

# **Model Reduction**

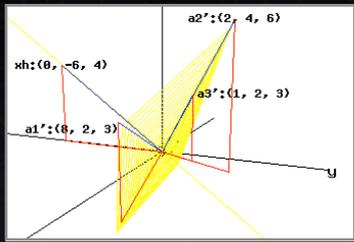
**Adrien Treuille**

# Example

Vertices: 3321  
Triangles: 6638



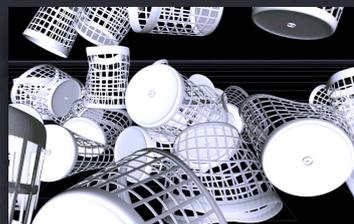
# Overview



General Model Reduction



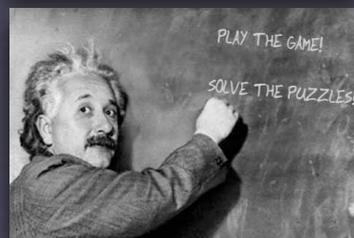
Model Reduction of Fluids



Model Reduction of Deformable Solids

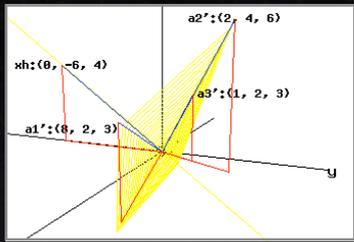


Coupling



Questions

# Overview



General Model Reduction



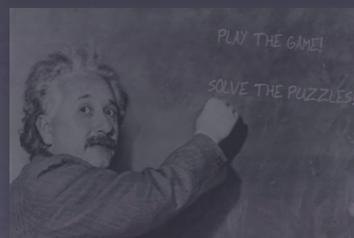
Model Reduction of Fluids



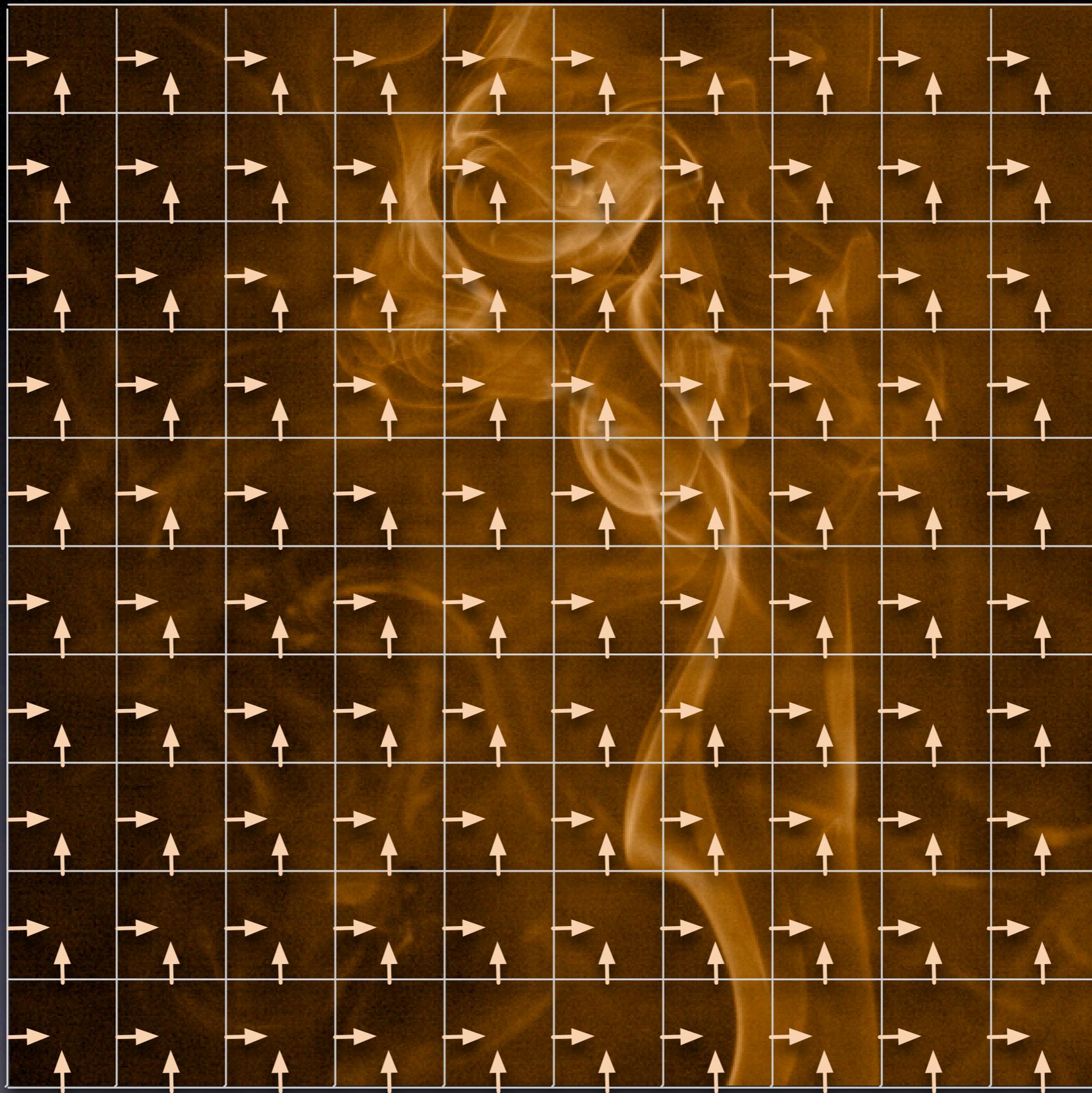
Model Reduction of Deformable Solids



Coupling



Questions



# Full Space

$$\mathbf{u} \in \mathbf{R}^n$$

$n \approx 3,000,000$

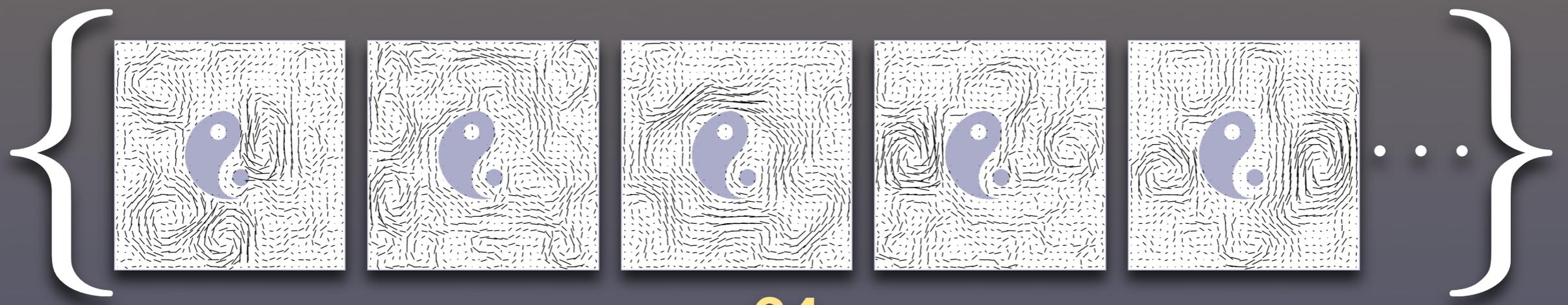
$$\underline{B}^T \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{r}$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \underline{B} \mathbf{r}$$

# Reduced Space

$$\mathbf{r} \in \mathbf{R}^m$$

$m \approx 64$



... 64 ...

## Full Space

$$\mathbf{u} \in \mathbf{R}^n$$

$$n \approx 3,000,000$$

$$\underline{B^T} \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{r}$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \underline{B} \mathbf{r}$$

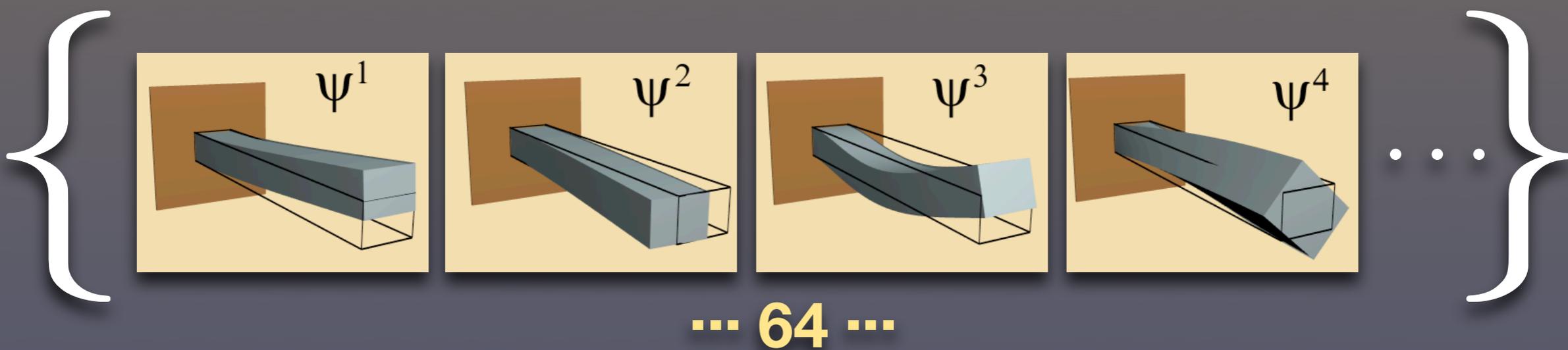
## Reduced Space

$$\mathbf{r} \in \mathbf{R}^m$$

$$m \approx 64$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{u}} = F(\mathbf{u})$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{r}} = \hat{F}(r)$$



**Full Space**

$$\mathbf{u} \in \mathbf{R}^n$$

$$n \approx 3,000,000$$

$$B^T \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{r}$$

$$\mathbf{u} = B\mathbf{r}$$

**Reduced Space**

$$\mathbf{r} \in \mathbf{R}^m$$

$$m \approx 64$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{u}} = F(\mathbf{u})$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{r}} = \hat{F}(r)$$

**How?**  
(Blackboard)

## Full Space

$$\mathbf{u} \in \mathbf{R}^n$$

$$n \approx 3,000,000$$

## Reduced Space

$$\mathbf{r} \in \mathbf{R}^m$$

$$m \approx 64$$

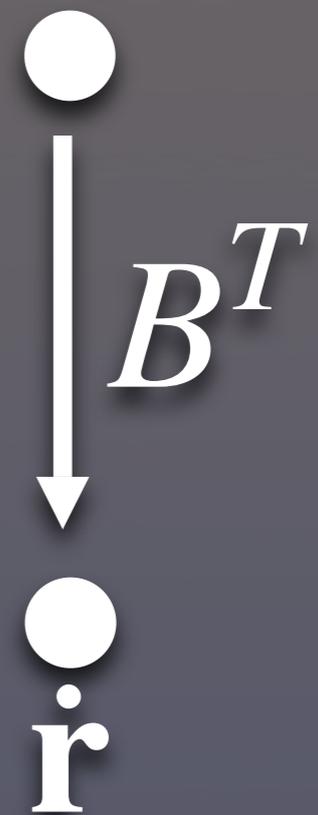
$$\dot{\mathbf{u}} = F(\mathbf{u})$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{r}} = \hat{F}(\mathbf{r})$$

Full



$F$



Reduced



$$\hat{F} = B^T \circ F \circ B$$

**Full**



**Reduced**

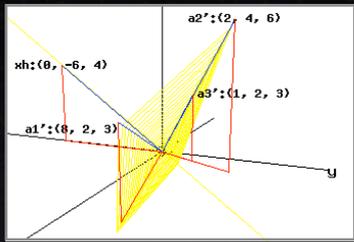
$$\hat{F} = B^T \circ F \circ B$$

Example:

If:  $F(\mathbf{u}) = M\mathbf{u}$

Then:  $\hat{F}(\mathbf{r}) = \underbrace{B^T M B}_{\text{precompute}} \mathbf{r} = \hat{M} \mathbf{r}$

# Overview



General Model Reduction



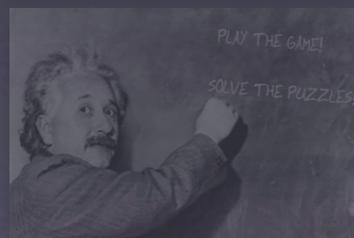
Model Reduction of Fluids



Model Reduction of Deformable Solids

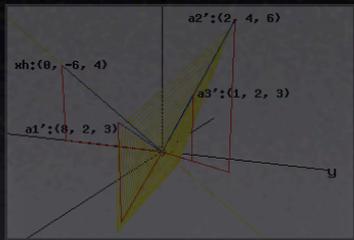


Coupling



Questions

# Overview



General Model Reduction



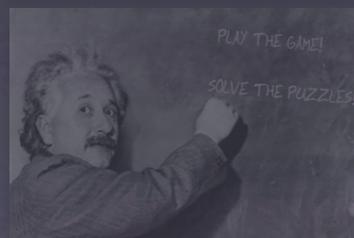
Model Reduction of Fluids



Model Reduction of Deformable Solids



Coupling



Questions

$$\dot{\mathbf{u}} = \underbrace{-\left(\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla\right) \mathbf{u}}_{\text{Advection}} - \underbrace{\nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{u}}_{\text{Diffusion}} + \underbrace{\nabla p}_{\text{Projection}} + \underbrace{\mathbf{f}}_{\text{Forces}}$$

- Advection
- Diffusion
- Projection
- Forces

$$\dot{\mathbf{u}} = -(\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{u} - \nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{u} + \nabla p + \mathbf{f}$$

## Advection:

$$\hat{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{3000000 \times 3000000}$$

$$\mathbf{r}' = E e^{\Delta t \Lambda} E^{-1} \mathbf{r}$$

(where)

$$E \Lambda E^{-1} = \hat{A} \otimes_1 \mathbf{r}$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{u}} = - \underbrace{(\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{u}} - \underbrace{\nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{u}} + \nabla p + \mathbf{f}$$

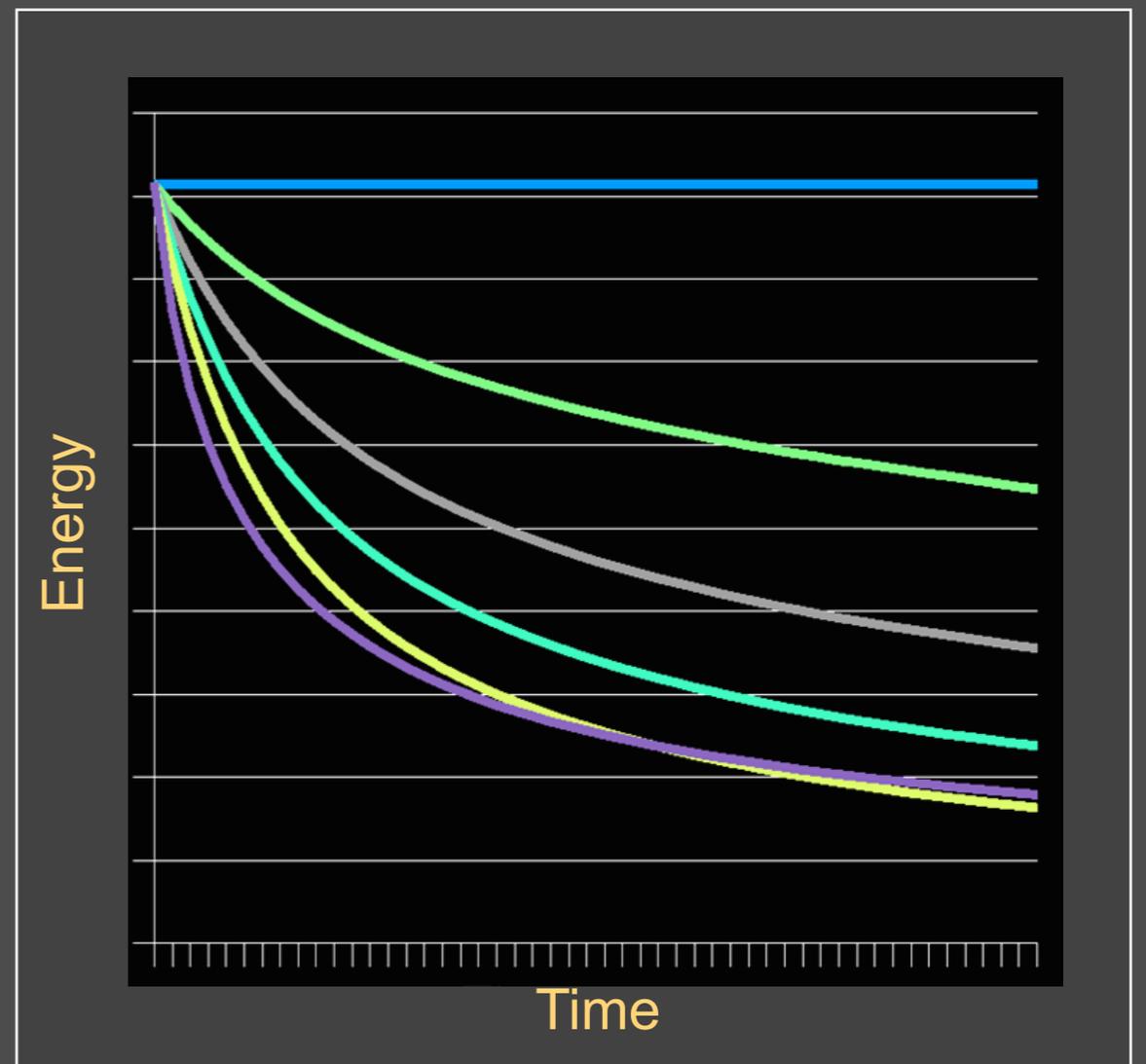
## Diffusion:

$$\hat{D} \in \mathbb{R}^{3000000 \times 3000000}$$

$$\mathbf{r}' = E e^{\Delta t \Lambda} E^{-1} \mathbf{r}$$

(where)

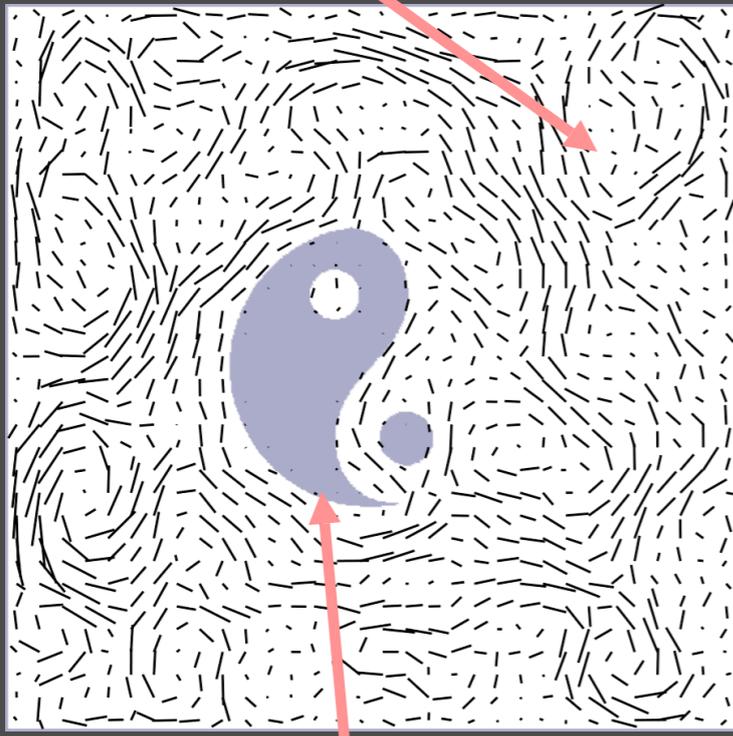
$$E \Lambda E^{-1} = \hat{D}$$



$$\dot{\mathbf{u}} = -(\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{u} - \underbrace{\nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{u}} + \underbrace{\nabla p} + \mathbf{f}$$

# Projection:

divergence free



boundary conditions

```
void project(state *s) {  
    return;  
}
```

$$\dot{\mathbf{u}} = -(\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{u} - \nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{u} + \underbrace{\nabla p}_{\text{Pressure}} + \underbrace{\mathbf{f}}_{\text{Forces}}$$

Forces:

$$\mathbf{r} = B^T \mathbf{f}$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{u}} = - \underbrace{(\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{u}} - \underbrace{\nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{u}} + \underbrace{\nabla p} + \underbrace{\mathbf{f}}$$

## Summary:

Advection

Diffusion

Projection

Forces

Full

Reduced

$O(n)$

$O(m^3)$

$O(n)$

$O(m^2)$

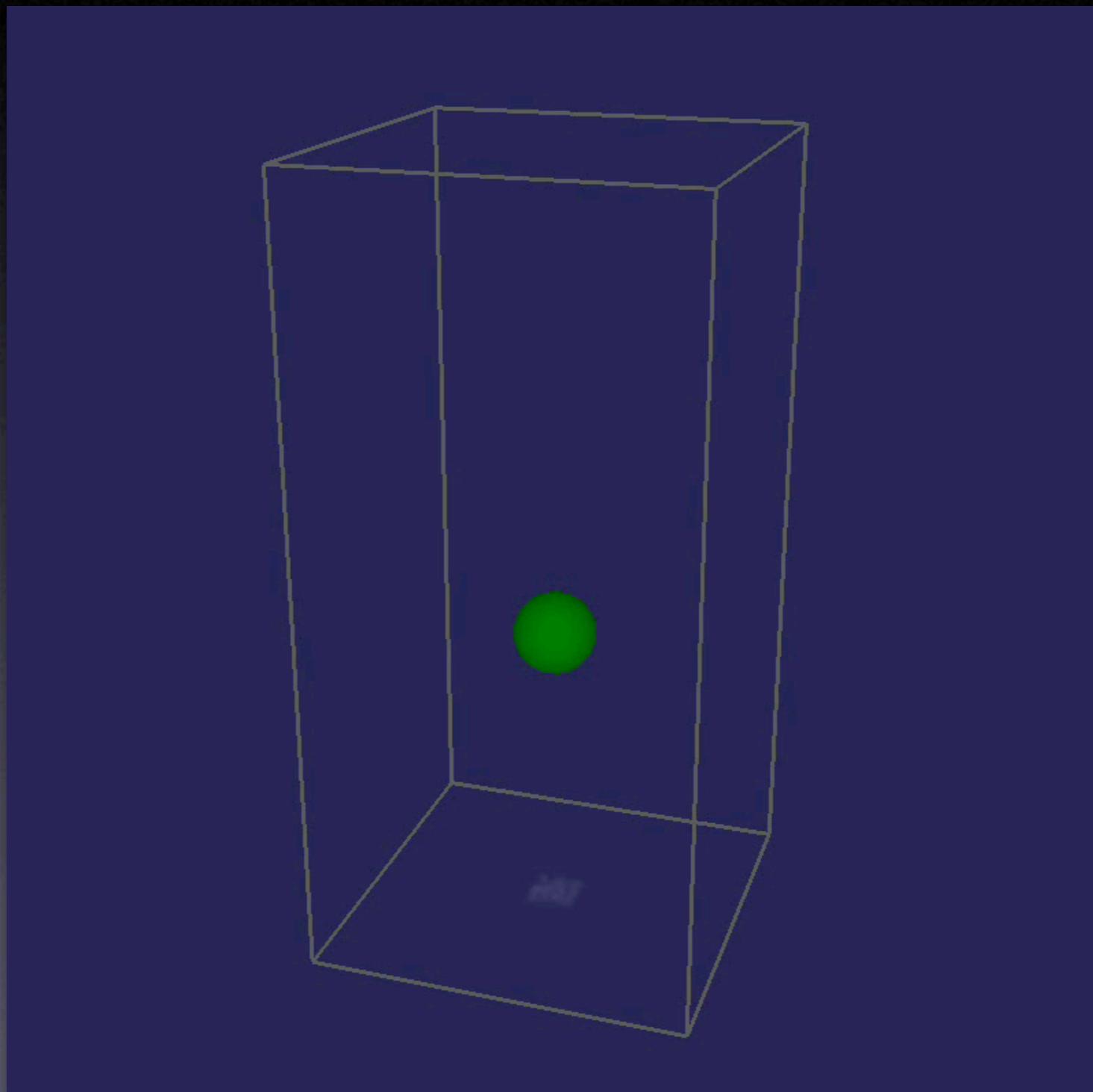
$O(n)$

$O(0)$

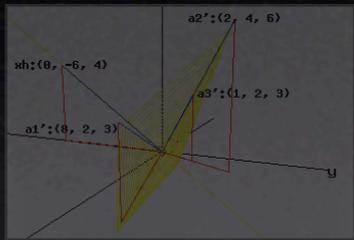
$O(n)$   
minutes/  
frame

$O(m)$   
~~8.8 ms/~~  
frame

# Example



# Overview



General Model Reduction



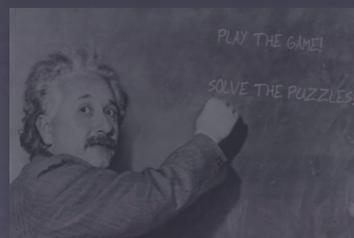
Model Reduction of Fluids



Model Reduction of Deformable Solids

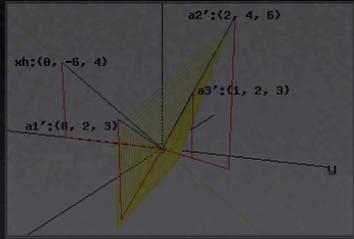


Coupling



Questions

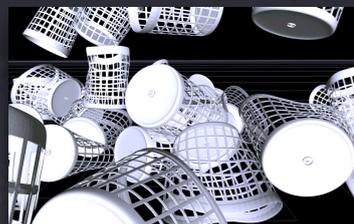
# Overview



General Model Reduction



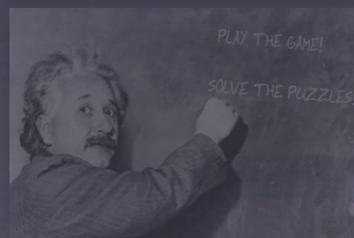
Model Reduction of Fluids



Model Reduction of Deformable Solids



Coupling



Questions

# Reduced Deformation



**Full System:**

$$M\ddot{u} + D(u, \dot{u}) + R(u) = f.$$

**Reduced System:**

$$\ddot{q} + \tilde{D}(q, \dot{q}) + \tilde{R}(q) = \tilde{f}$$

$$\tilde{D} = U^T D(Uq, U\dot{q}),$$

$$\tilde{R}(q) = U^T R(Uq),$$

$$\tilde{f} = U^T f.$$

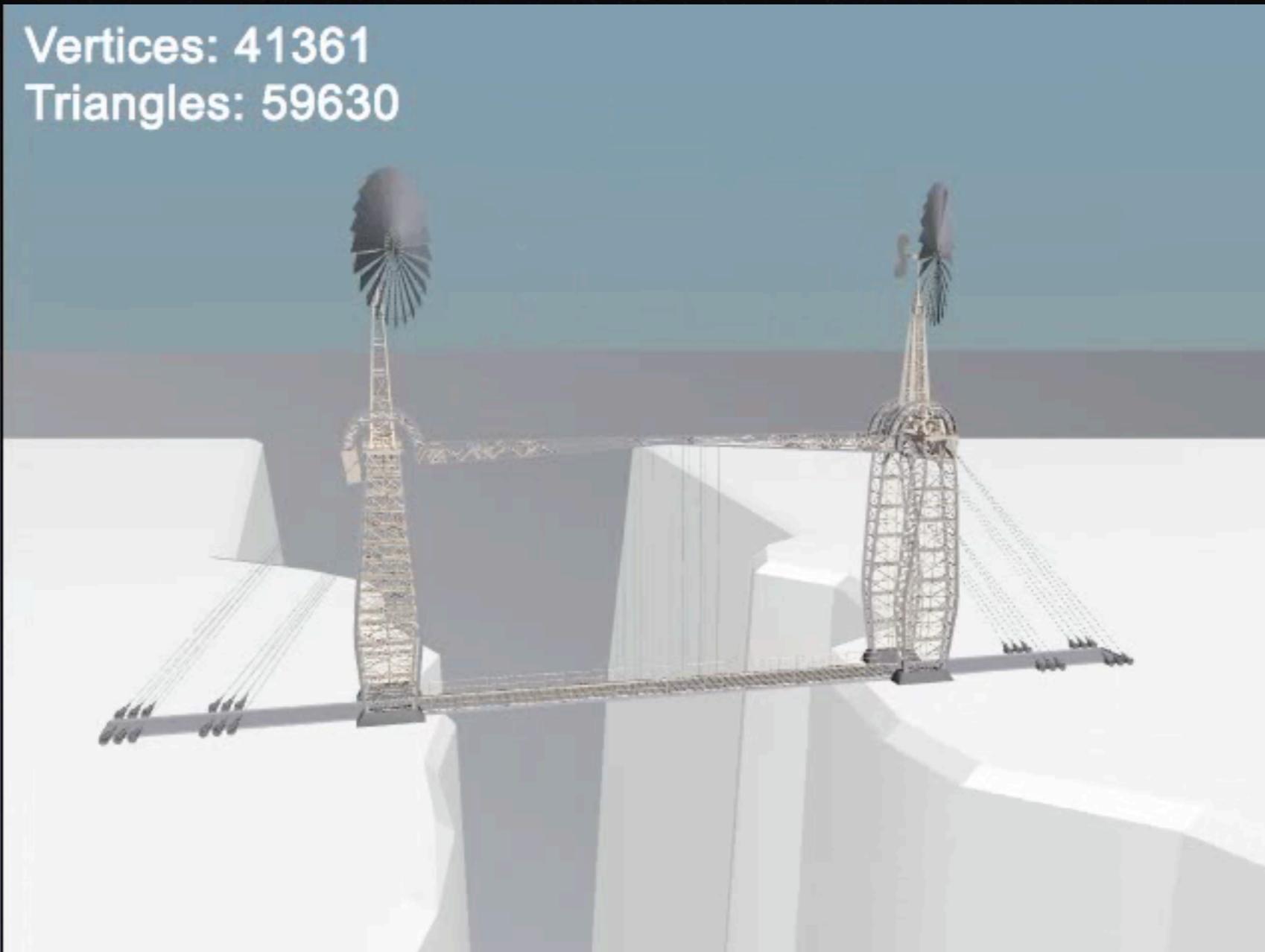
# Example

Vertices: 3321  
Triangles: 6638

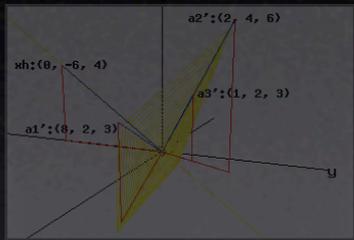


# Example

Vertices: 41361  
Triangles: 59630



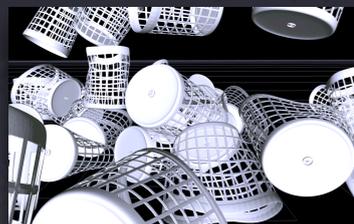
# Overview



General Model Reduction



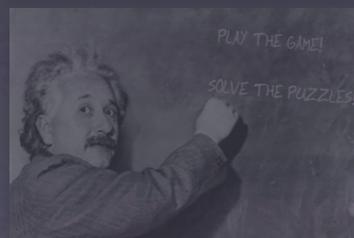
Model Reduction of Fluids



Model Reduction of Deformable Solids

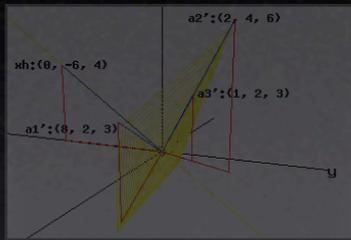


Coupling



Questions

# Overview



General Model Reduction



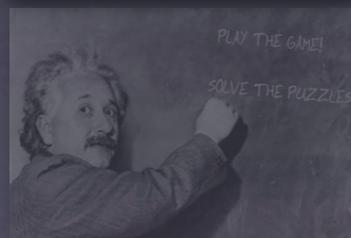
Model Reduction of Fluids



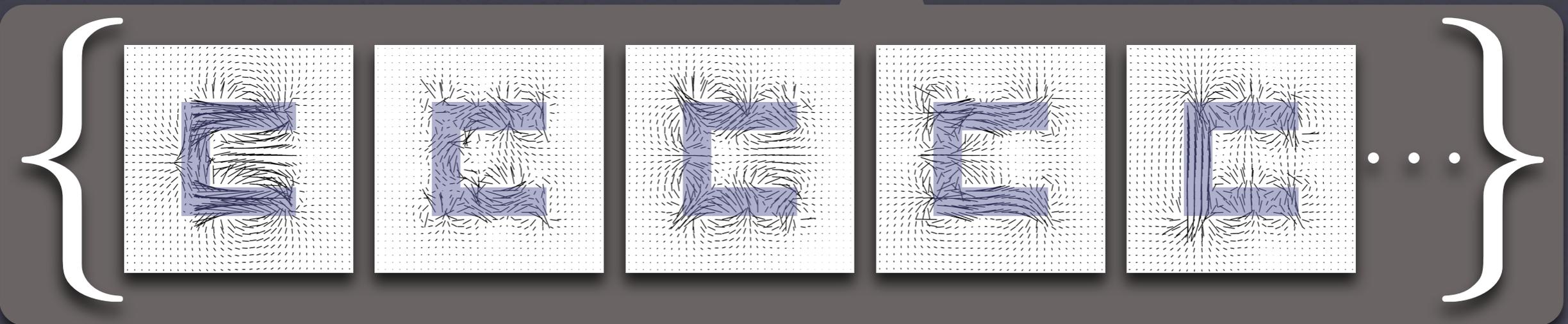
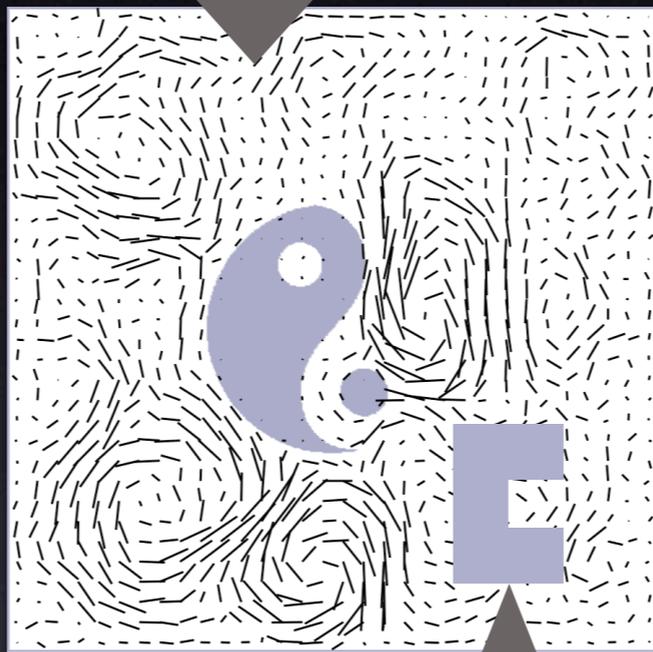
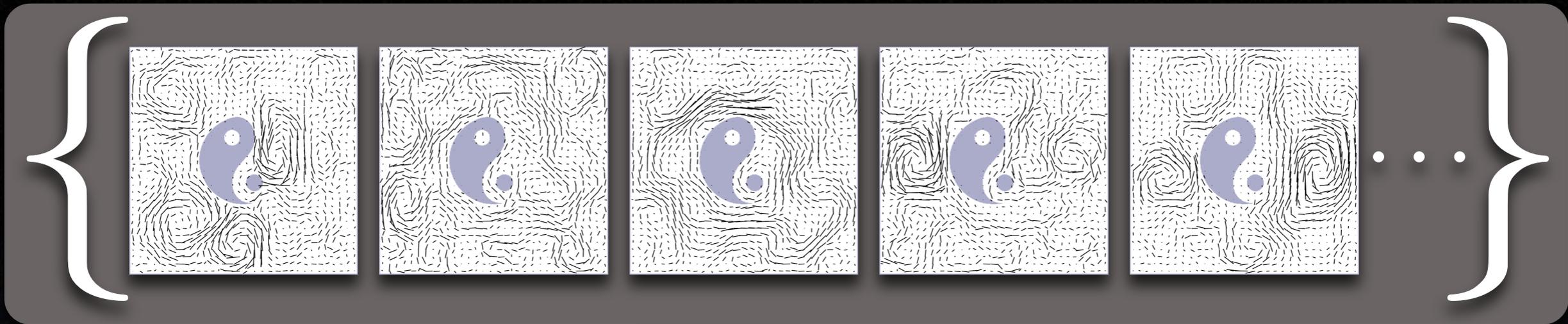
Model Reduction of Deformable Solids

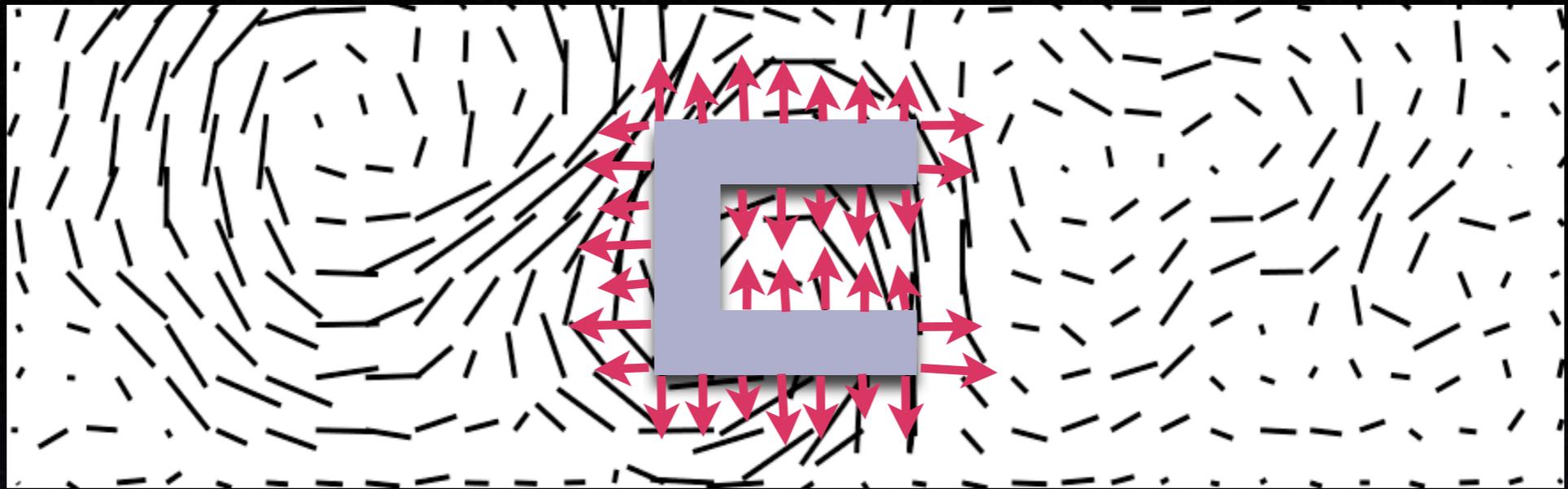


Coupling



Questions





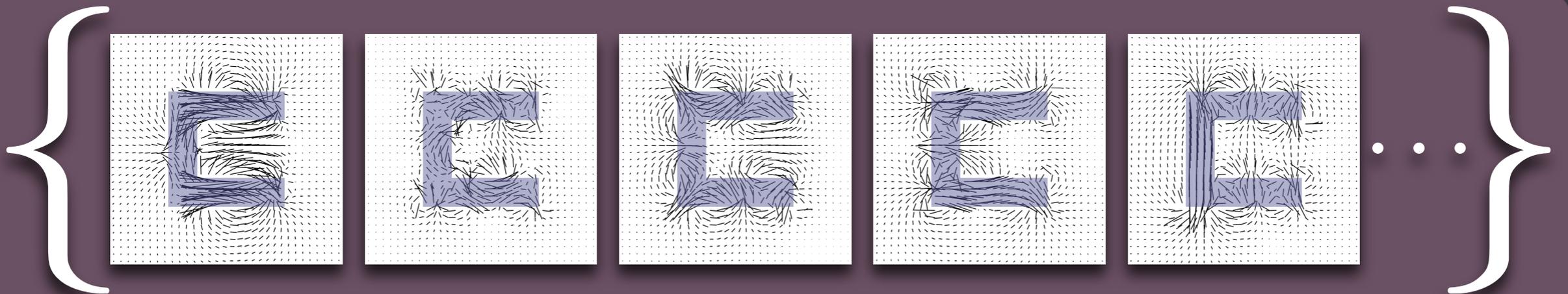
Background  $\rightarrow$  Object

Full

$$\mathbf{0} = S(\hat{B}\hat{\mathbf{r}} + B\mathbf{r})$$

Reduced

$$\hat{\mathbf{r}} = M\mathbf{r}$$





Background  $\rightarrow$  Object

Full

$$\mathbf{0} = S (\hat{B}\hat{\mathbf{r}} + B\mathbf{r})$$

Reduced

$$\hat{\mathbf{r}} = M\mathbf{r}$$

Object  $\rightarrow$  Background

Full

$$\mathbf{r} = B^T \hat{B}\hat{\mathbf{r}}$$

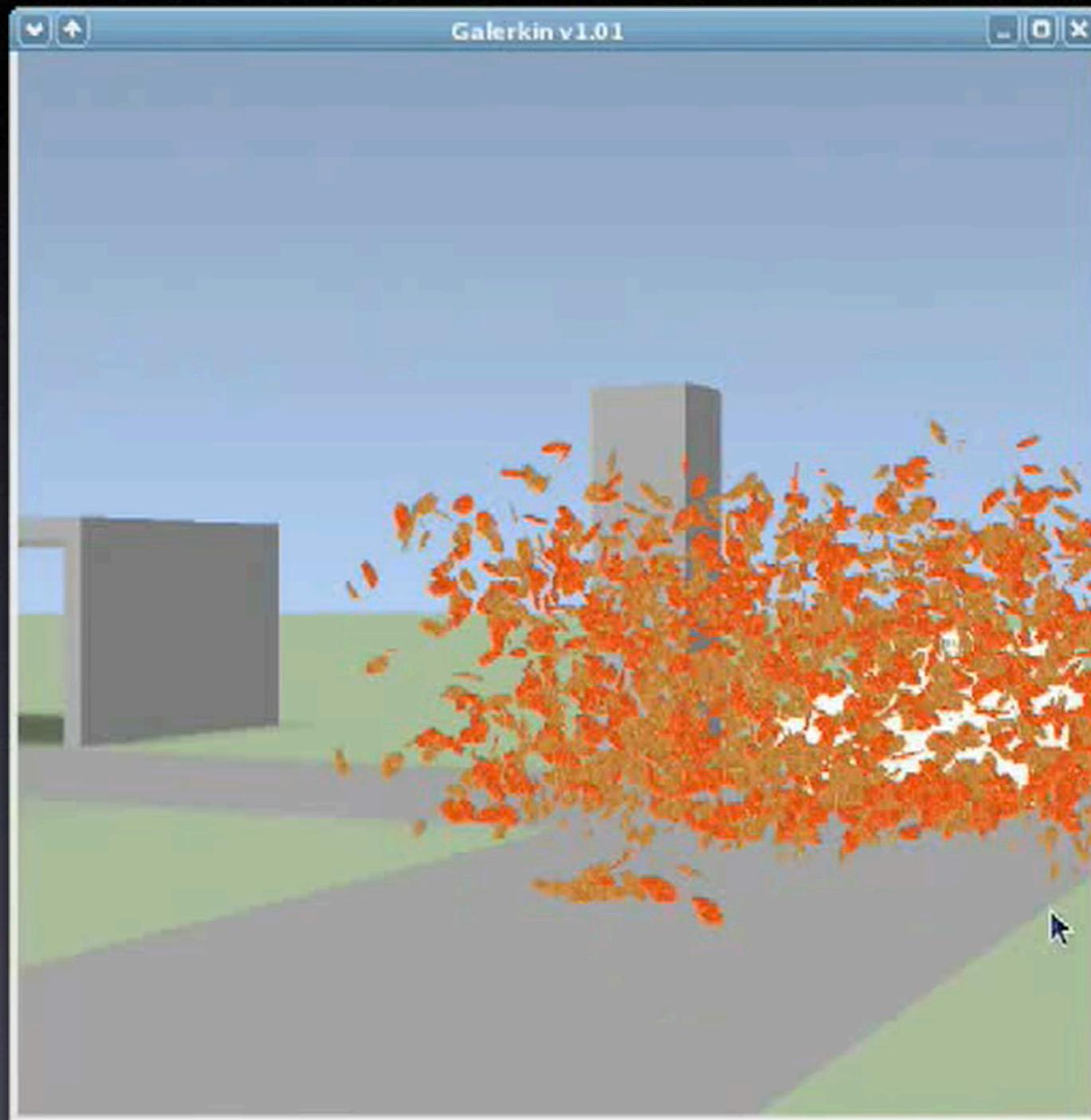
Reduced

$$\mathbf{r} = N\hat{\mathbf{r}}$$

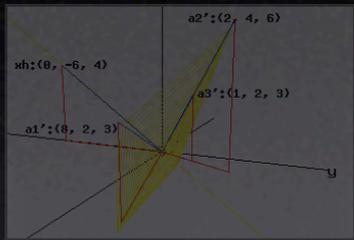
$\updownarrow$  Reduced!



QuickTime™ and a  
decompressor  
are needed to see this picture.



# Overview



General Model Reduction



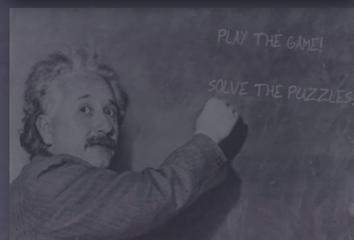
Model Reduction of Fluids



Model Reduction of Deformable Solids

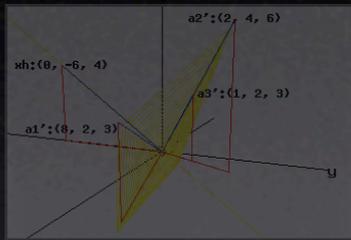


Coupling



Questions

# Overview



General Model Reduction



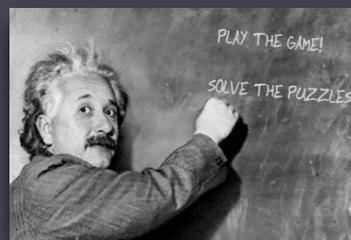
Model Reduction of Fluids



Model Reduction of Deformable Solids



Coupling



Questions

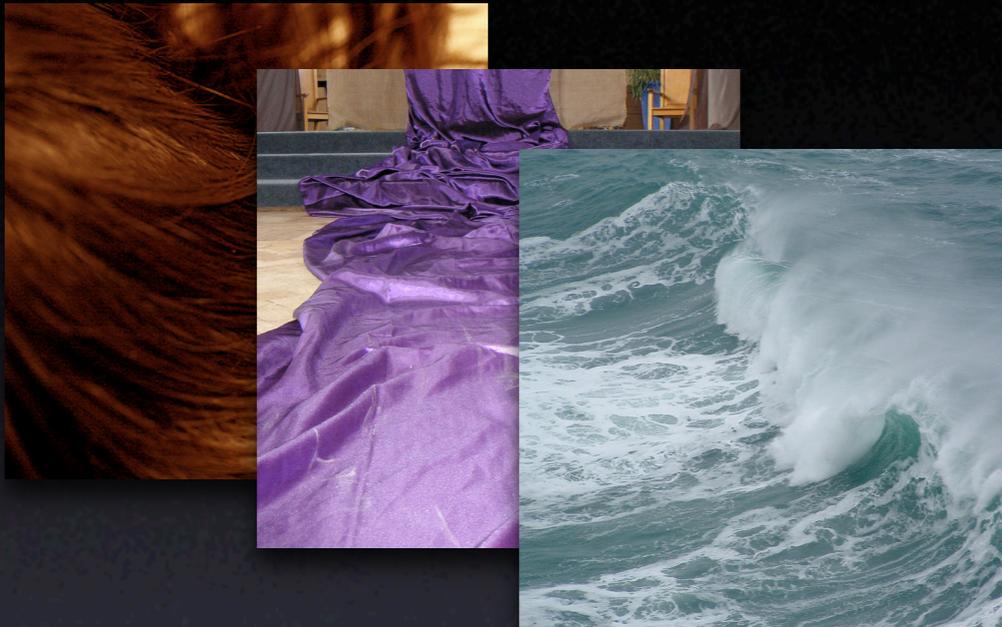
- **Good Reviews :)**

- **What's the next big thing?**
- **Machine Learning + Graphics:**
  - Learning physics?
- **Networking + Graphics:**
  - Distributed physics?
- **Biology + Graphics:**
  - Animal Morphology?
- **Other disciplines:**
  - Urban planning?
  - What else?

## What's the next big thing?

- video tape an object under known lighting conditions to create a “data driven” model of its surface reflectance
- huge database of mocap data
- if we get the physics right, machine learning should be able to estimate parameters
  - how much force is being applied from a motion capture animation?
- distribute the calculation of massive fluid simulations across a network
- distributing computation between CPU and GPU
- once we solve biomechanics in graphics + then we can build robotic prosthetic arms
- network-based graphics
  - separate the objects from the scene, render each separately
  - take advantage of the # of cores to do faster rendering
- computer graphics must wait for developments in machine learning for certain applications
- physics is parallel, computer cores are becoming parallel... how can we take advantage of this?
- sound synthesis
  - *model reduction for sound synthesis*
- haptics: glove with little actuators
- surface feeling “rendering” - “roughness rendering”
- wear and tear on an environment

# Future Directions



- More Phenomena



- Coupling



- Control