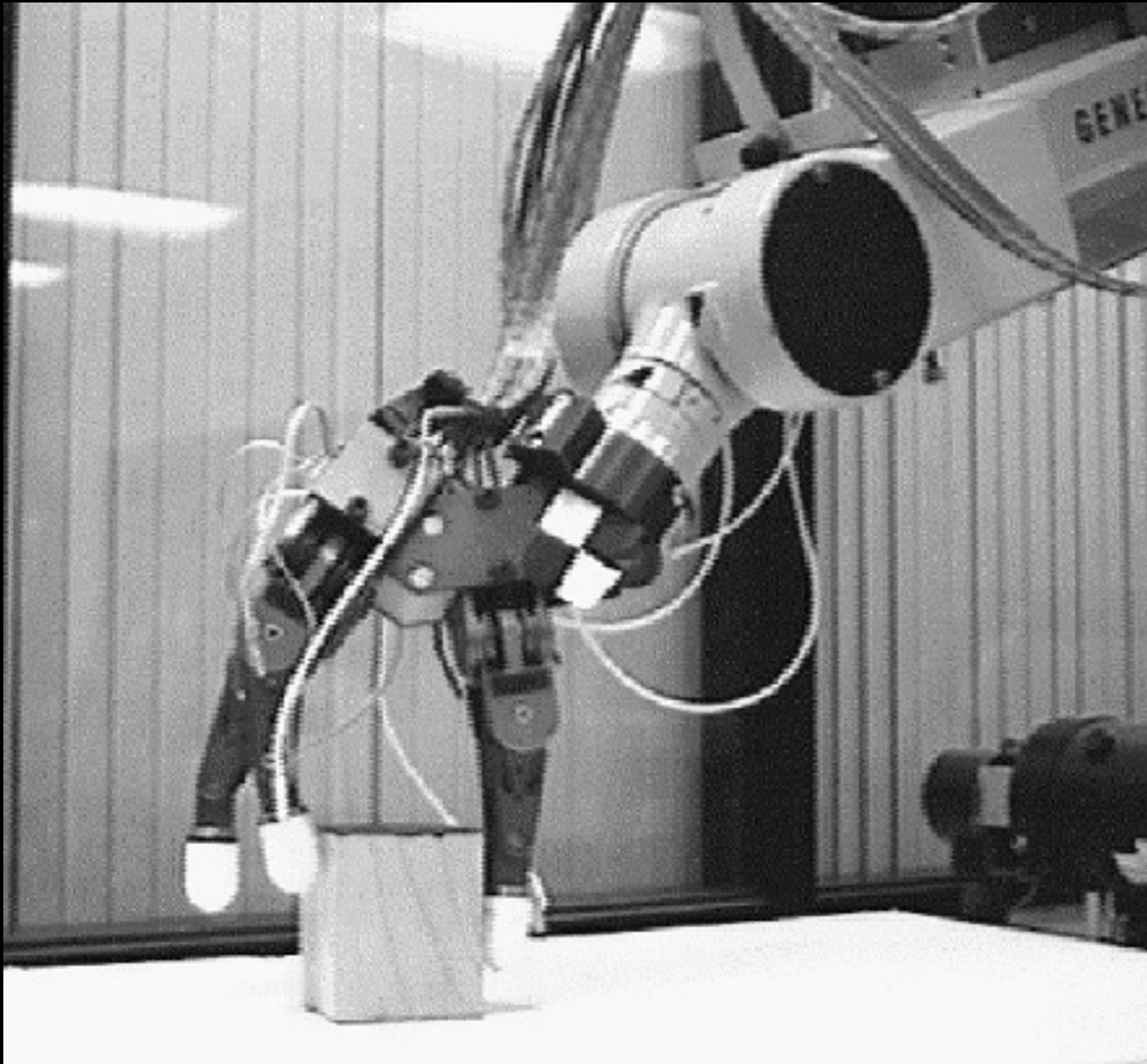


Pioneering effort – development of first prototypes after WWII
4DoF (1 for each pair of fingers, 2 for thumb)

Some adaptability (e.g., flex one finger in a pair if other stalls)

Hands of the 80' s

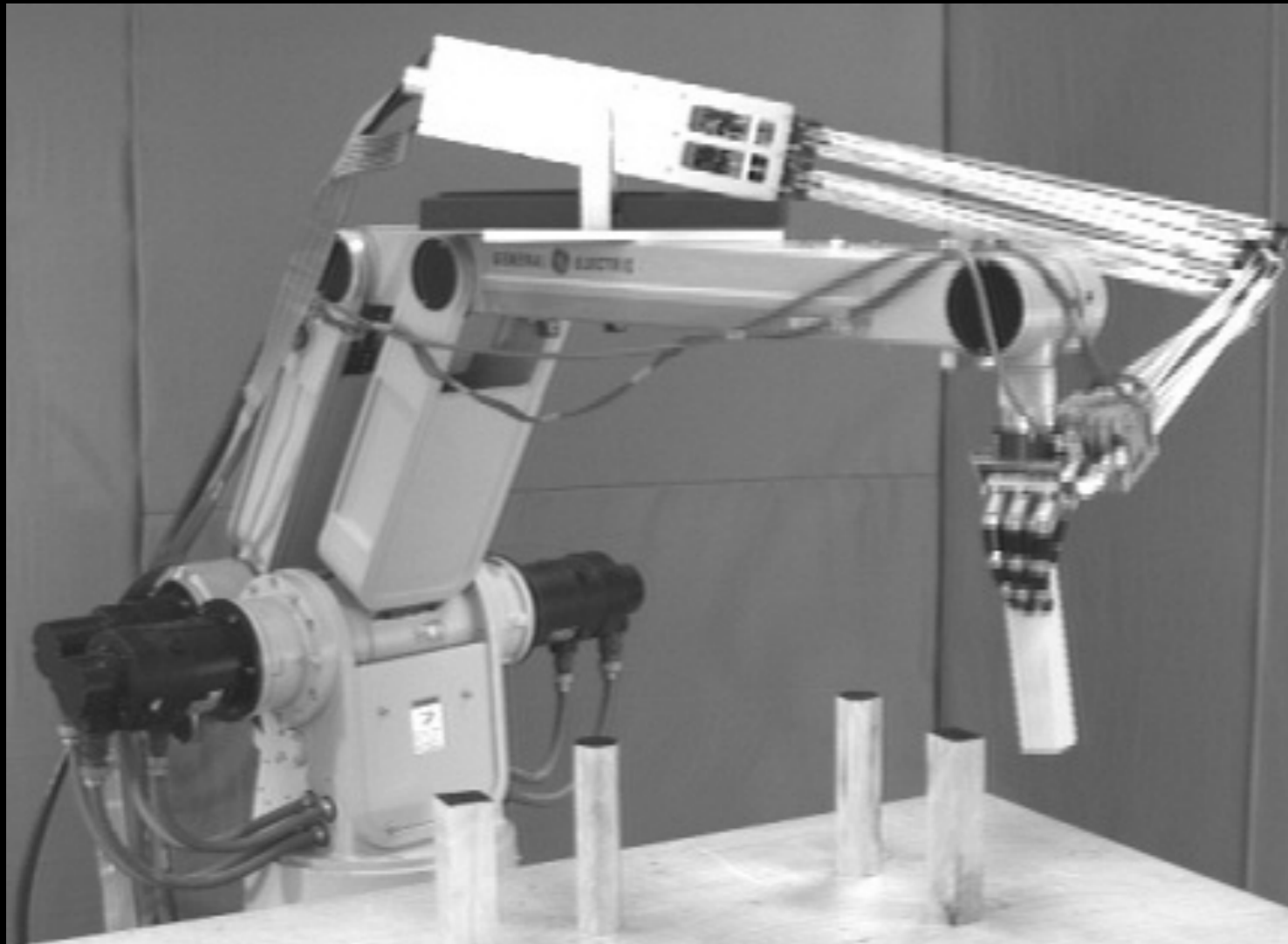
Stanford / JPL hand



9 DoF, 4 tendons/finger, designed for fingertip manipulation
Strain gauge fingertip sensors

Hands of the 80' s

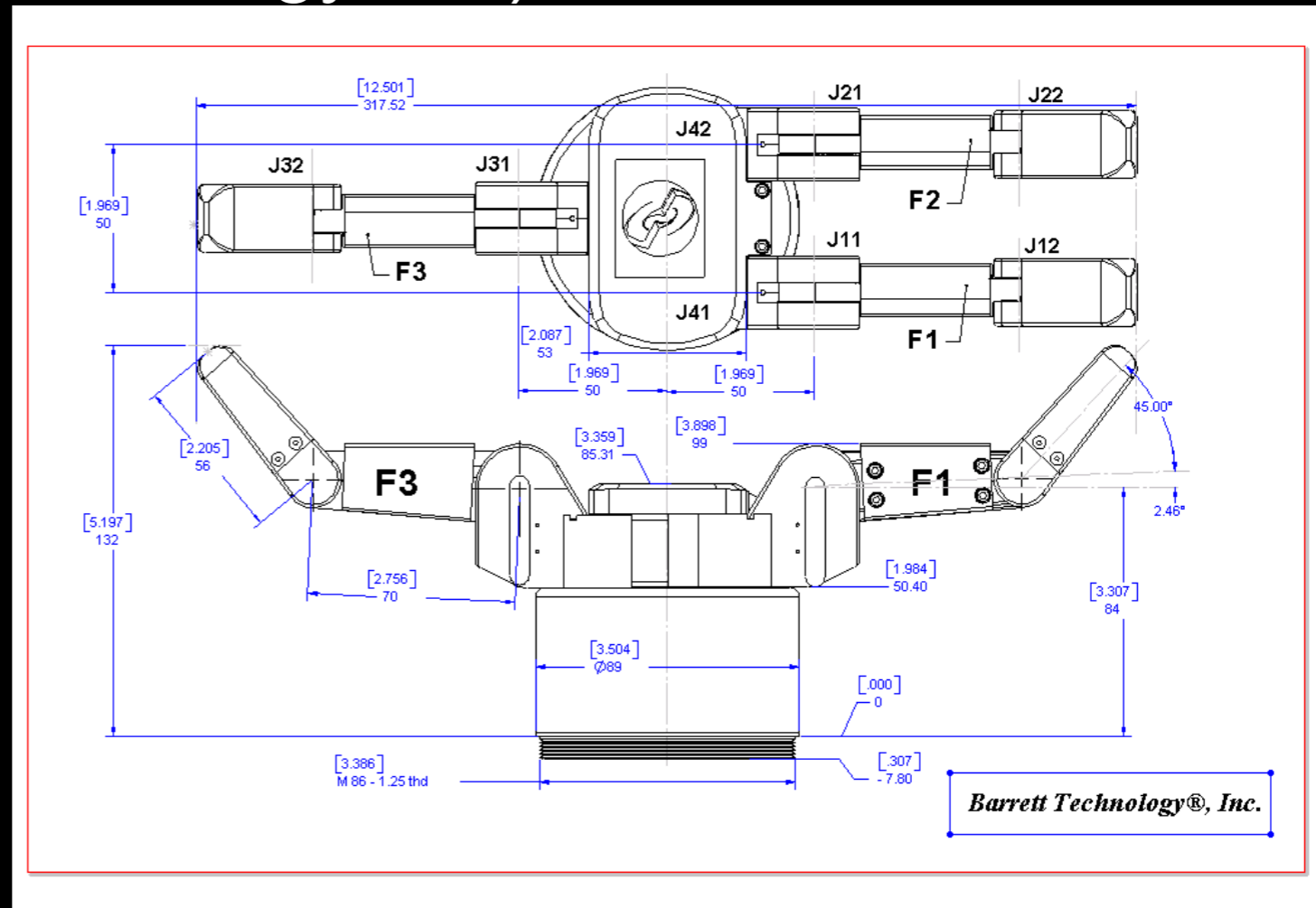
Utah / MIT hand



16 DoF, 32 tendons
position and tendon tension sensing (Hall effect)
7lb fingertip force (human level)
Complex tendon mounting scheme

Commercial Hands

Barrett hand (Barrett Technology, Inc)



~\$30K

4 motors: 1 per finger plus palm spread

breakaway clutch allows fingers to adapt to object geometry

optical encoder position sensing

3.3lb fingertip force

1.18kg weight

Commercial Hands

Gifu Hand (Kawasaki and Mouri, Gifu Univ. / sold by Dainichi)



~\$50K

16 controlled DoF (last two joints coupled except thumb)

pressure sensing, but no accurate position sensing

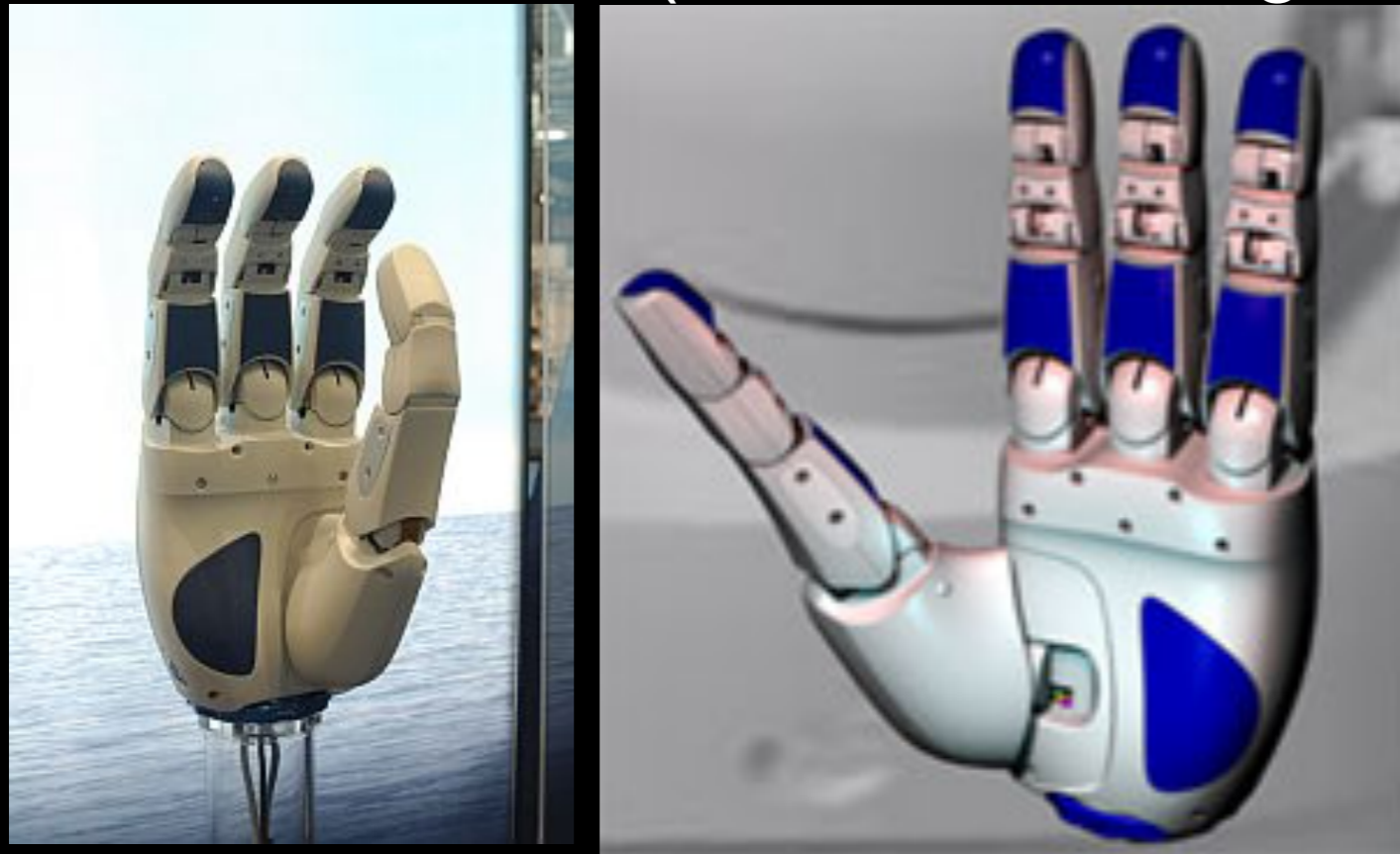
0.6 lb fingertip force

1.4kg weight

larger than human size

Commercial Hands

DLR / HIT hand (Gerhard Hirzinger, DLR / sold by Schunk)



~\$60K

13 controlled DoF (last two joints of each finger are coupled)

hall effect position sensors

1.5lb fingertip force

2.2kg weight

larger than human size

Commercial Hands

SVH Hand (Schunk)

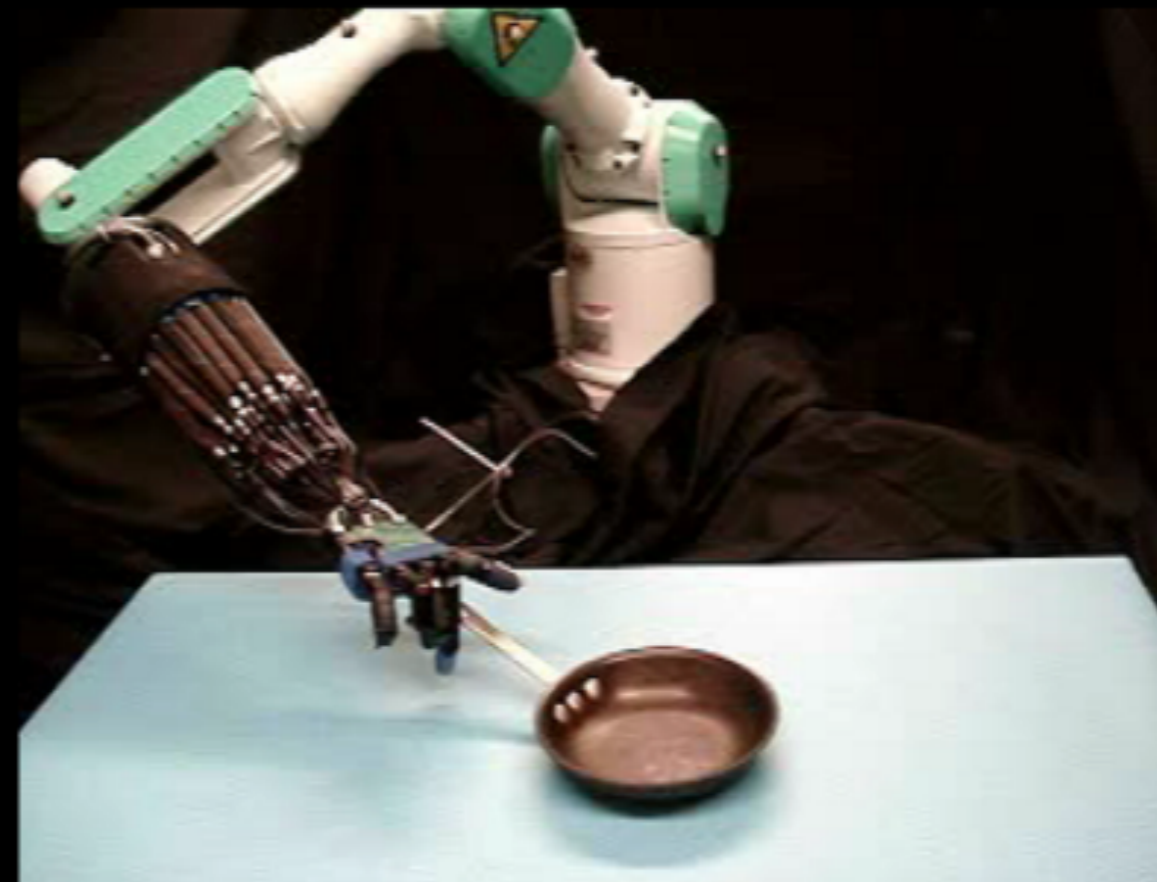
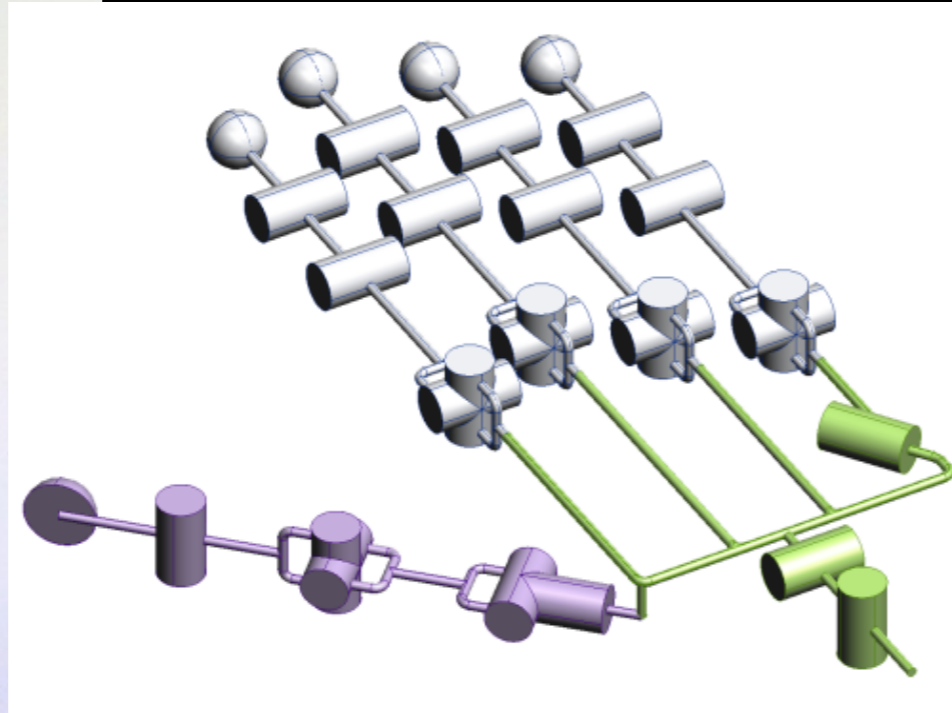
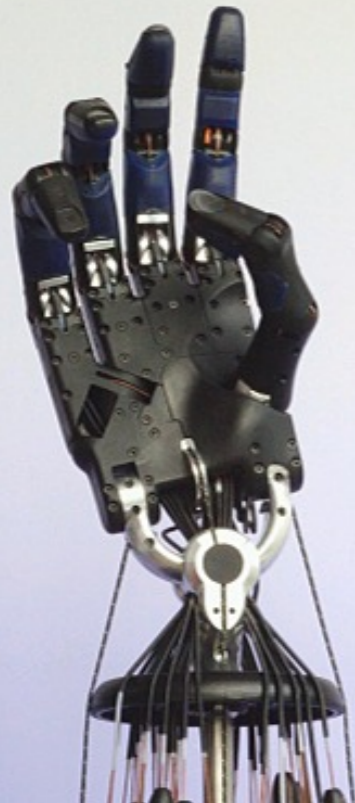
9DOF

(2 thumb, 2 index, 2 middle,
1 ring, 1 pinky, 1 spread)



Commercial Hands

Shadow hand (Shadow Robot Company)



working on highly backdrivable, low inertia electric motors
(electric artificial muscle)

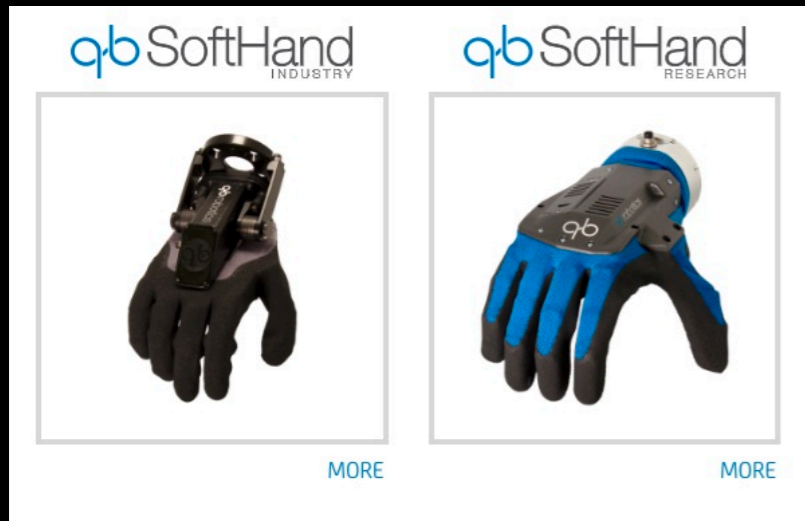
picked up by British MoD for research into bomb disposal
(e.g., for cutting wires)

 **Shadow**
ROBOT COMPANY



Commercial Hands

qbRobotics Soft Hand



5 fingers, 19 joints, 1 motor
created based on principle of synergy



Commercial Hands

qb SoftHand2 (2 active DoF)

qb SoftHand2 Research



DETAILS

SPECIFICATIONS

NORMATIVE
COMPLIANCE

- ✓ Flexible, Adaptive & Robust
- ✓ 19 anthropomorphic DOFs, two synergies, two motor
- ✓ Dislocatable, self-healing finger joints
- ✓ Different closure postures: precise pinchgrasp, in-hand manipulation, pointing finger
- ✓ Nominal payload 2kg (pinch configuration)
- ✓ Nominal payload 3kg (grasp configuration)
- ✓ From wide open to clenched fist in 1 s
- ✓ USB & RS485 interfaces
- ✓ ROS Compatible – [click here for more info](#)
- ✓ Weight: 0,94 kg
- ✓ Feedback: motor position and motor current

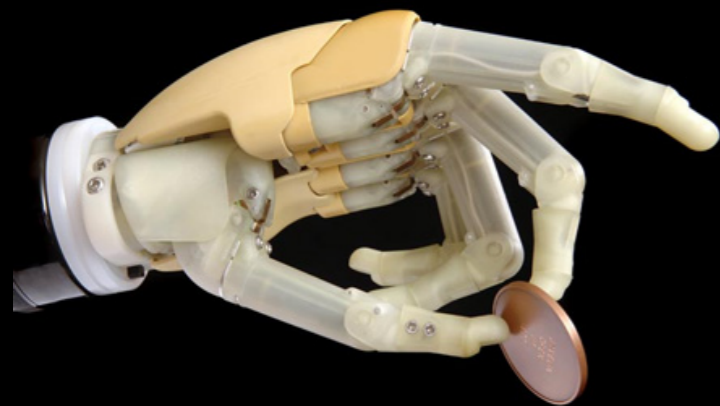
Commercial Hands

qb SoftHand2 (2 active DoF)



Prosthetic Hands

iLimb (Touch Bionics)

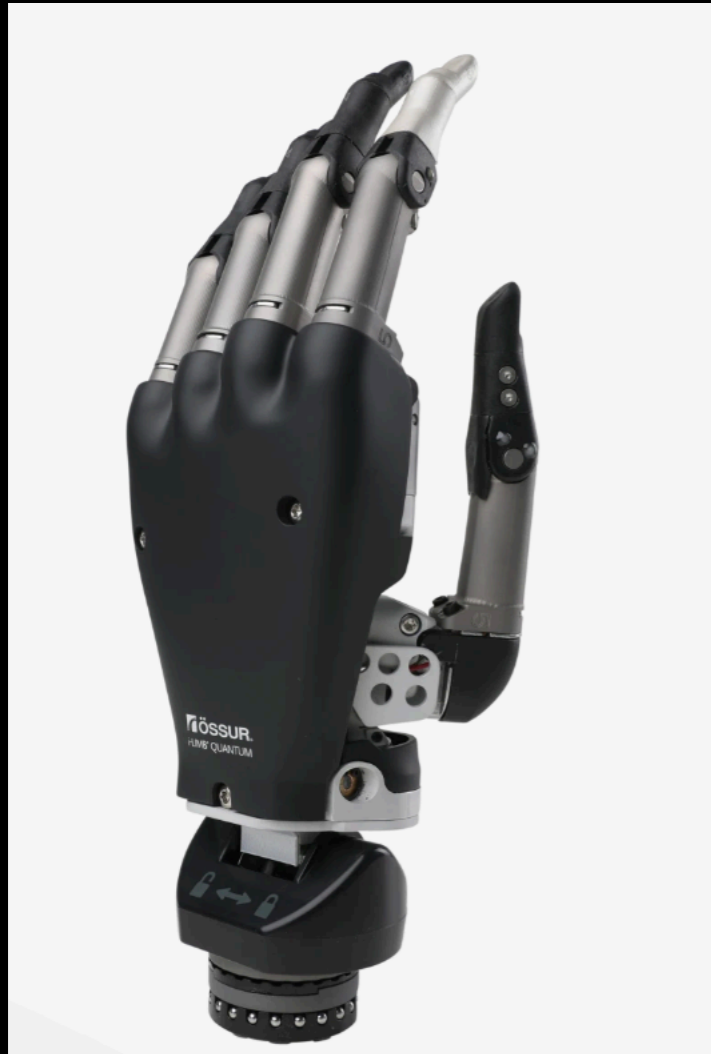


~\$18K

5 motors driven from single muscle signal
thumb preshape for power, precision, key grip
motors stall individually for adaptive pose
in use by >250 people

Prosthetic Hands

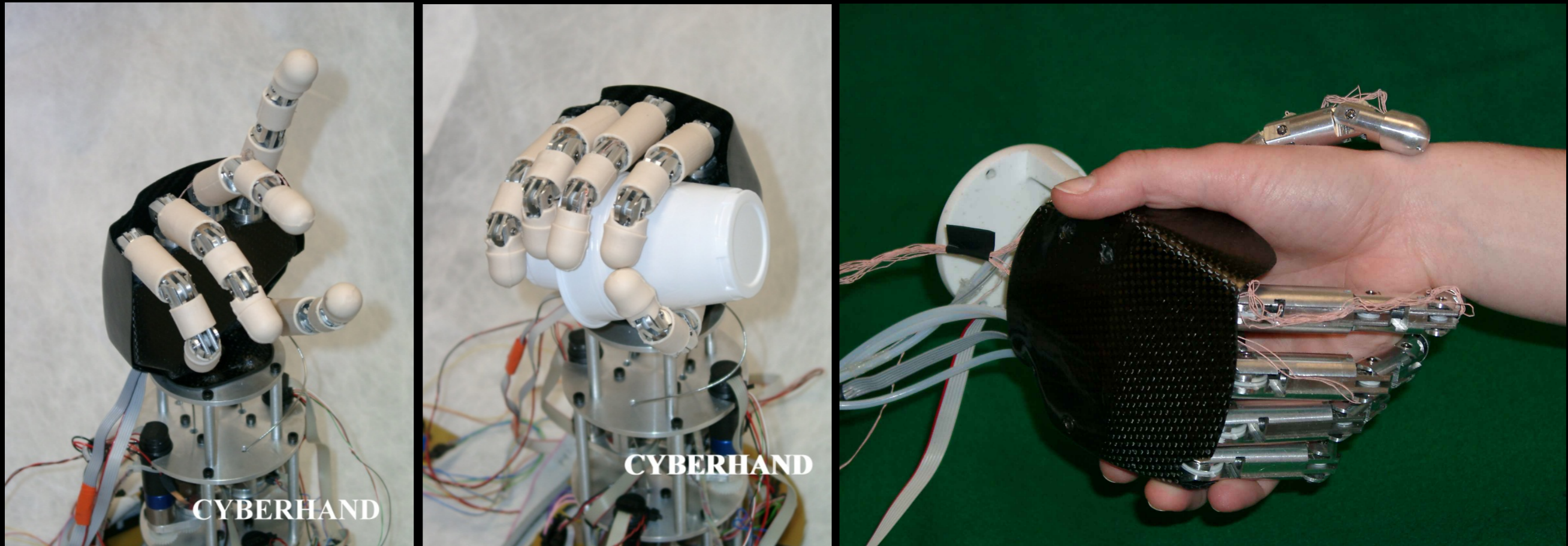
iLimb Quantum



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=haYCR0wqSk8>

Prosthetic Hands

Cyberhand (Maria Carrozza, Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna)



6 motors control 16 joints, cable driven
designed for prosthetic applications; preshape/close to force
sensors: position, cable force, fingertip force, tactile array
3.3 lb fingertip force, closes in 3 seconds
0.45Kg weight (not including forearm motors)

Prosthetic Hands

COVI hand



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x1BCoj2W31o>

Prosthetic Hands

Psyonic Ability Hand



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uICU5Qoldyo&t=222s>



Prosthetic Hands



DEKA Luke Hand and JHU MPL Hand

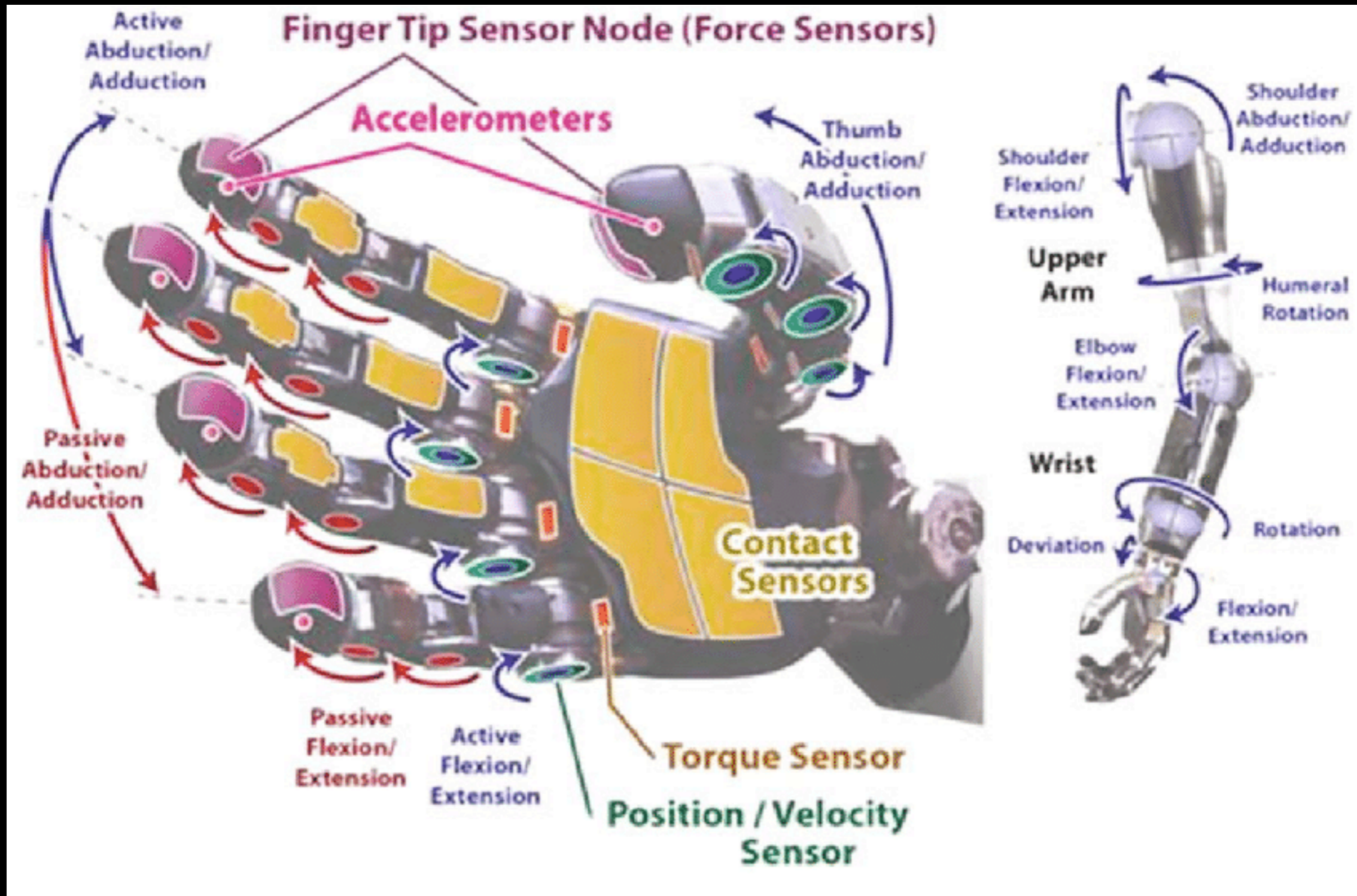


60
MINUTES

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nvd5rUemZsE>

Prosthetic Hands

MPL Hand



Research Hands

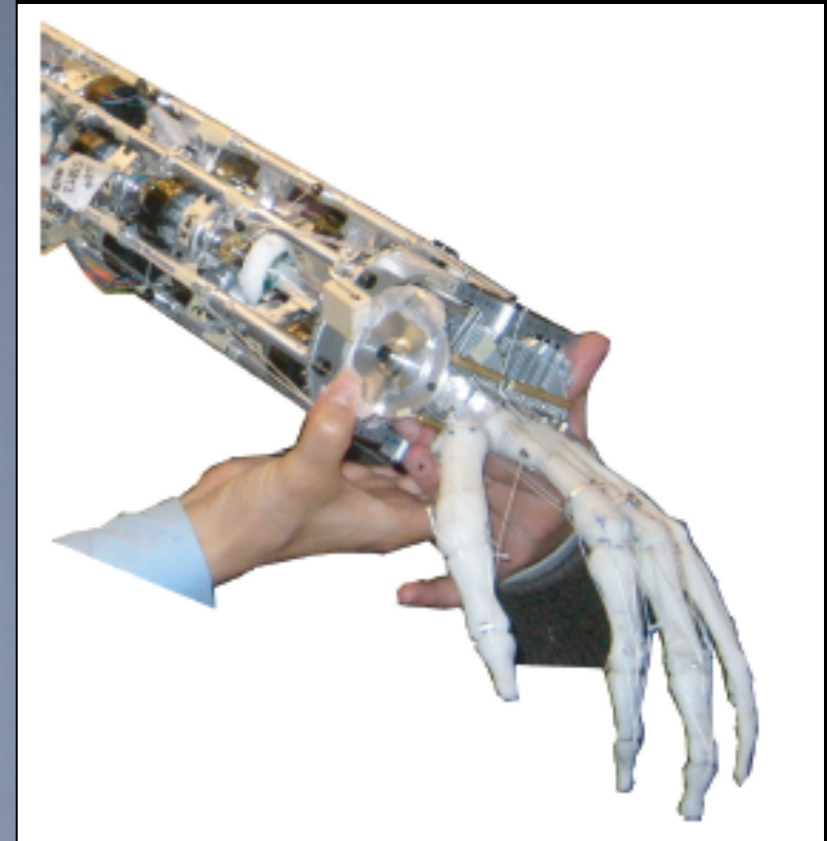
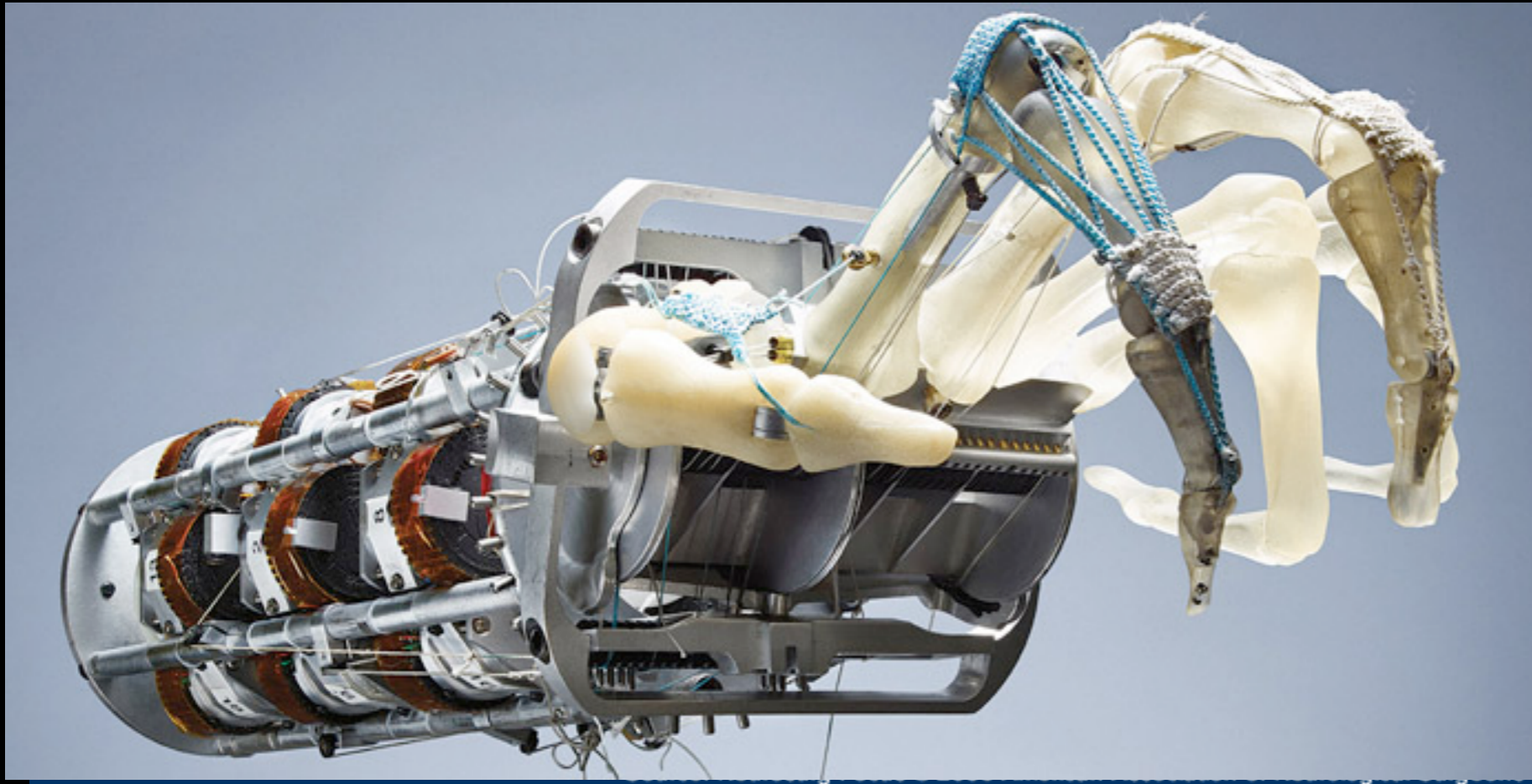
Robonaut hand (Robert Ambrose and colleagues, NASA)



14 controlled DoF (including wrist)
motors in forearm
tactile sensing glove designs with FSR and QTC elements
last two fingers mount at an angle and rotate at CMC joint
successful teleoperation of many complex manipulation tasks

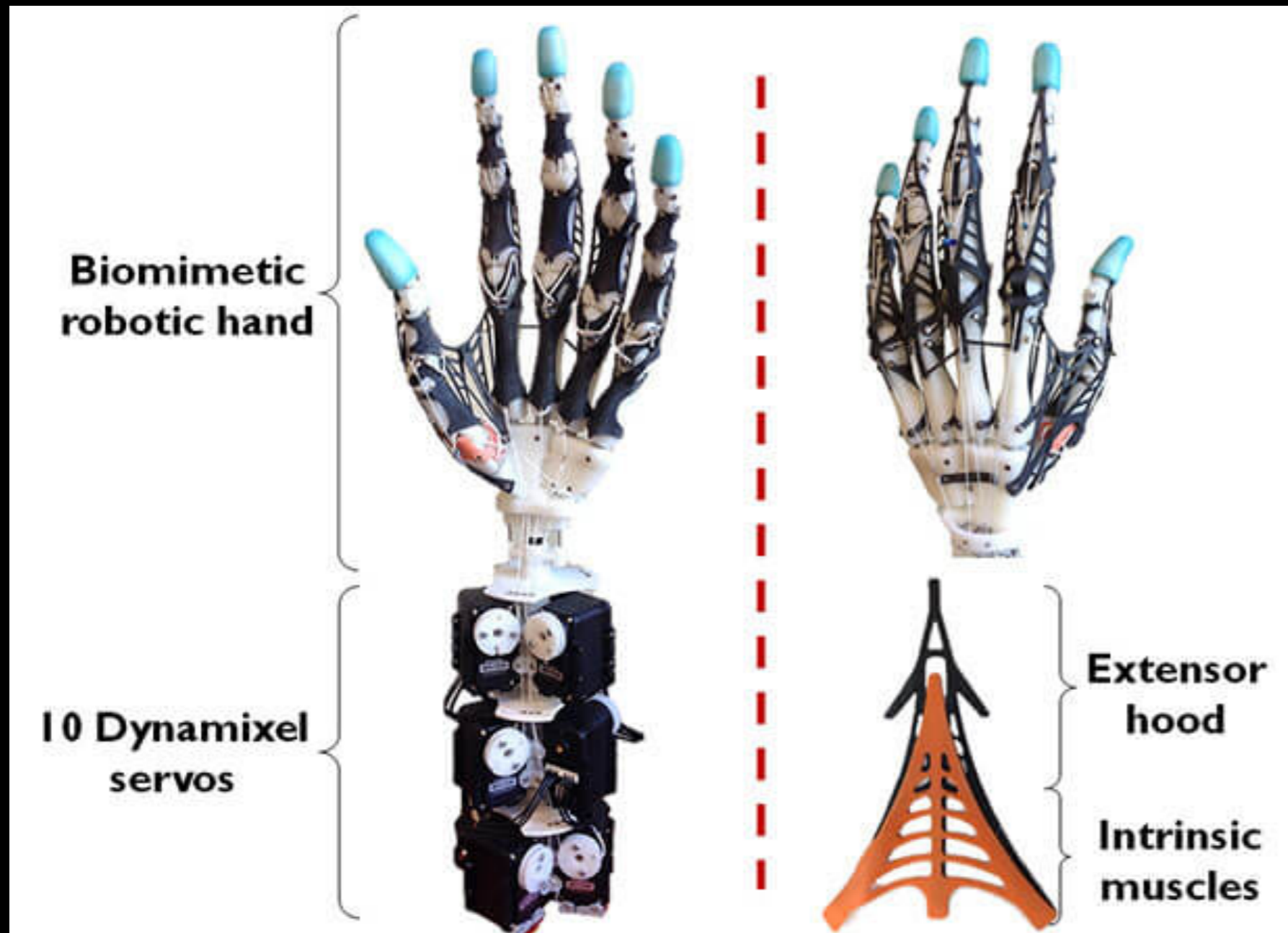
Research Hands

ACT Hand (Yoky Matsuoka, University of Washington)



3 fully actuated fingers with human musculoskeletal structure
(redundant actuation)
passive and active dynamics consistent with human hand
goal: study human control of hand movements

Research Hands



Xu and Todorov Hand

Research Hands

Deimel and Brock Hand



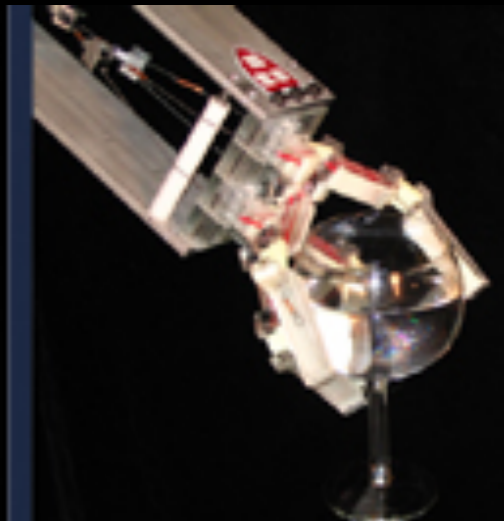
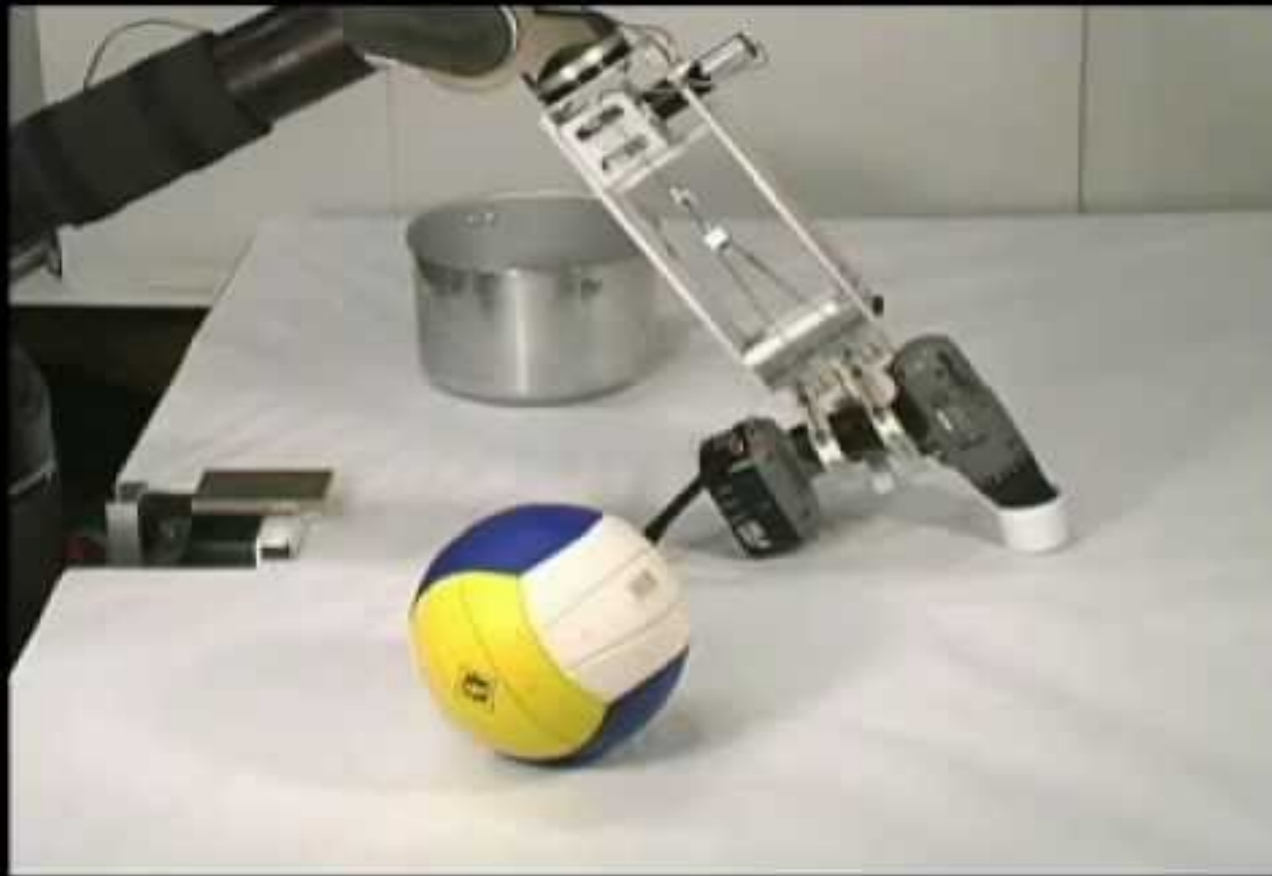
Raphael Deimel and Oliver Brock. A Novel Type of Compliant and Underactuated Robotic Hand for Dexterous Grasping. International Journal of Robotics Research 2015.

The Maker Movement

- 3D printing
- Soft hand technologies
- Anyone can make a hand?

Early Research

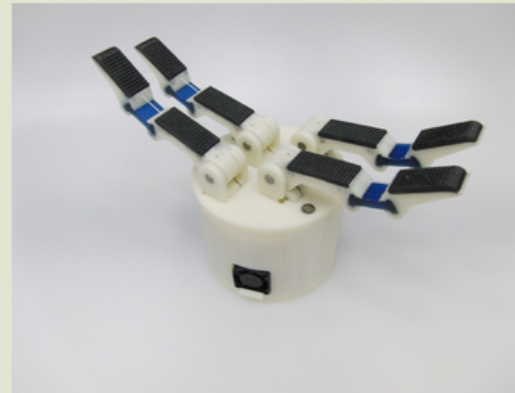
SDM hand (Aaron Dollar and Robert Howe, Harvard)



single controlled DoF for 8 joints
compliant joints and fingerpads
shape deposition manufacturing
embedded sensors (hall effect position, optical contact force)
robust, lightweight, inexpensive

Yale OpenHand Project

Hand Designs



Model T

[About](#) - [Performance](#) - [Build](#)

Based on the original [SDM Hand](#), the [Model T](#) is the OpenHand Project's first released hand design, initially introduced at ICRA 2013. The four underactuated fingers are differentially coupled through a floating pulley tree, allowing for equal force output on all finger contacts.



Model T42

[About](#) - [Performance](#) - [Build](#)

A more dexterous alternative to the Model T, the [Model T42](#) incorporates two underactuated, flexure-based fingers, each driven independently by either a Dynamixel or hobby servo. This type of hand has been shown to be adept at both in-hand manipulation and precision grasping.



Model O

[About](#) - [Performance](#) - [Build](#)

Based on our lab's work with iRobot and Harvard on the [iHY hand](#), which won the [DARPA ARM program](#), the [Model O](#) replicates the hand topology common to several commercial hands, including ones from Barrett, Robotiq, and Schunk (among others). A commercial version of this hand is currently for sale by [RightHand Robotics](#).



Model M2

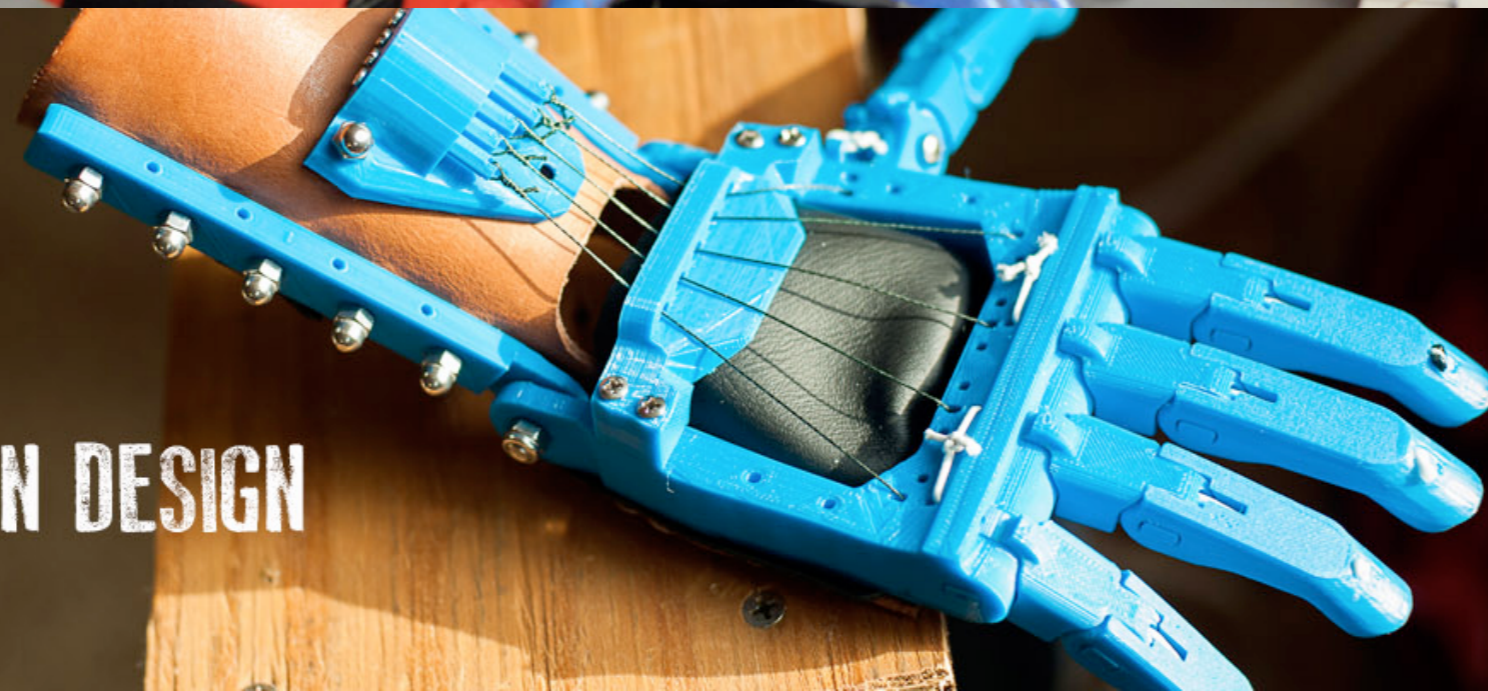
[About](#) - [Performance](#) - [Build](#)

The Multi-Modality ([M2](#)) gripper employs a single underactuated finger driven by both agonist and antagonist tendons, as well as a modular thumb that can be swapped out for different tasks. The actuated finger may exhibit either underactuated or fully-actuated behaviors, depending on the actuation scheme. A single-actuator version (Model M) is also available as a minimalist design alternative.

enablingthefuture.org



RAPTOR DESIGN



TALON DESIGN

<http://enablingthefuture.org/upper-limb-prosthetics/>

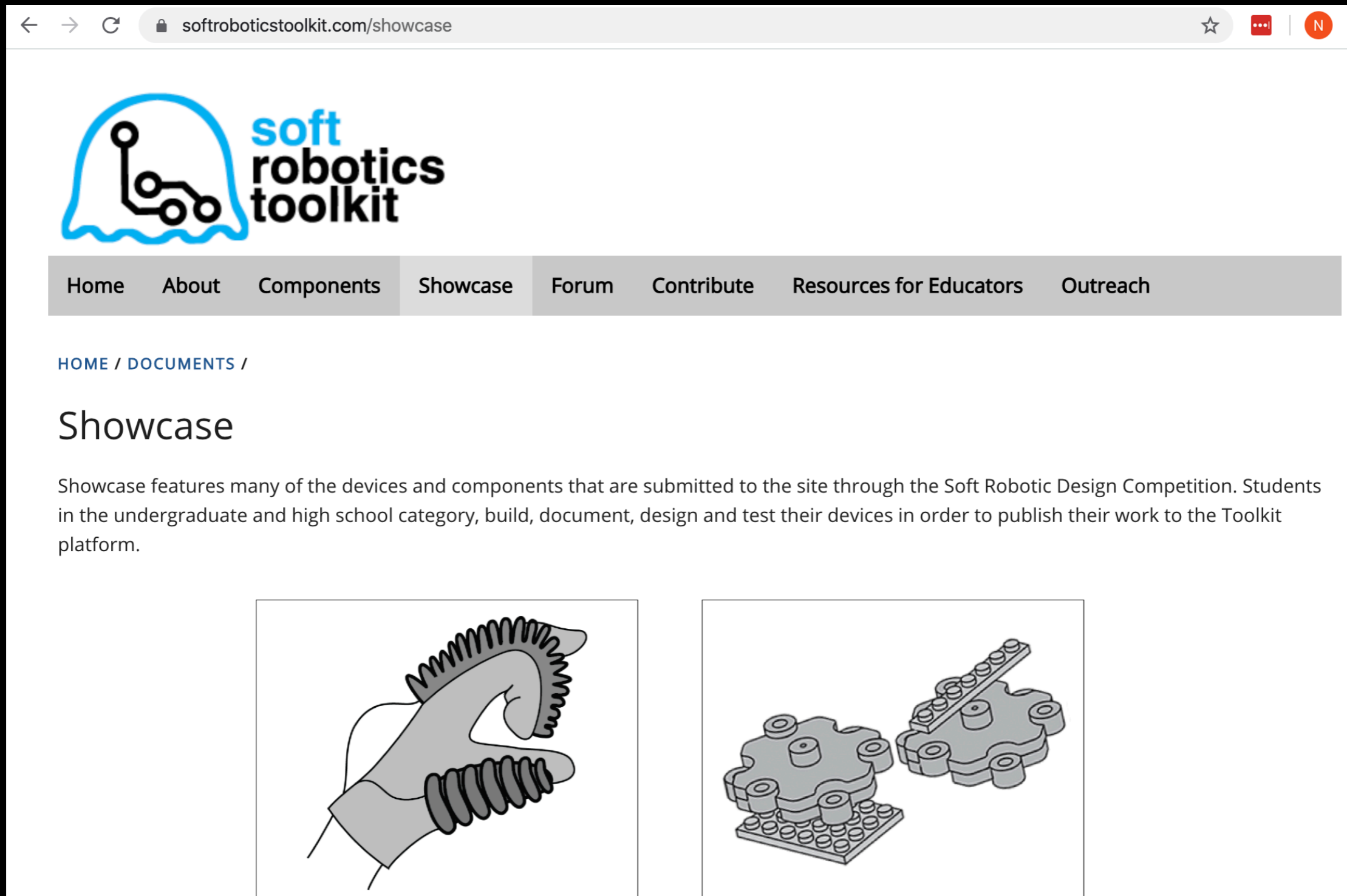
Concurrent Soft Technology Development

Universal Gripper, University of Chicago




Soft Technology Development

Silicone pneumatic technologies



← → ↻ softroboticstoolkit.com/showcase ☆ | N

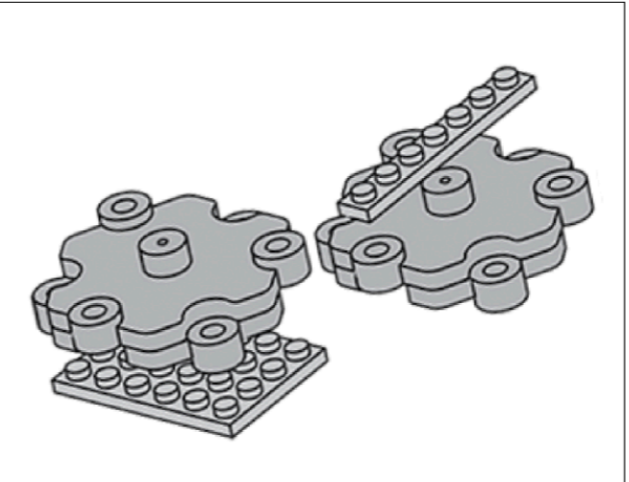
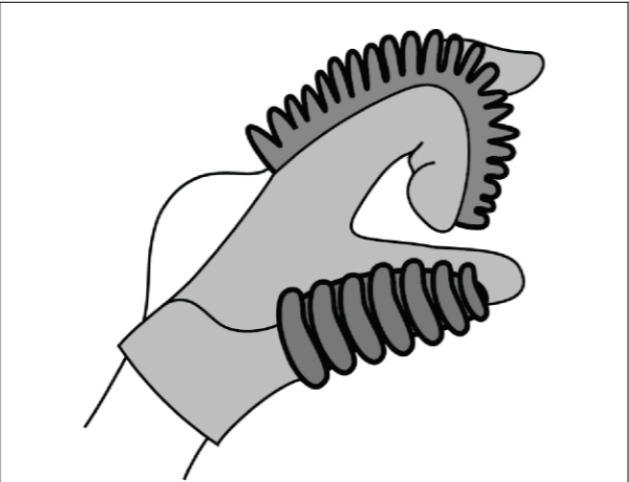


Home About Components Showcase Forum Contribute Resources for Educators Outreach

HOME / DOCUMENTS /

Showcase

Showcase features many of the devices and components that are submitted to the site through the Soft Robotic Design Competition. Students in the undergraduate and high school category, build, document, design and test their devices in order to publish their work to the Toolkit platform.



In this class:

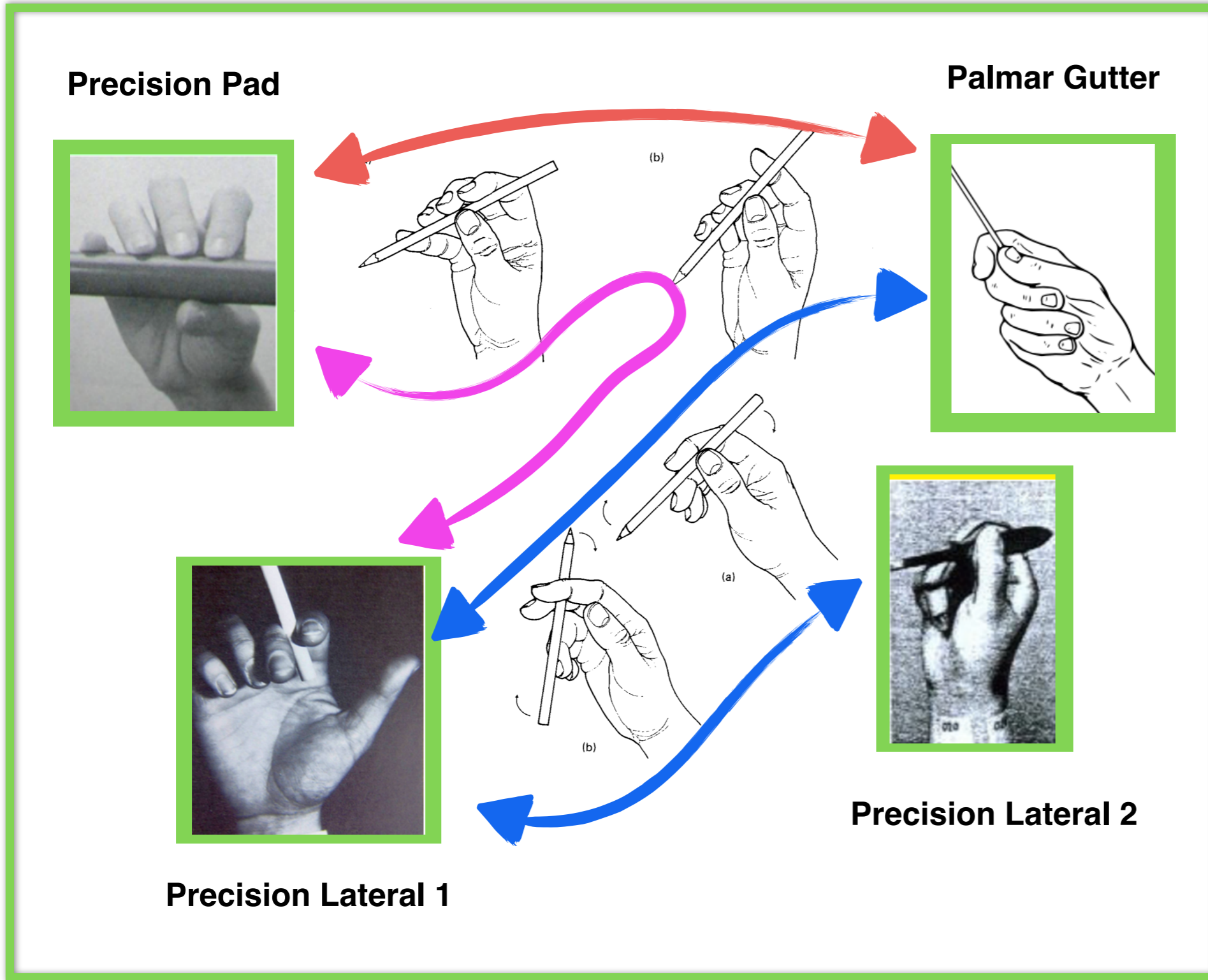
- We will study human, robot, and graphical / virtual hands
- Attempt to understand where there are gaps between the dexterity we have and the dexterity we want
- Discuss how can we can close these gaps

What is needed?

- Sensing
- Hand shape
- Joint limits
- Compliance
- Control (reflexes?)
- Learning
- Design for specific tasks
- Data!
- New teleoperation interfaces

Some specific questions we
are asking

Is there a small family of grasps and manipulation actions that we use for dexterous manipulation?



Applications:

- realistic animation
- dexterous robots
- prosthetics design

How can we custom design robot hands to perform specific dexterous tasks?



Applications:

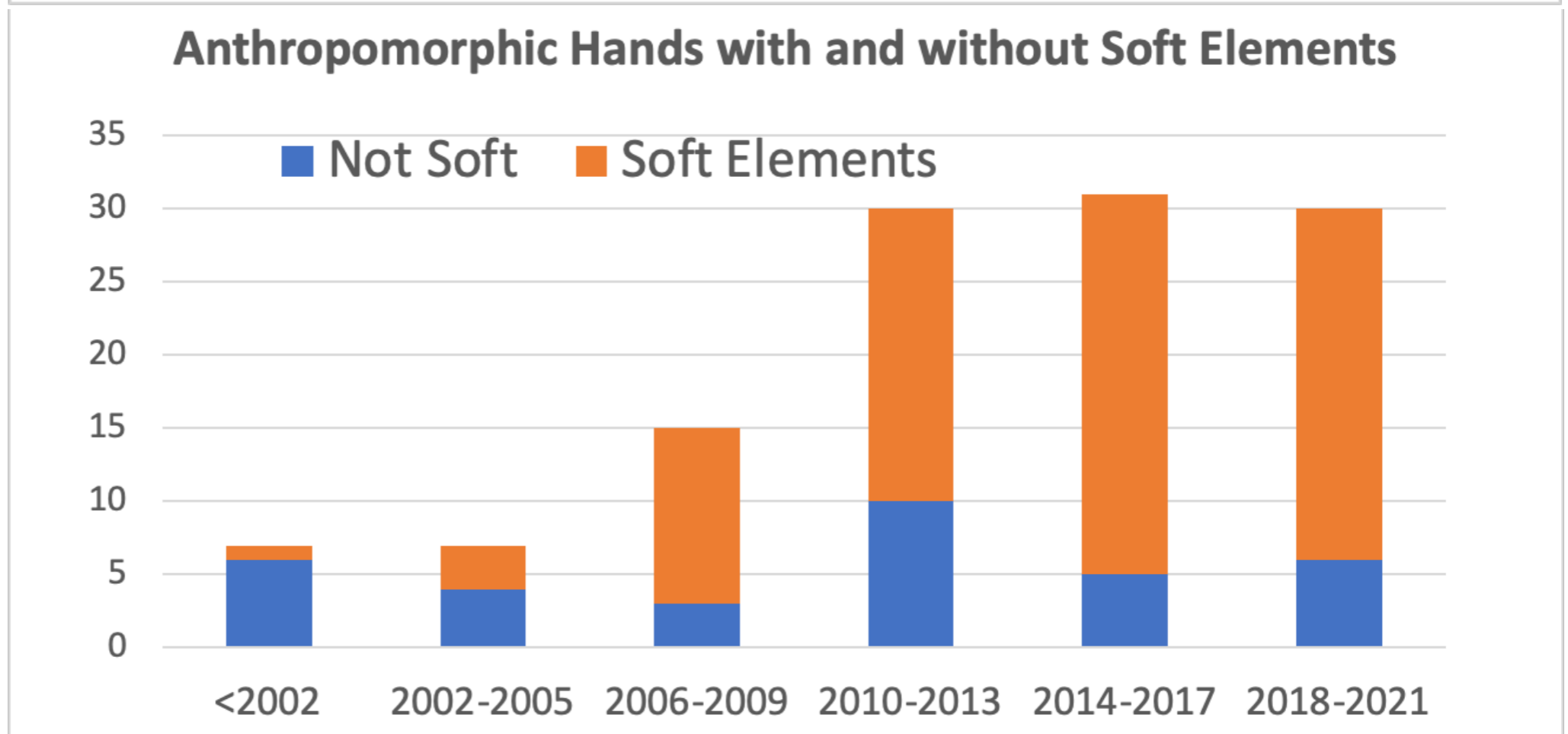
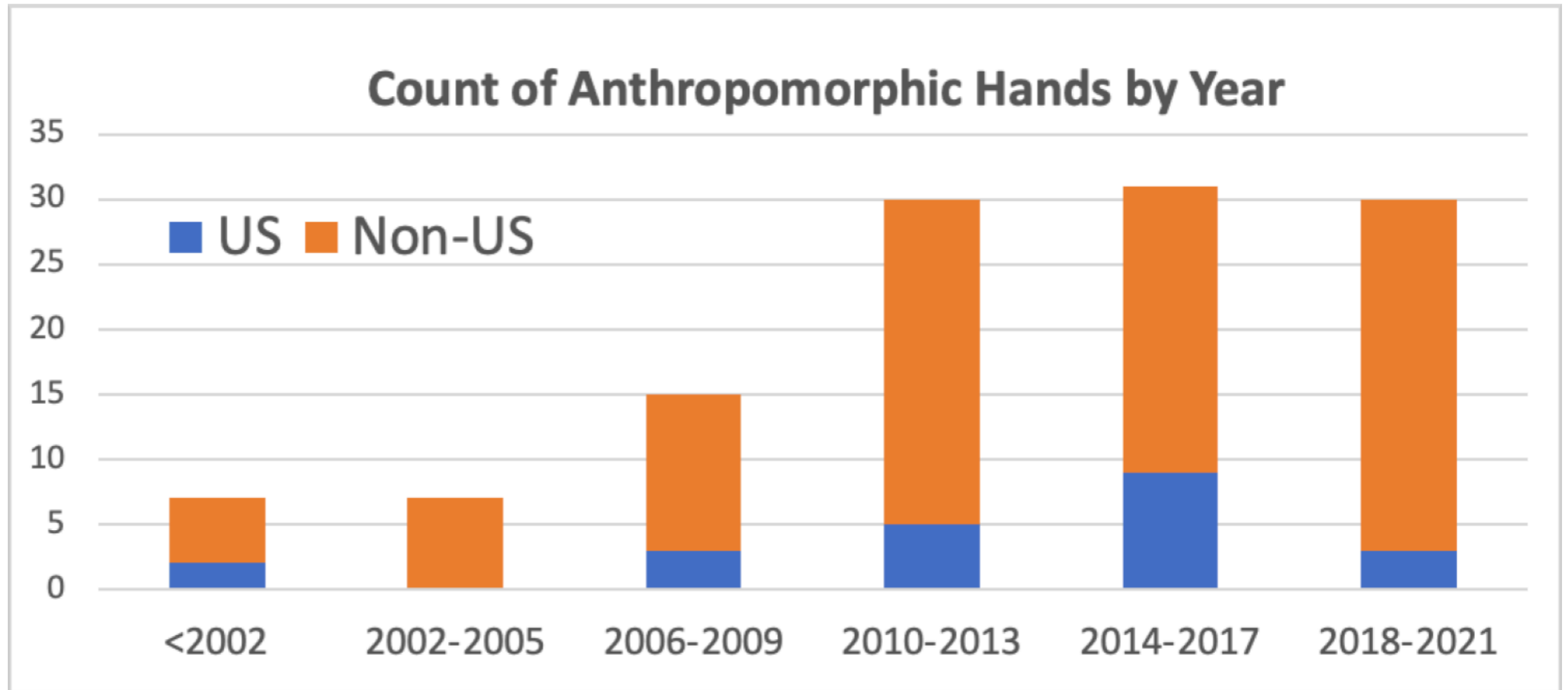
- crop picking
- manufacturing
- bin picking
- personal assistants
- prosthetics
- and many more!

Nancy Pollard

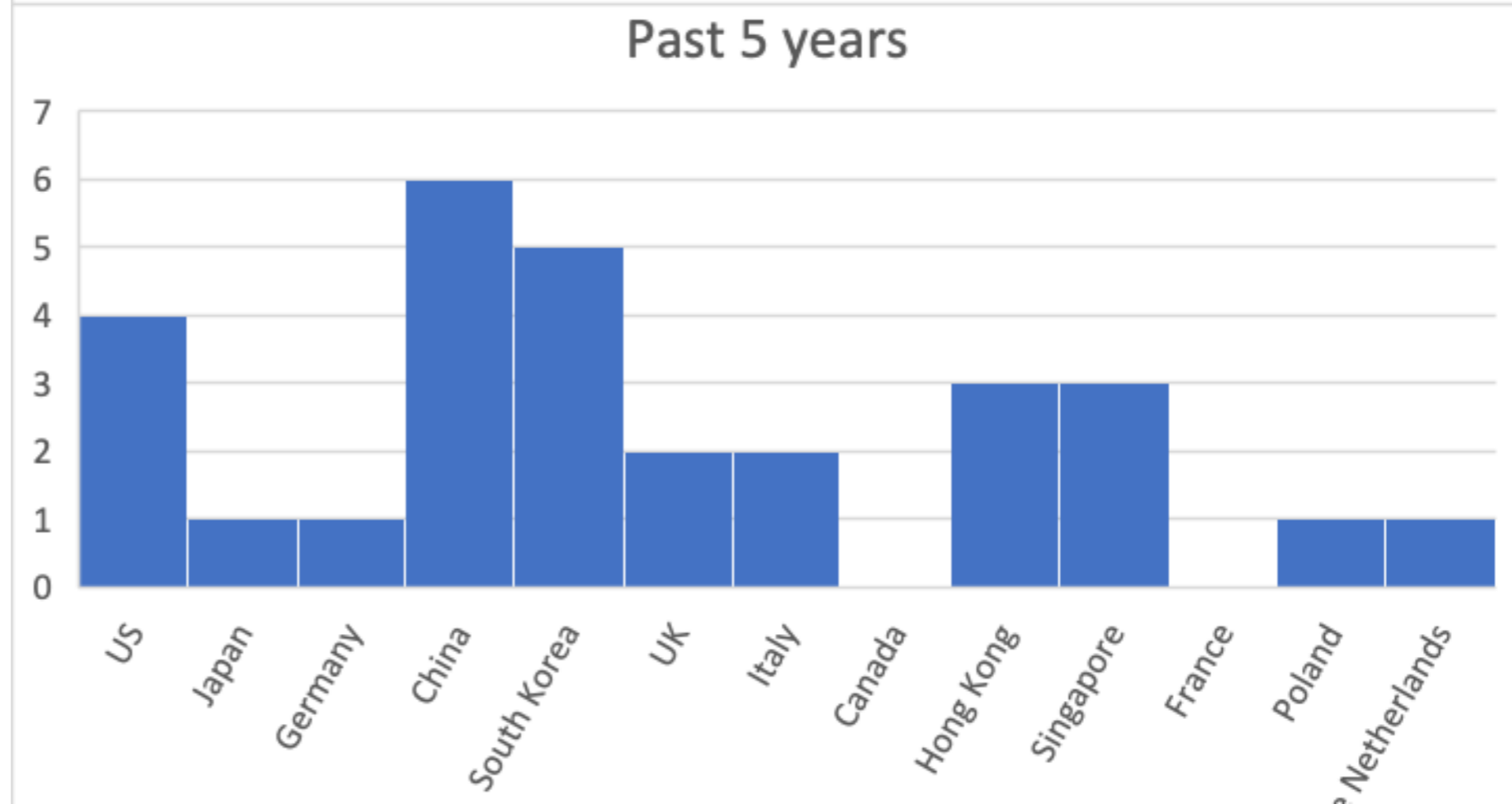
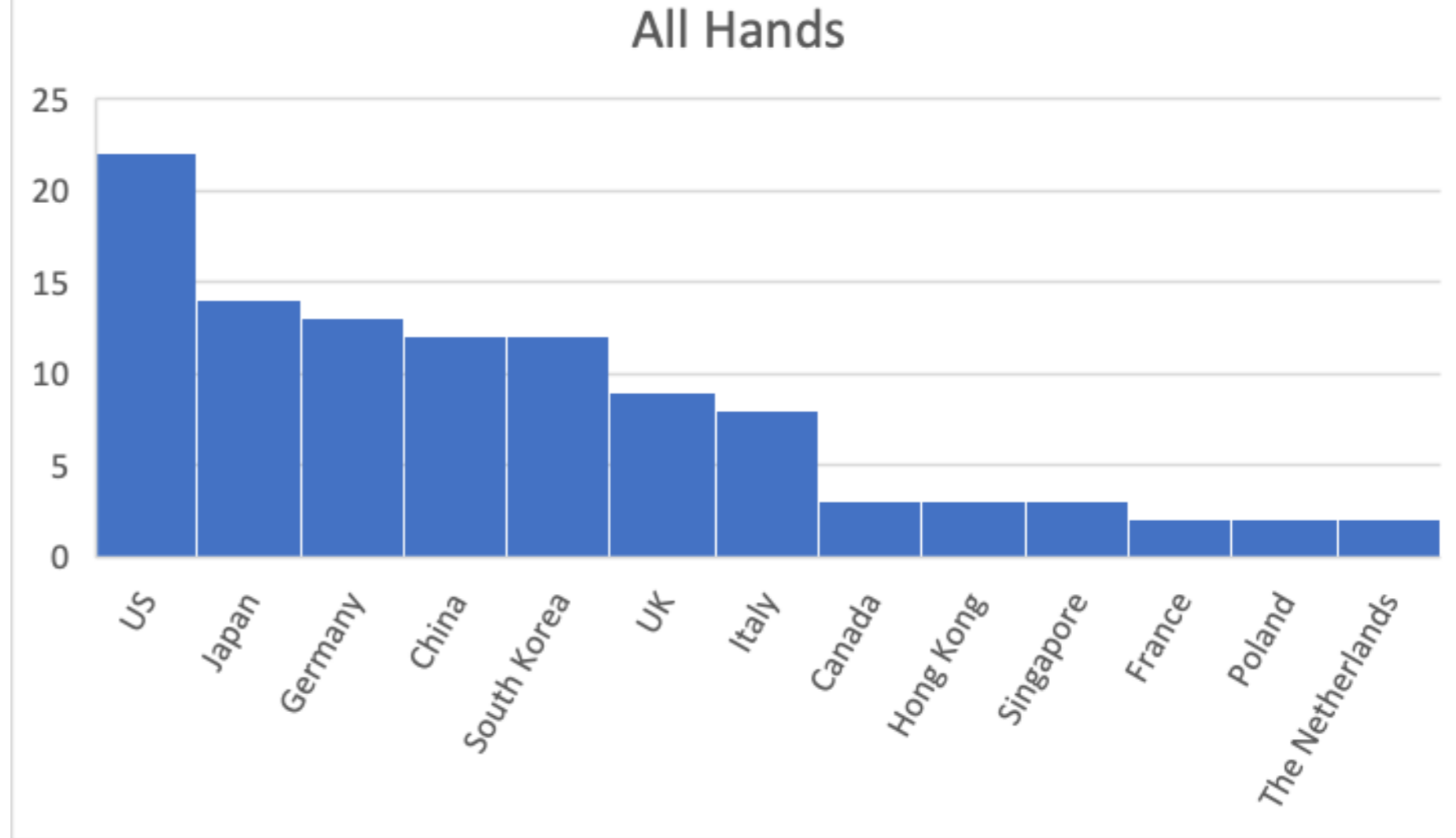
My Side Project:

Name		Year	Country	Fingers	Soft?	DoF	Actuators	Prosthetic	OpenSource
Belgrade prosthetic hand		1964	Serbia	5	N	2	1		
Utah/MIT		1986	US	4	N		16	N	Y
Toshiba hand		1993	China	4	N	16	16	N	
Robonaut Hand		1999	US	5	N	22	14	N	
Southampton-Remedi hand		2000	UK	5	N	6	6	Y	
Ultralight Anthropomorphic Hand		2001	Germany	5	SoftJoints	18	13	N	N
TBM Hand (Toronto/BloorviewMacMillan)		2001	Canada		N	6	1	N	
Gifu Hand		2002	Japan	5	N	20	16	N	Y
RCH-1		2004	Italy / Japan	5	N	16	6	N	N

My Side Project:



My Side Project:



Expectations for this course

- One hour of prereading or independent research per class
- Active participation in discussions etc.
- Grades:
 - 10% Participation / contributions to class
 - 30% One in-class research presentation
 - 60% Final project

Assignment 0

- 3 topic / paper requests to me by Wednesday, Jan24th!