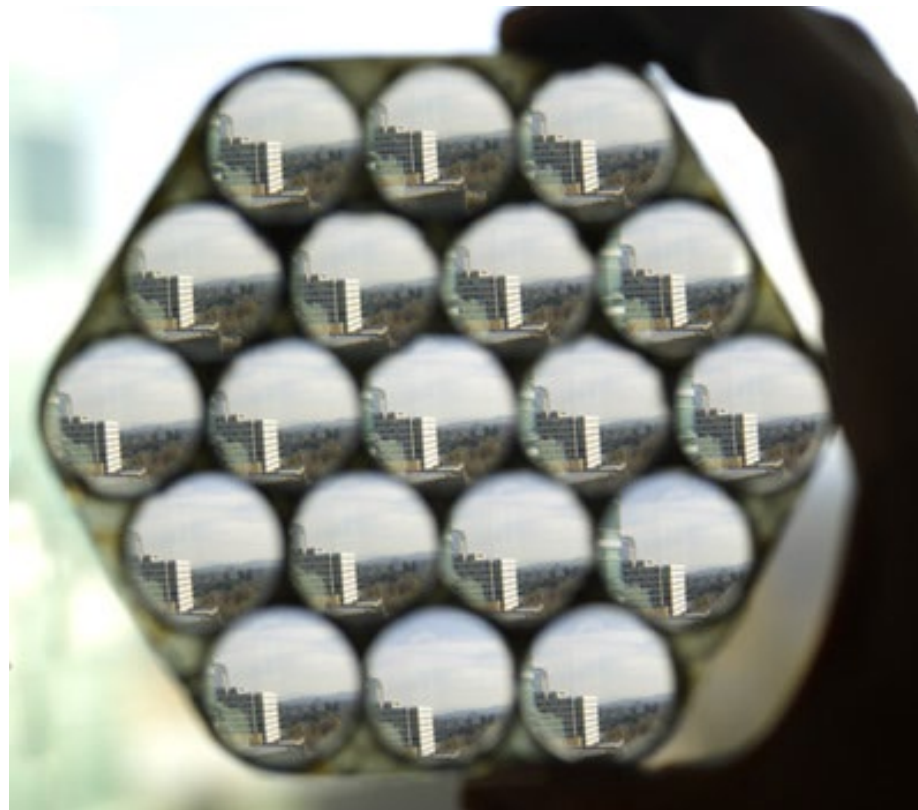


Introduction



Online lecture etiquette

- Lectures **are recorded**, including all discussions. This is to facilitate students that cannot attend the lectures live.
- Recordings become available on **Canvas** a few hours (usually ≤ 3) after the lecture. Please note that you are **not** allowed to share these recordings with anyone outside this class. This is to protect your FERPA rights and those of your fellow students.
- Please keep your Zoom window muted when you are not speaking.
- You are welcome to keep your camera on or off.
- Feel free to ask questions! Either use the “raise hand” option (preferable), or post in the chat. If I miss you, please repeat. And if I keep missing you, please unmute yourselves and mention that you have a question.

Overview of today's lecture

- Teaching staff introductions
- What is computational photography?
- Course fast-forward and logistics

Teaching staff introductions

Instructor: Ioannis (Yannis) Gkioulekas

I won't hold it against you if you mispronounce my last name



Originally from Greece



National Technical University of Athens (2004-09)



Harvard University (2009-17)



Carnegie Mellon University (2017-now)

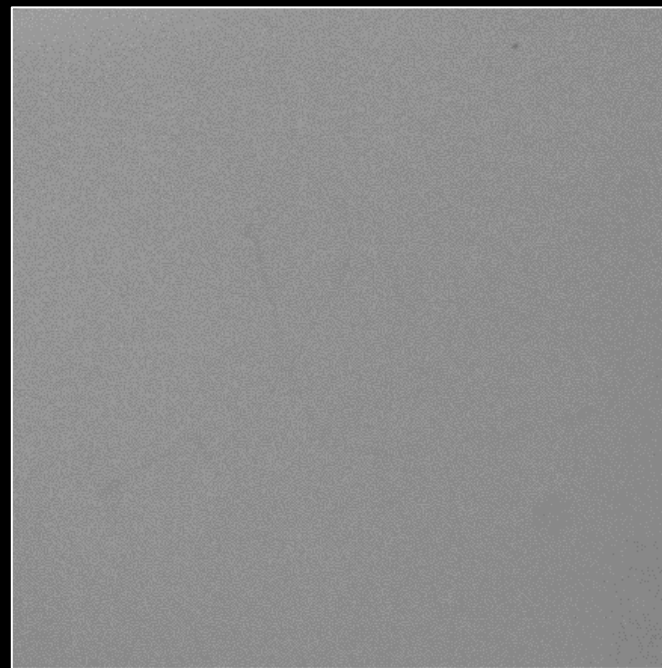
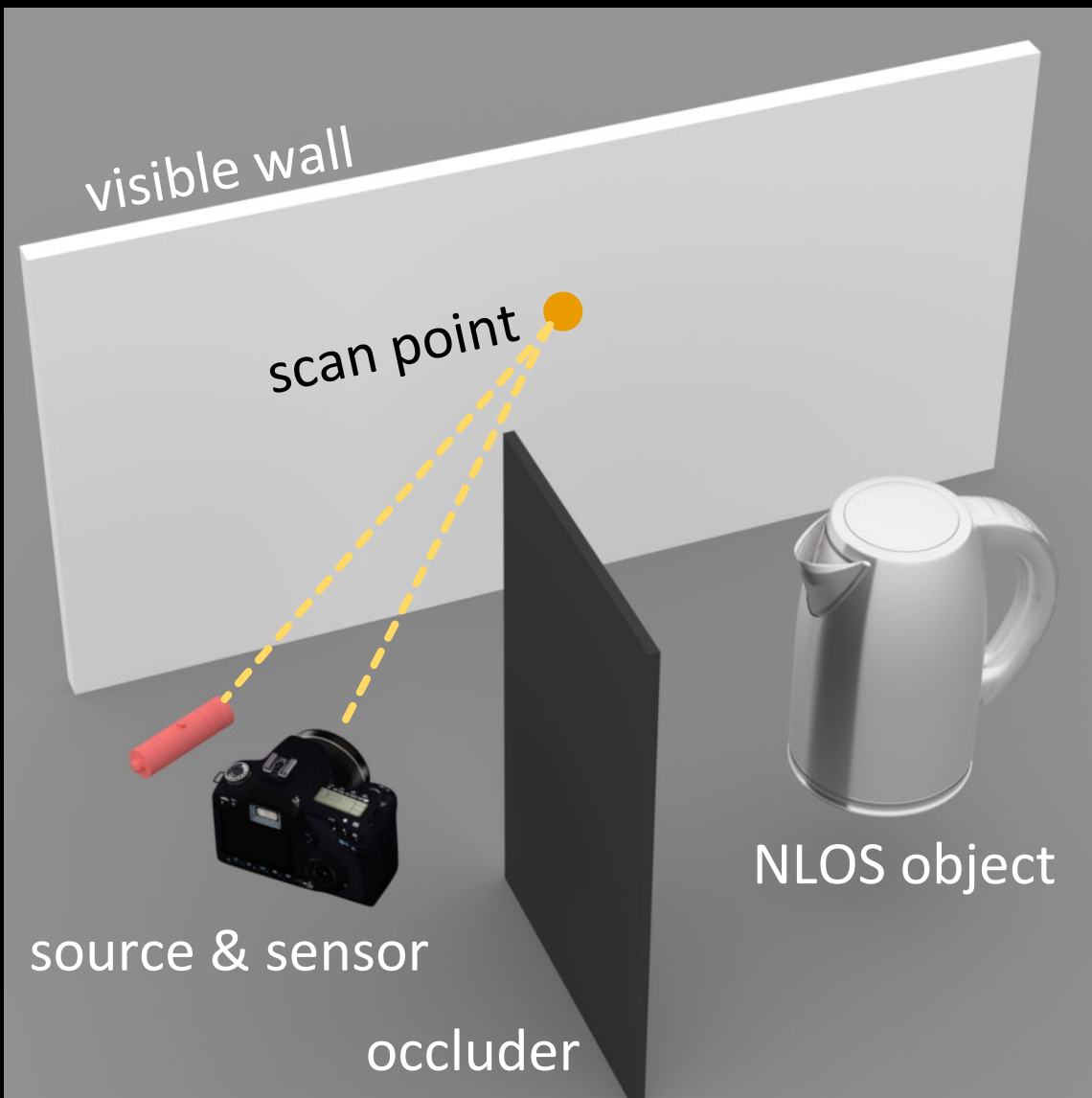


Yannis at Harvard in 2011

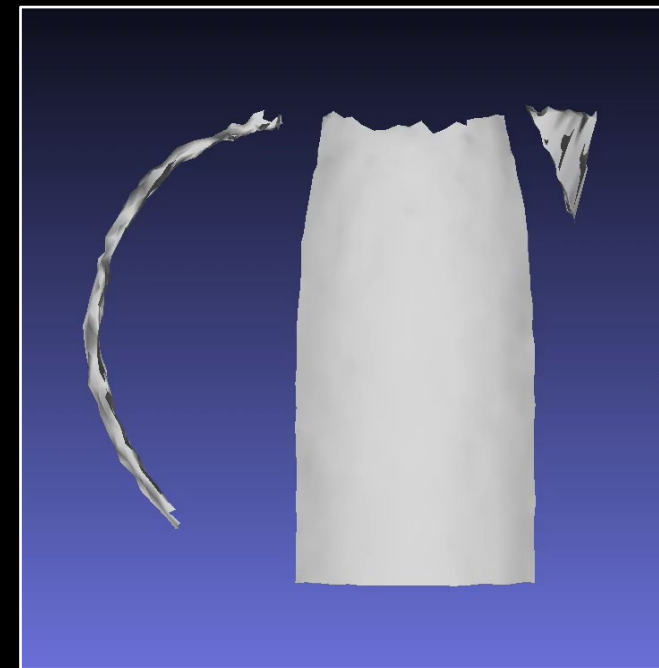
My website: <http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~igkioule>

See also: <http://imaging.cs.cmu.edu/>

Looking around corners

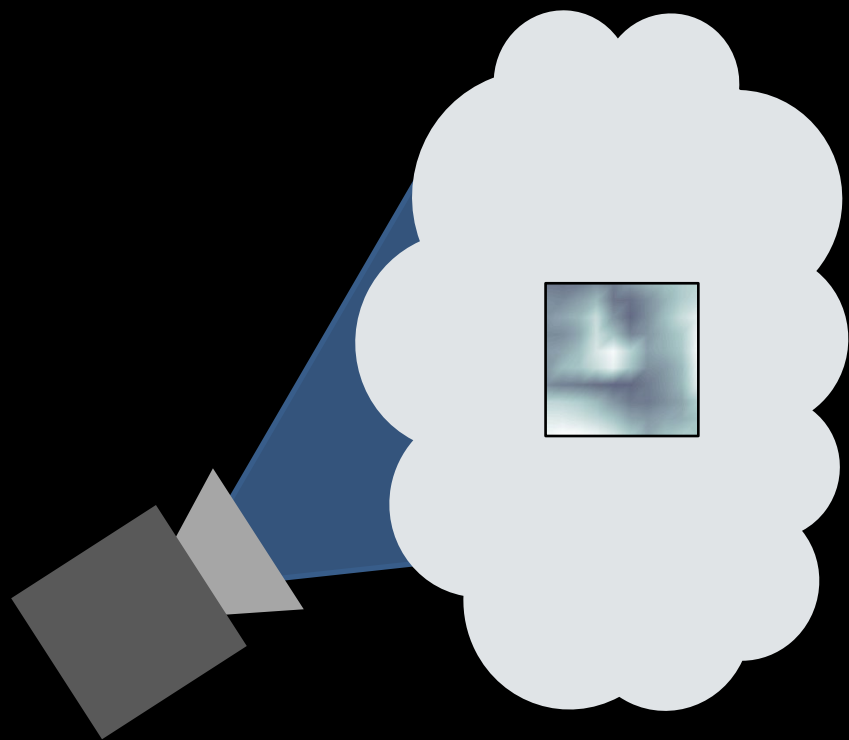


what a regular
camera sees



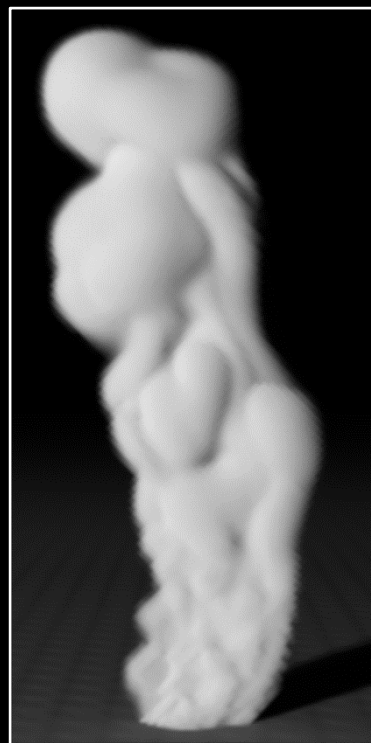
what we can
reconstruct

Looking inside deep scattering objects

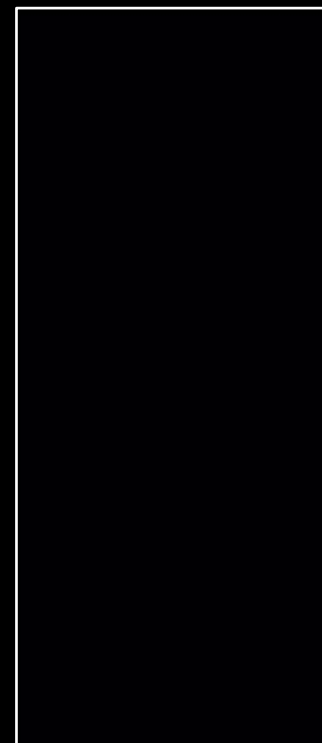


camera

thick smoke cloud



simulated camera
measurements

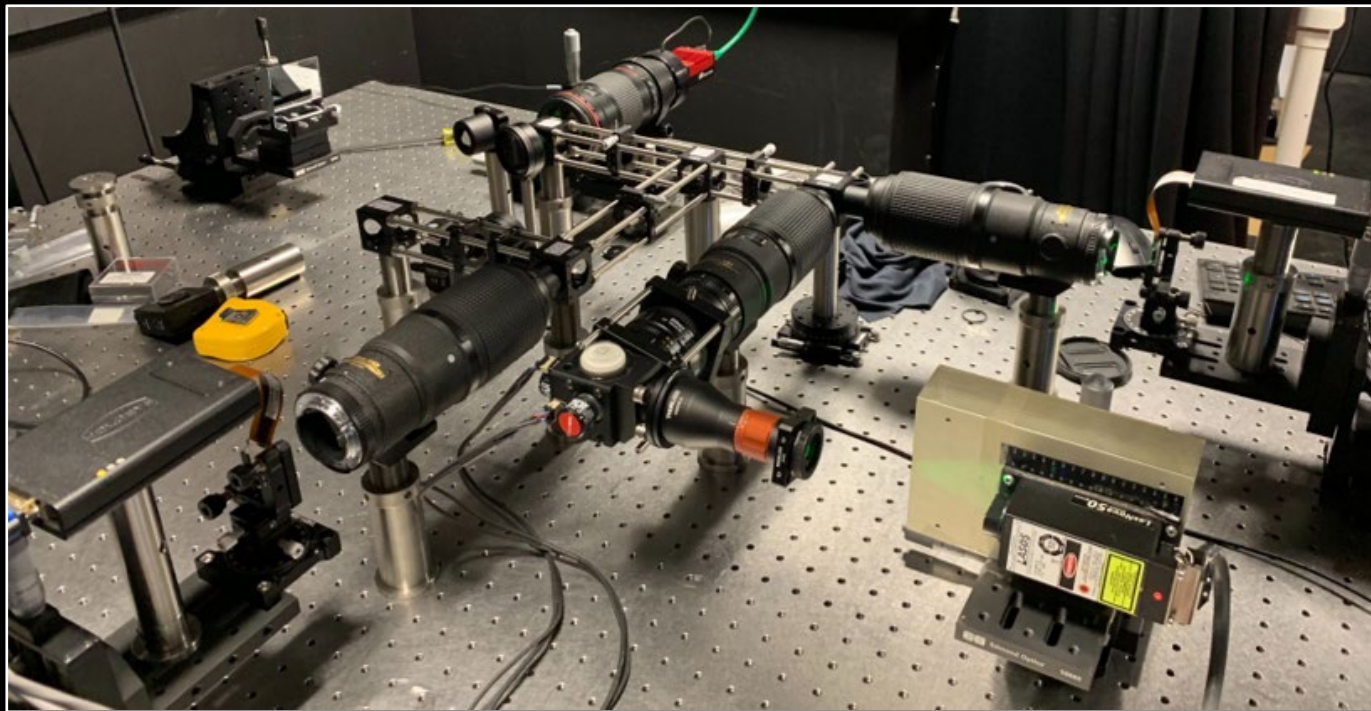


reconstructed
cloud volume

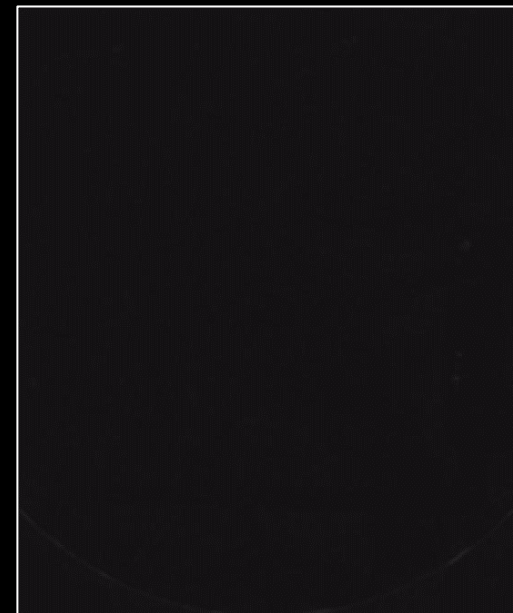
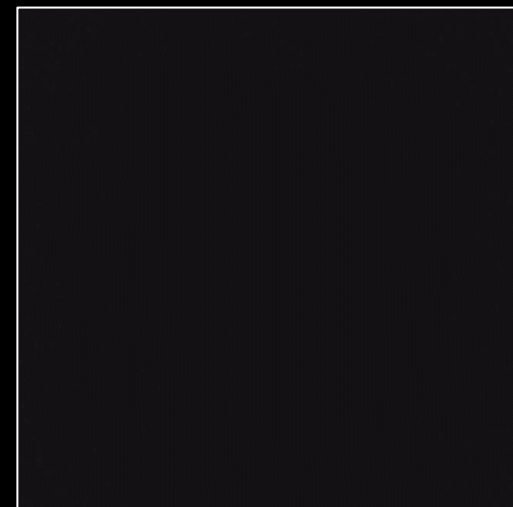


slice through
the cloud

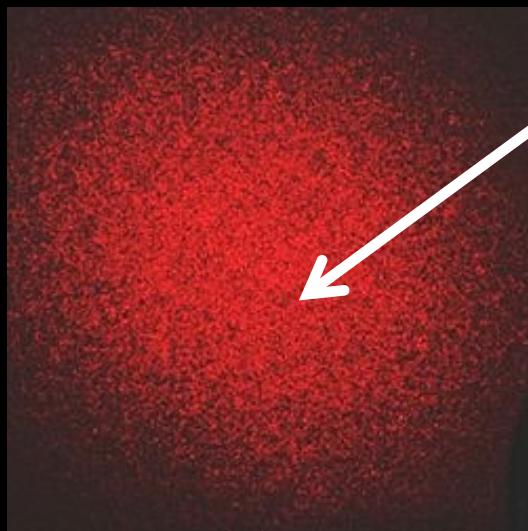
Seeing light in flight



camera for capturing video at 10^{15} frames per second

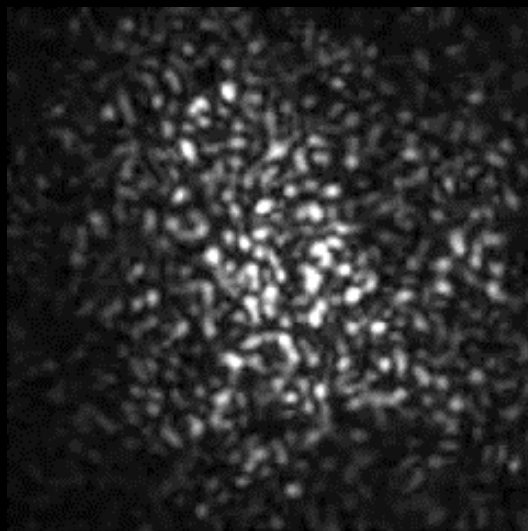


Rendering wave effects

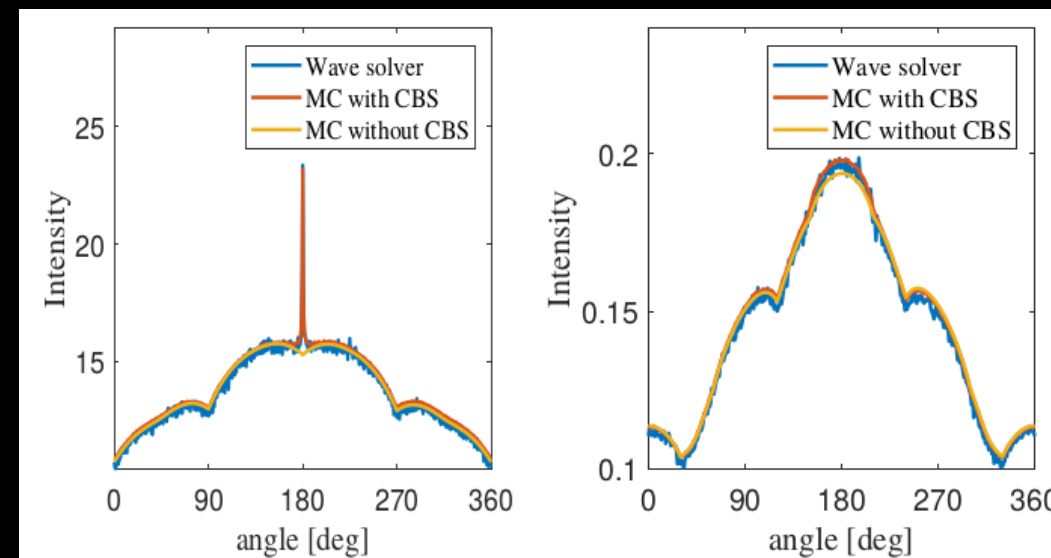


speckle: noise-like pattern

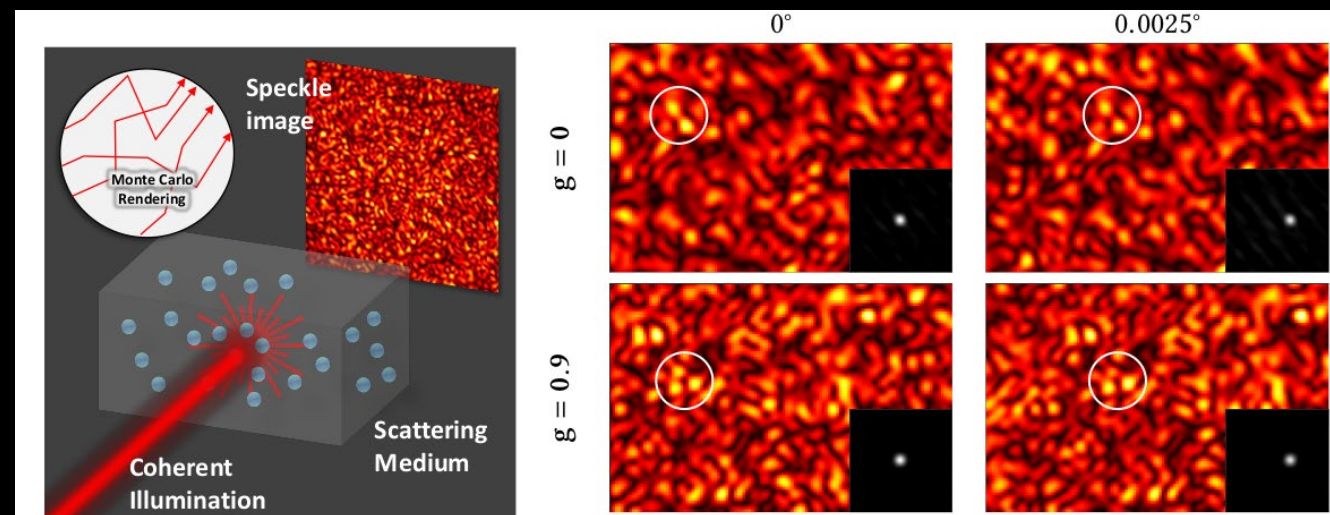
what real laser images look like



what real laser videos look like



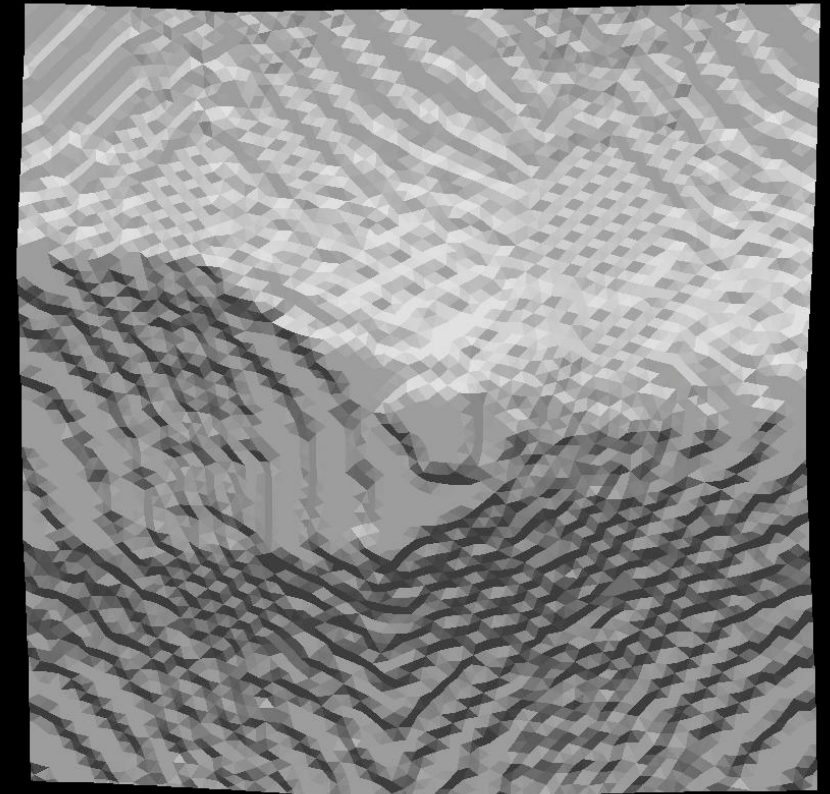
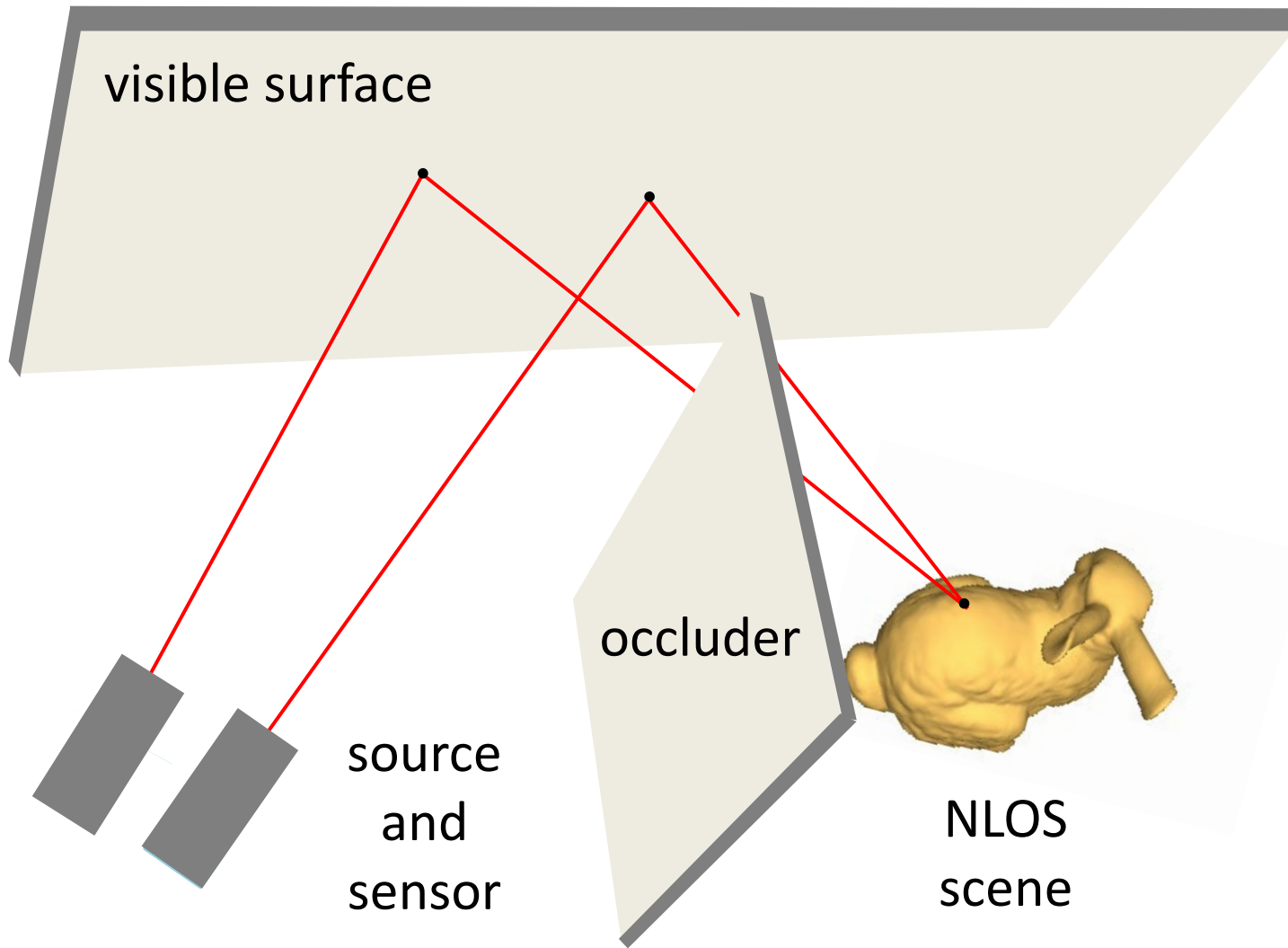
match wave equation solvers, **10⁵x faster**



reproduce physical effects like memory effect

<http://imaging.cs.cmu.edu/>

Differentiable rendering



reconstruction evolution

<http://imaging.cs.cmu.edu/>

TA: Jenny Lin

- CSD PhD student
- Advisor: James McCann
- Research Interests: Computational Fabrication and Textiles
- Education:
 - Undergraduate: Computer Science & Molecular Biology, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
 - PhD: SCS, Carnegie Mellon University

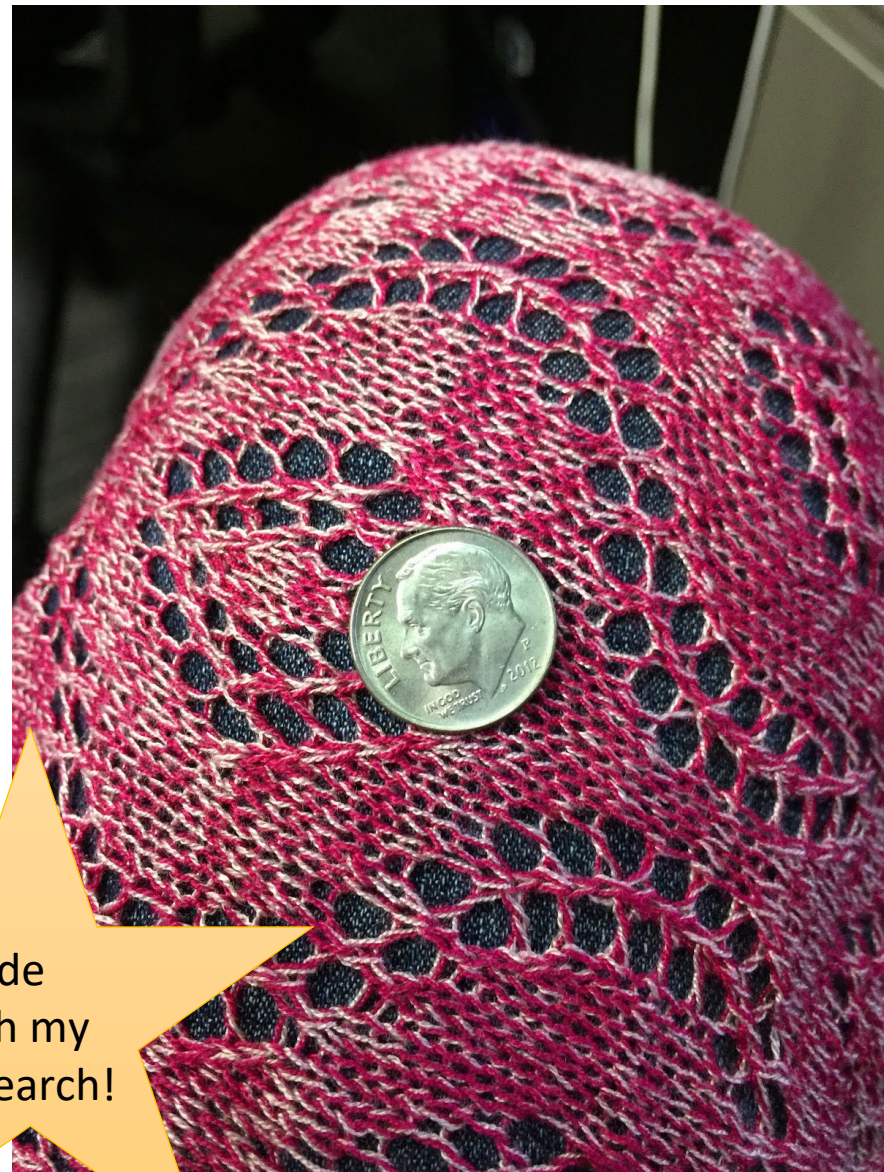
[http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~jennylin/
jennylin@cs.cmu.edu](http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~jennylin/jennylin@cs.cmu.edu)



TA: Jenny Lin

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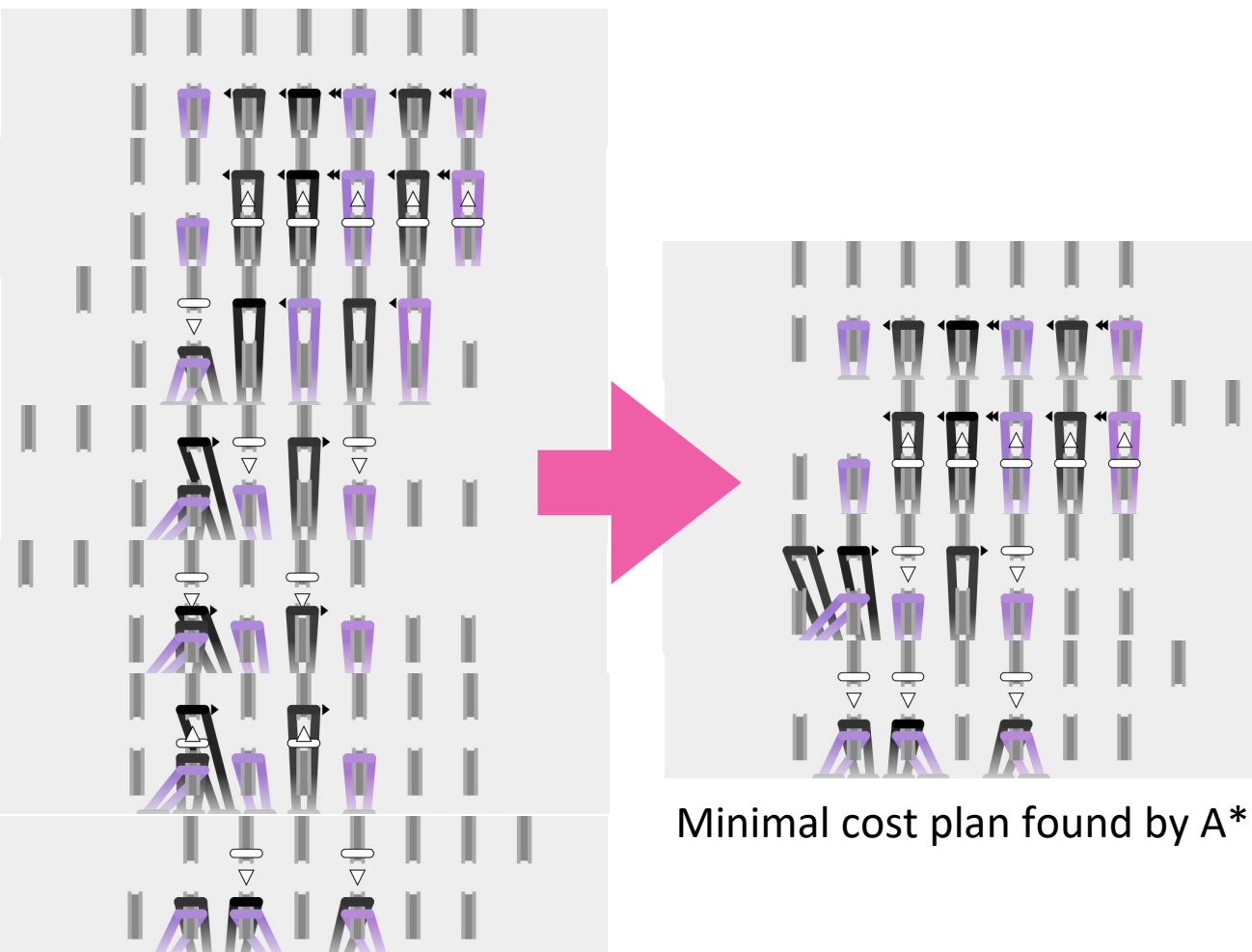
<http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~jennylin/>
jennylin@cs.cmu.edu



Made
with my
research!

Tools for Automatic Machine Knitting

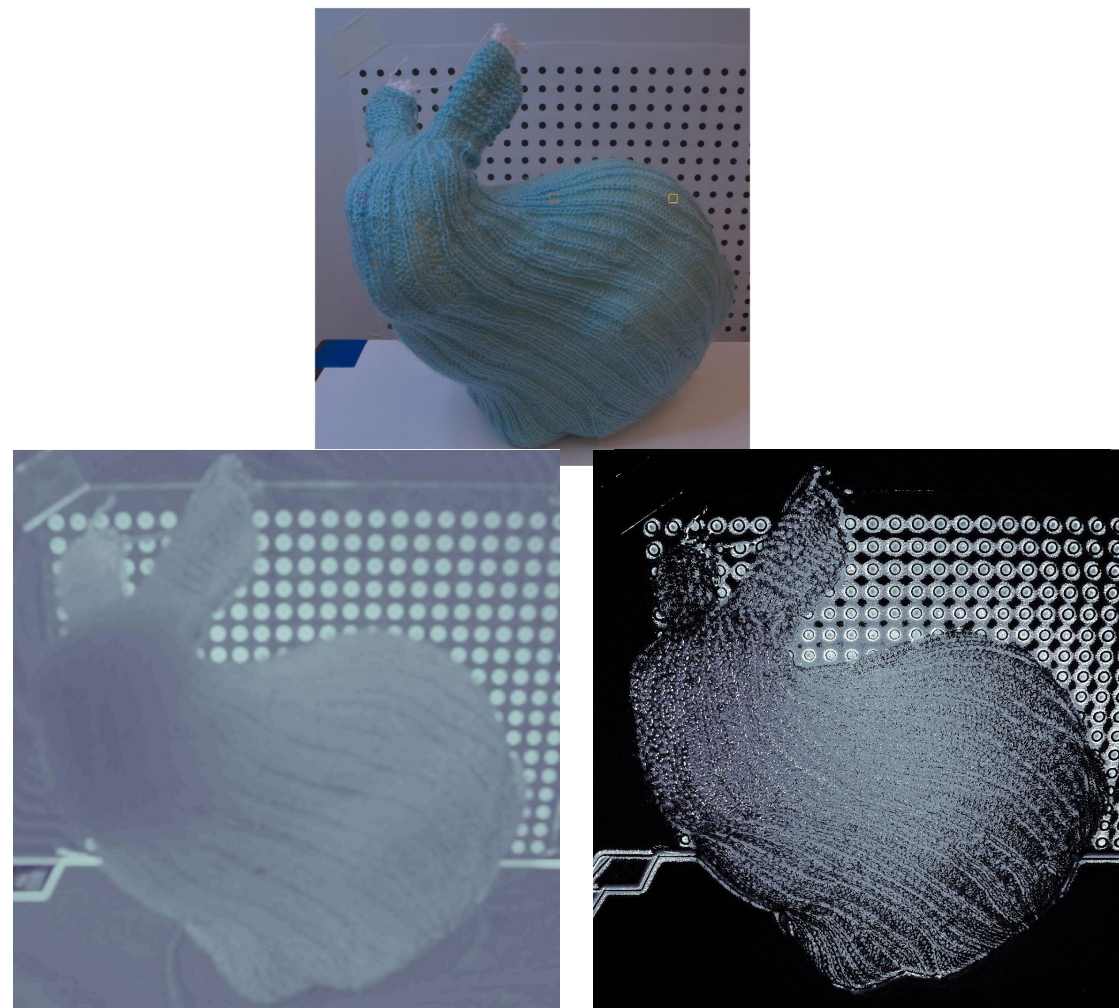
Machine knitting patterns as search problems



Plan generated by
heuristic algorithm

Minimal cost plan found by A*

High resolution depth maps for stitch localization

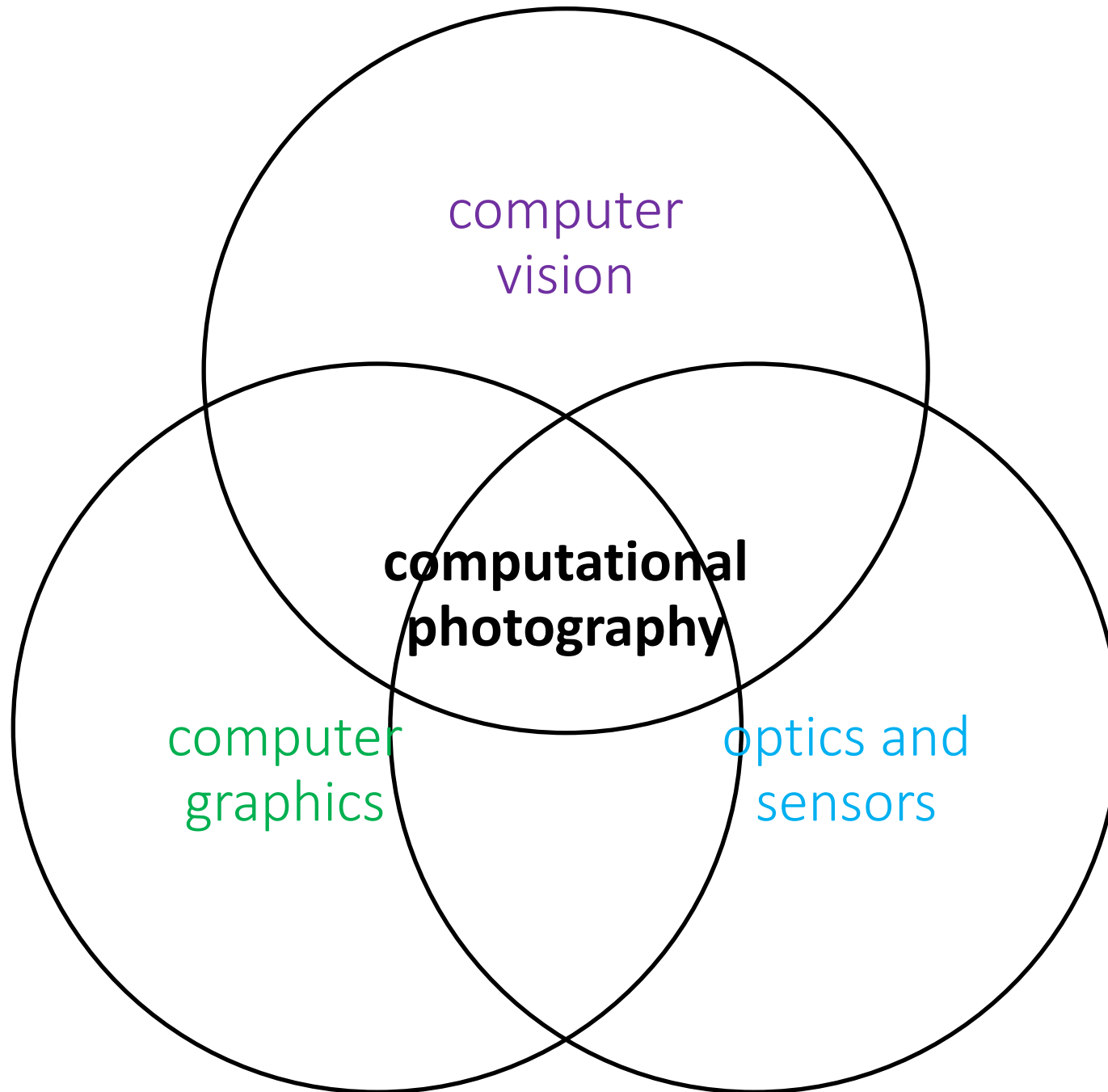


Depth from focus

Confocal stereo

One more TA pending!

What is computational photography?



Analog photography



optics to focus light on
an image plane



film to capture focused light
(chemical process)

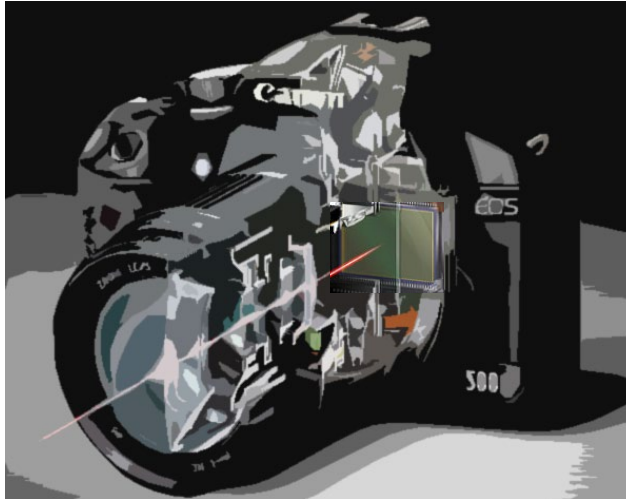


dark room for limited post-
processing (chemical process)

Digital photography



optics to focus light on
an image plane



digital sensor to capture focused
light (electrical process)

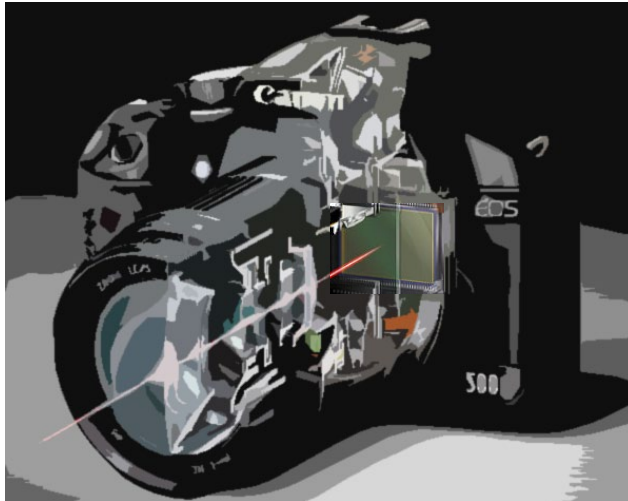


on-board processor for post-
processing (digital process)

Computational photography



optics to focus light on
an image plane



digital sensor to capture focused
light (electrical process)



arbitrary computation
between sensor and image

Overcome limitations of digital photography

Image enhancement and photographic look



camera output

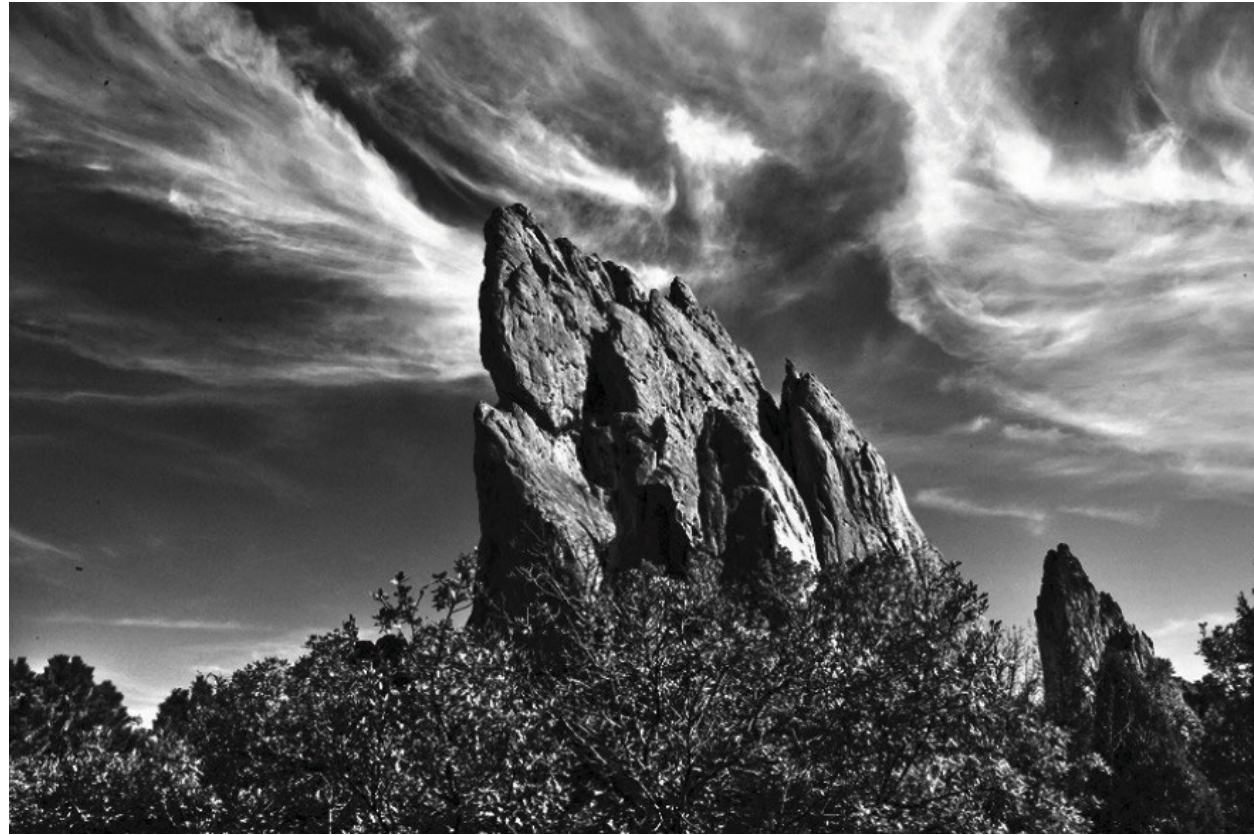


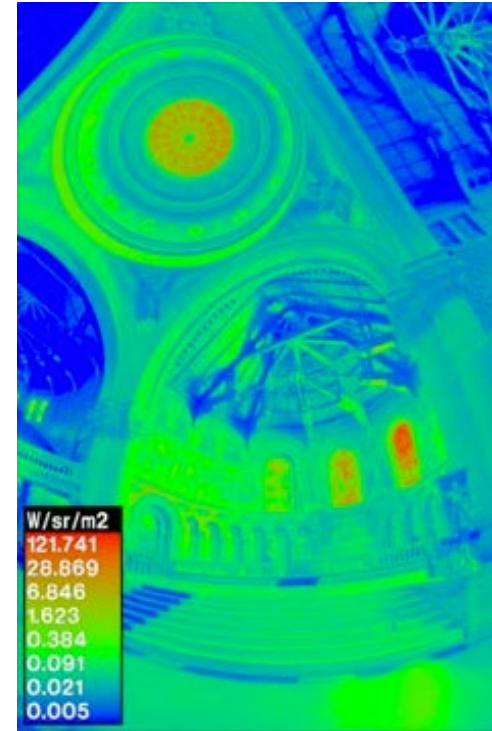
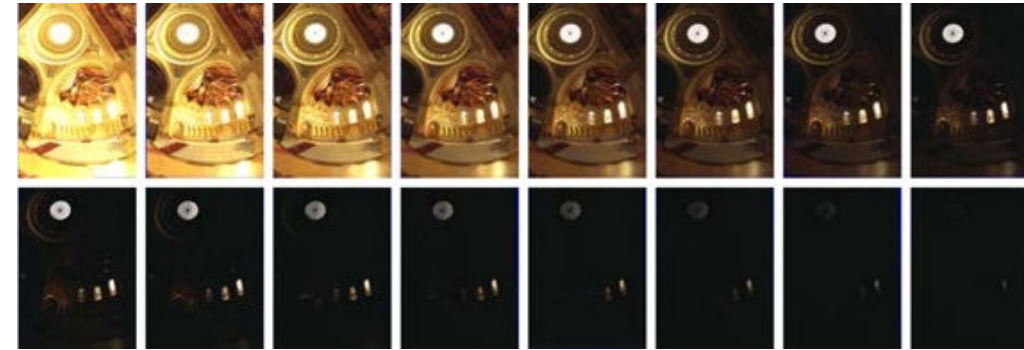
image after stylistic tonemapping

Overcome limitations of digital photography

High dynamic range (HDR) imaging



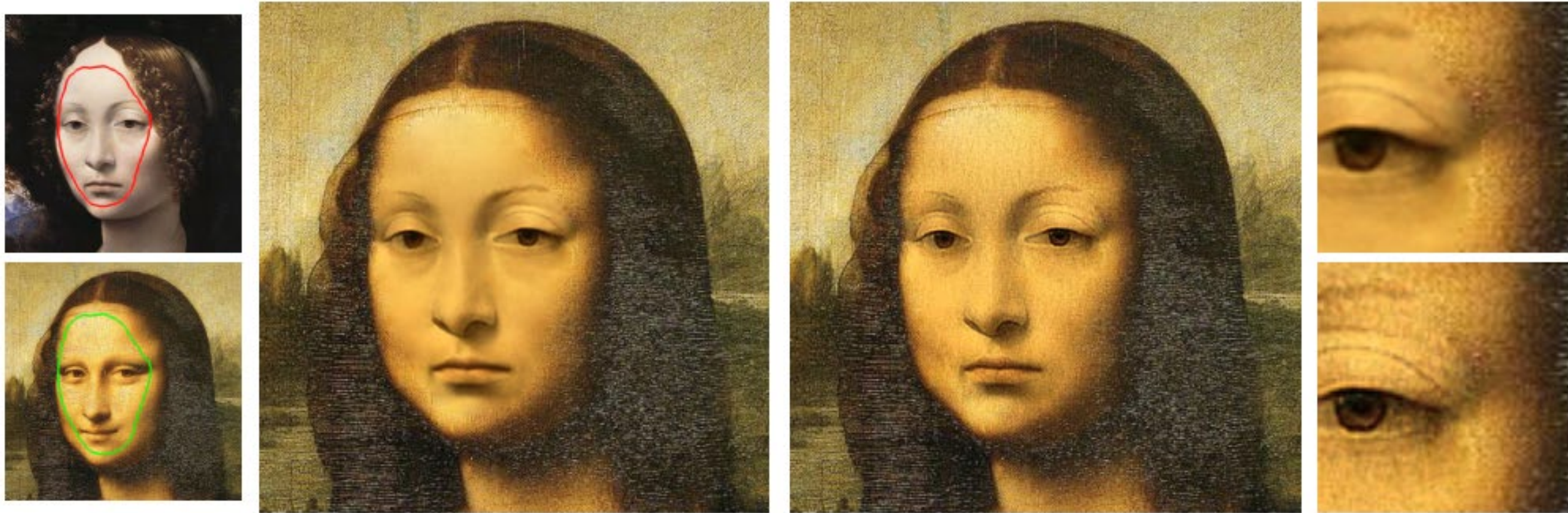
One of your
homeworks!



[example from www.dpreview.com] [Debevec and Malik, SIGGRAPH 1997]

Create realistic new imagery

Image blending and harmonization



One of your
homeworks!

Post-capture image compositing

Computational zoom



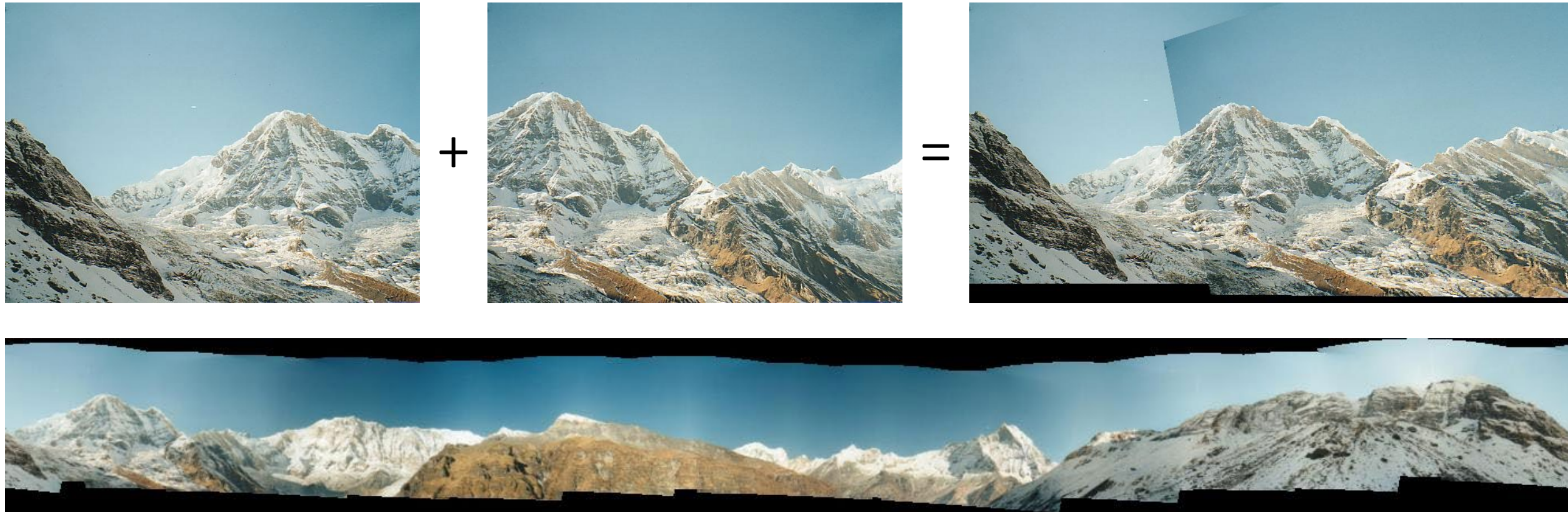
images captured at three zoom settings



post-capture synthesis of new zoom views

Process image collections

Auto-stitching images into panoramas



Process (very) large image collections

Using the Internet as your camera



reconstructing cities from Internet photos

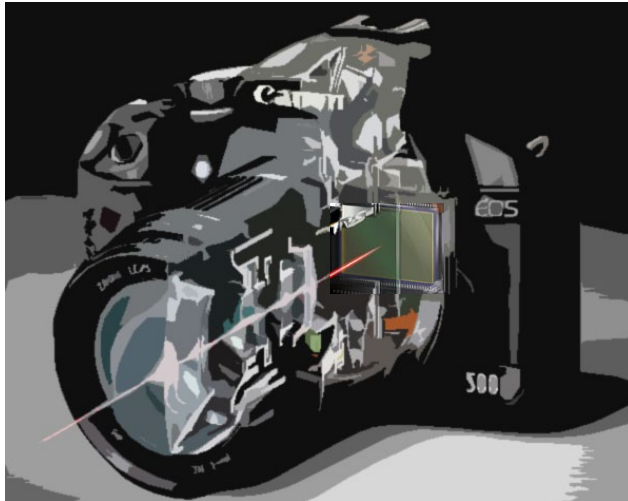


time-lapse from Internet photos

Computational photography



optics to focus light on
an image plane



digital sensor to capture focused
light (electrical process)

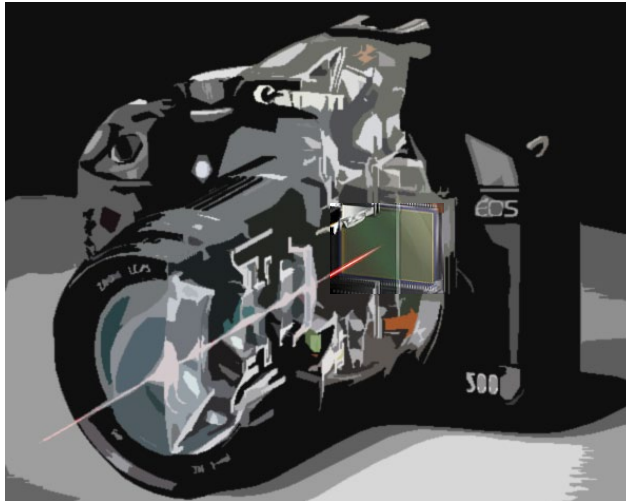


arbitrary computation
between sensor and image

Computational photography



generalized optics
between scene and sensor



digital sensor to capture focused
light (electrical process)



arbitrary computation
between sensor and image

*Sometimes people discriminate between *computational photography* and *computational imaging*. We use them interchangeably.

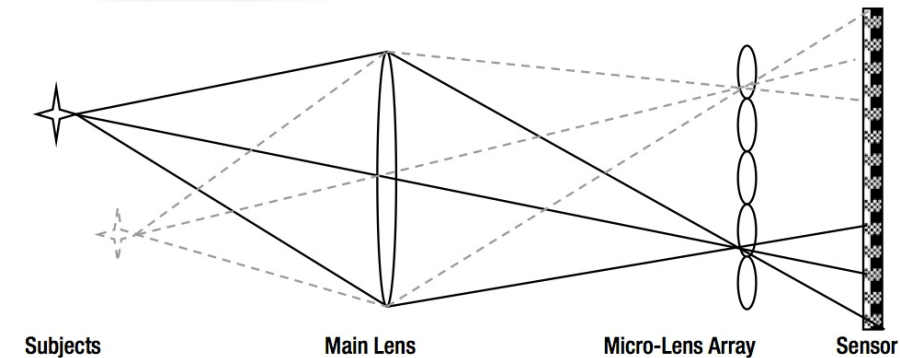
Capture more than 2D images

Lightfield cameras for plenoptic imaging



post-capture refocusing

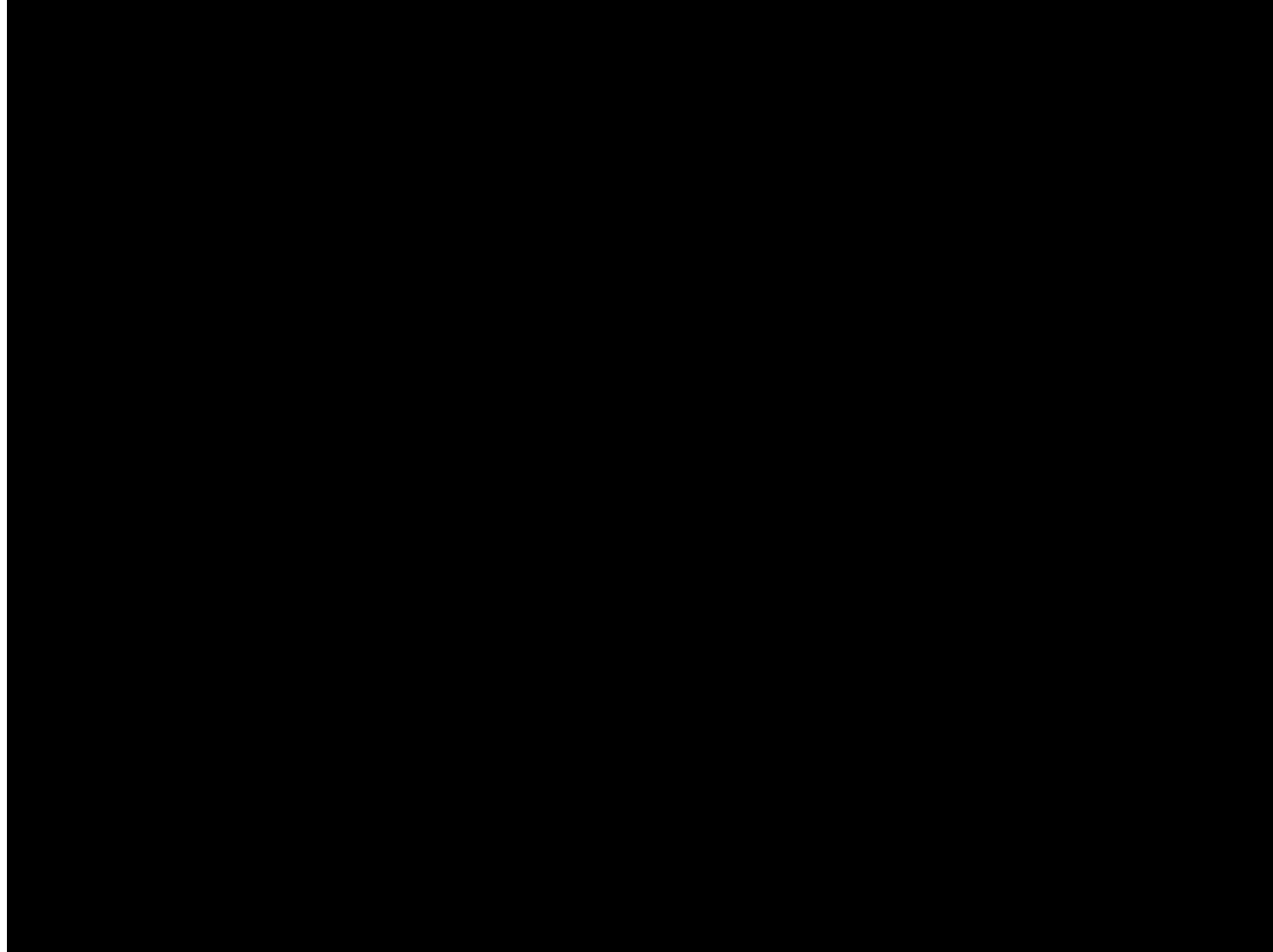
One of your
homeworks!



[Ng et al., SIGGRAPH 2005] [Lytro Inc.]

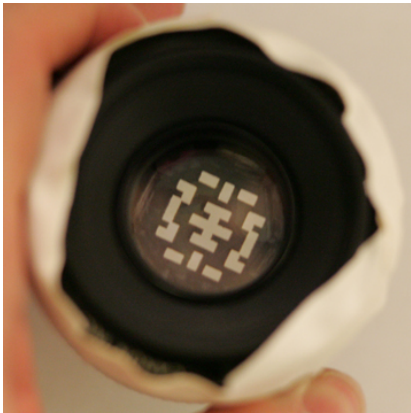
Capture more than 2D images

Lightfield cameras for plenoptic imaging

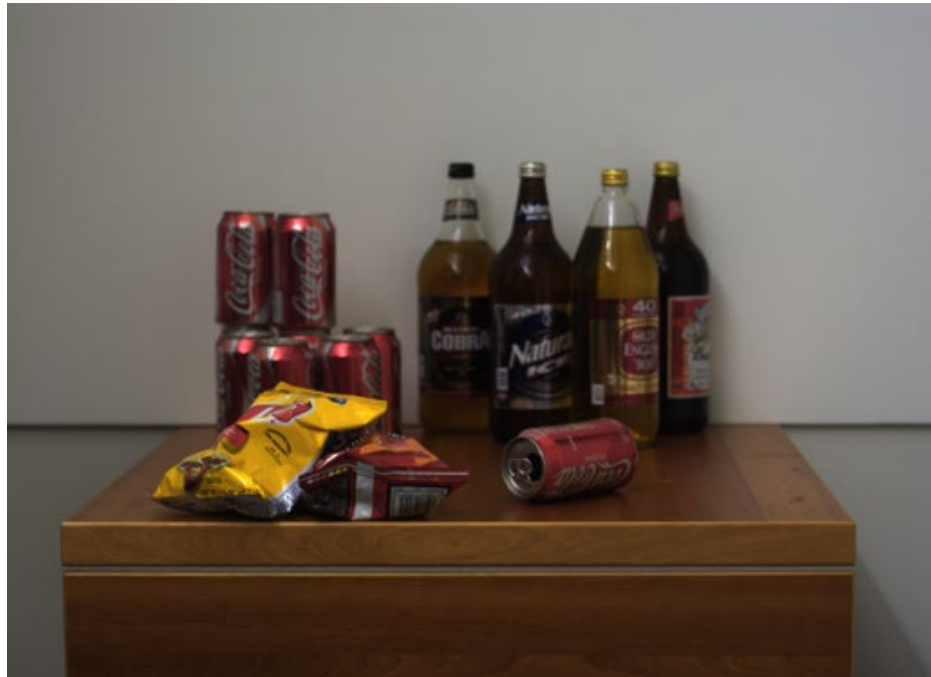


Measure 3D from a single 2D image

Coded aperture for single-image depth and refocusing



conventional vs
coded lens



input image



inferred depth

Measure 3D from a single 2D image

Coded aperture for single-image depth and refocusing



Image and Depth from a Conventional Camera with a Coded Aperture

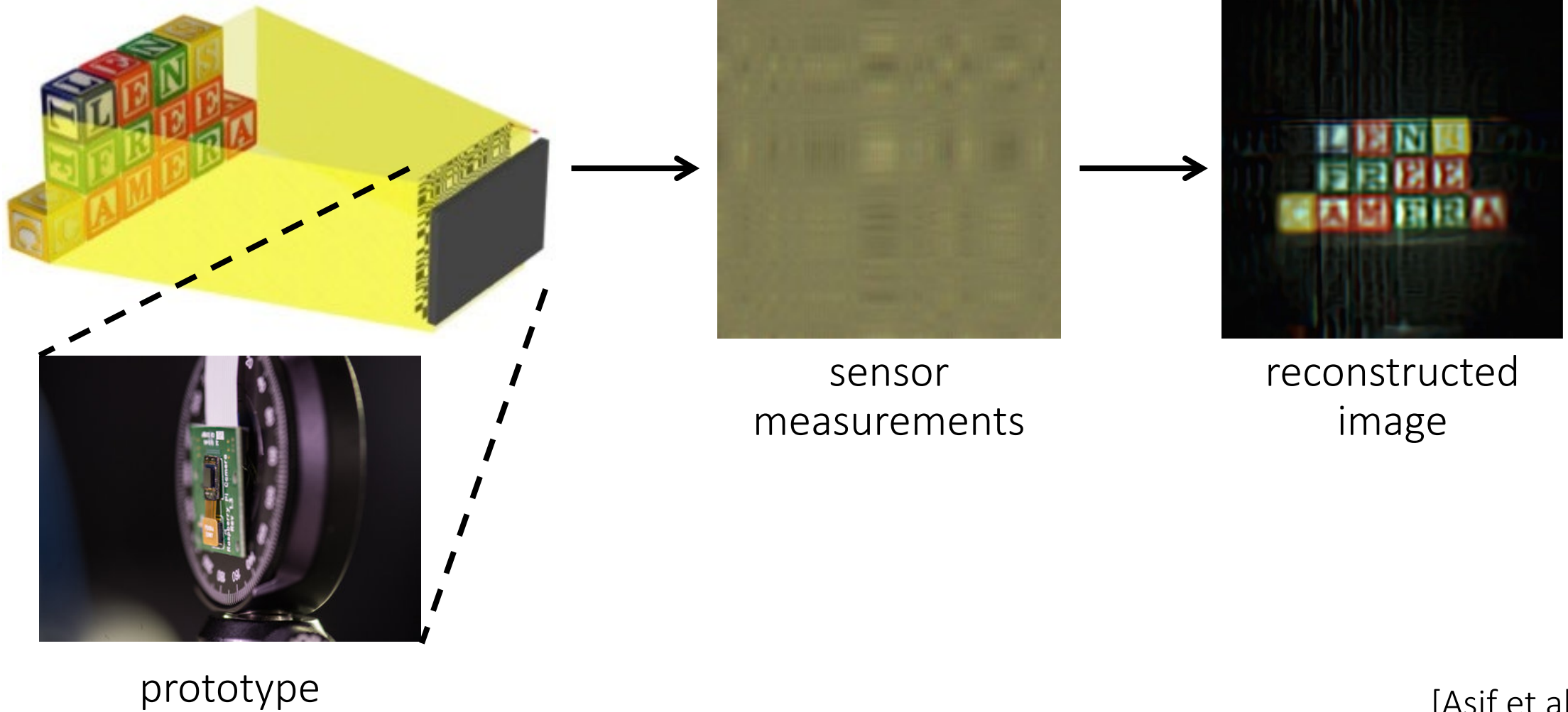
Novel view synthesis

Anat Levin, Rob Fergus,
Fredo Durand, William Freeman

MIT CSAIL

Remove lenses altogether

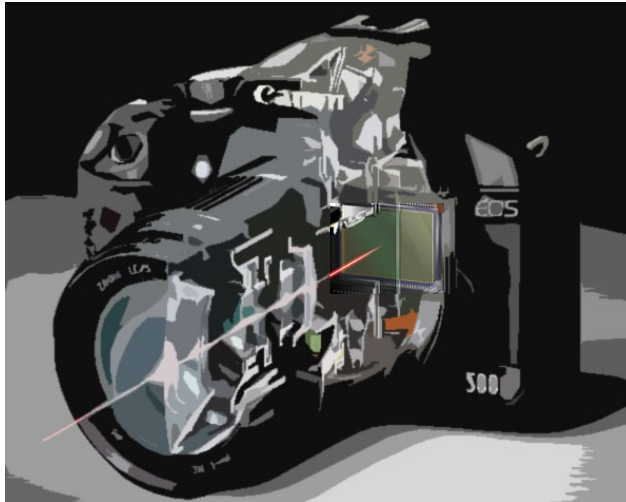
FlatCam: replacing lenses with masks



Computational photography



generalized optics
between scene and sensor



digital sensor to capture focused
light (electrical process)

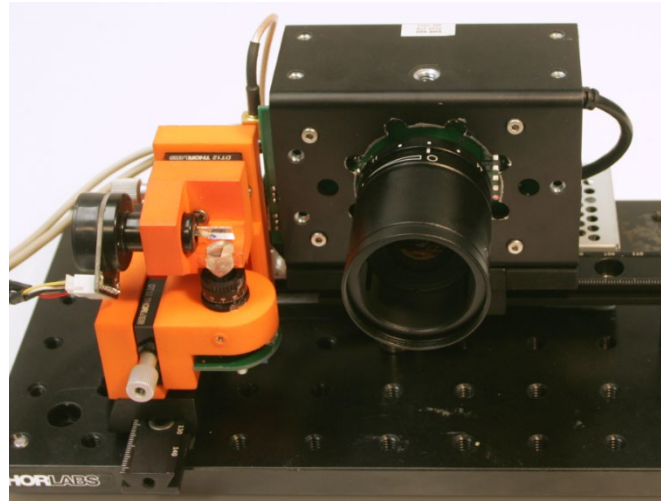


arbitrary computation
between sensor and image

Computational photography



generalized optics
between scene and sensor



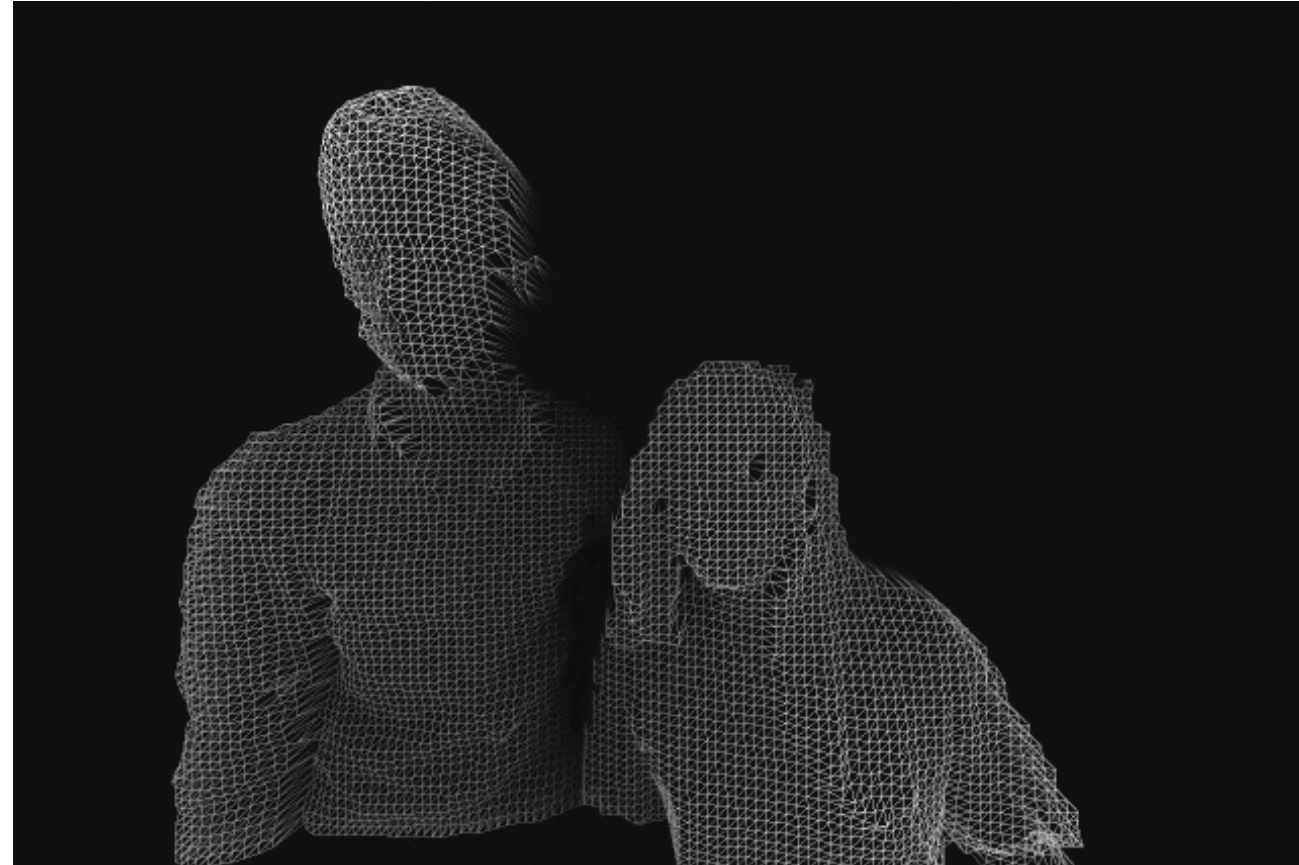
unconventional sensing
and illumination



arbitrary computation
between sensor and image

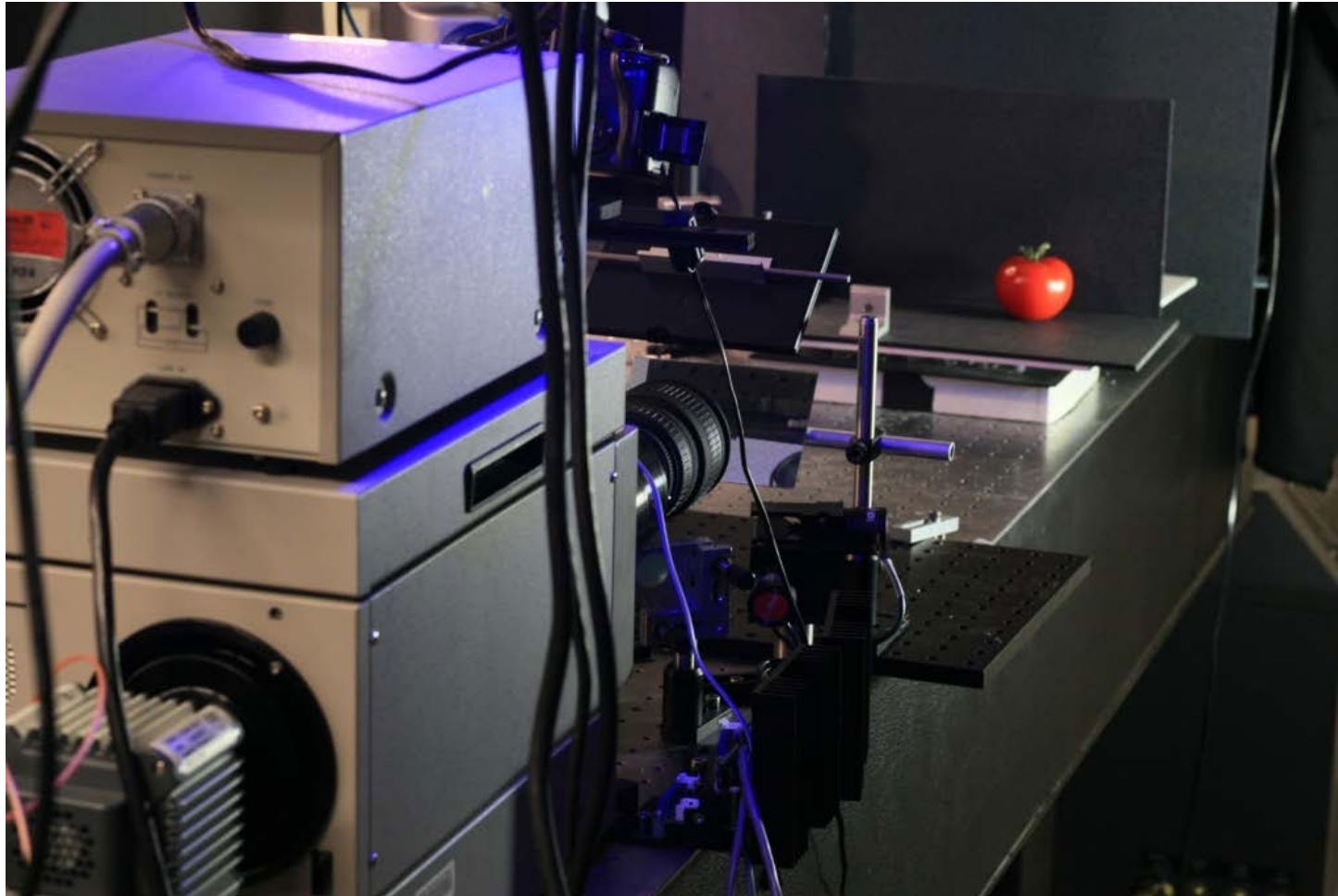
Measure depth

Time-of-flight sensors for real-time depth sensing



Measure light in flight

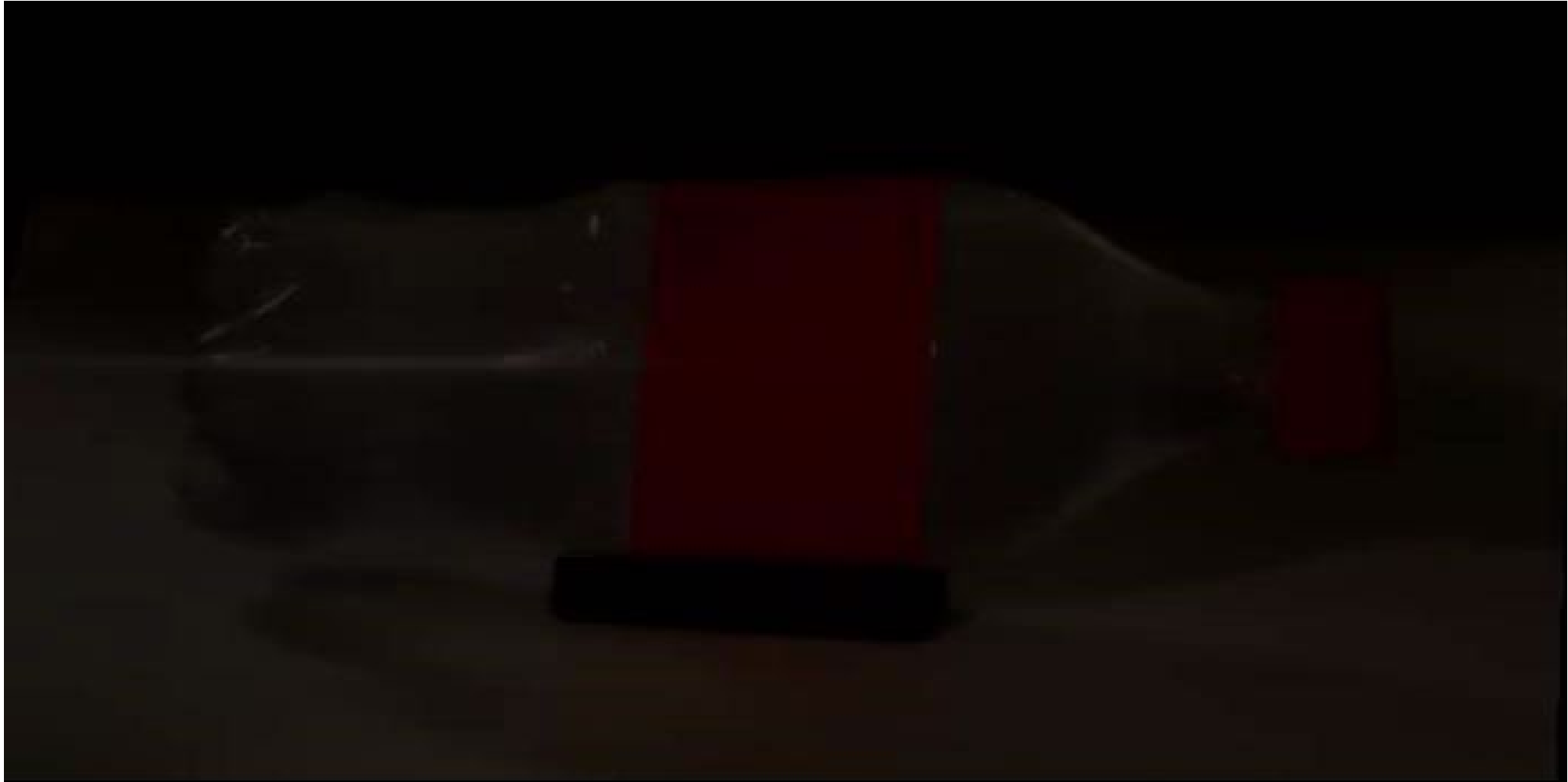
Streak camera for femtophotography



[Velten et al., SIGGRAPH 2013]

Measure light in flight

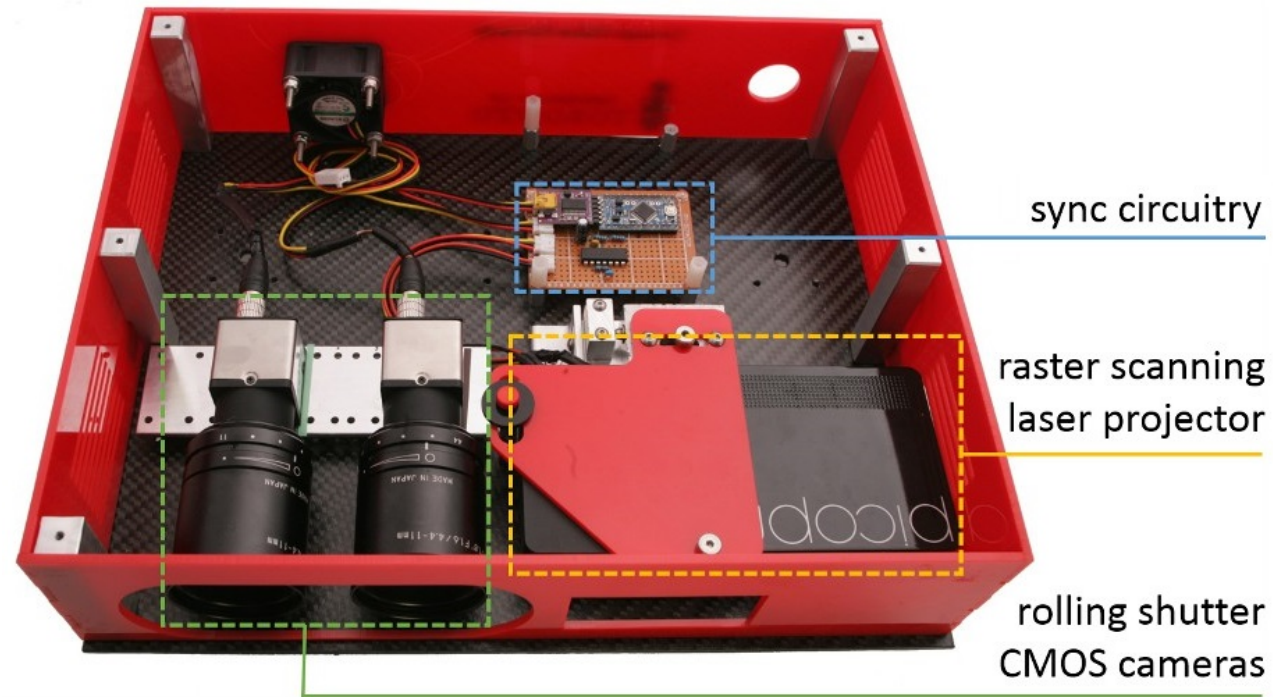
Streak camera for femtophotography



[Velten et al., SIGGRAPH 2013]

Measure photons selectively

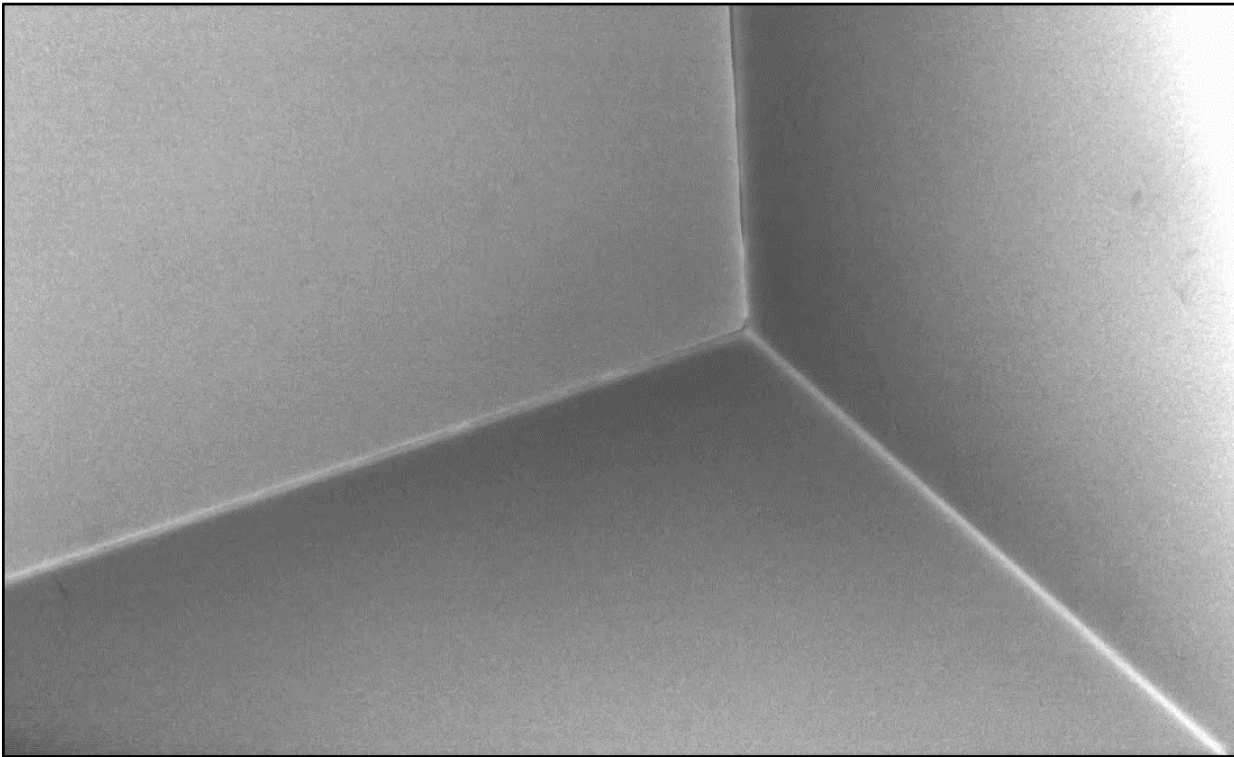
Structured light for epipolar imaging



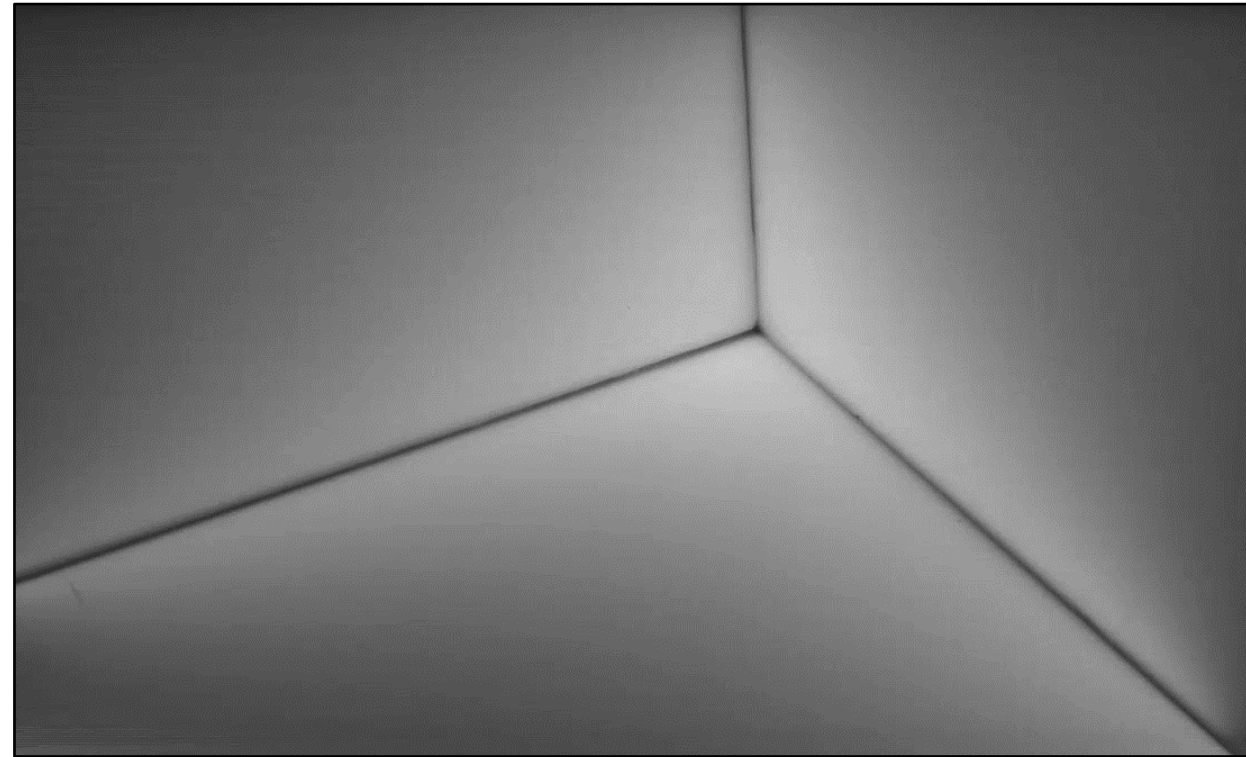
Measure photons selectively

One of your
homeworks!

Structured light for epipolar imaging



direct photons

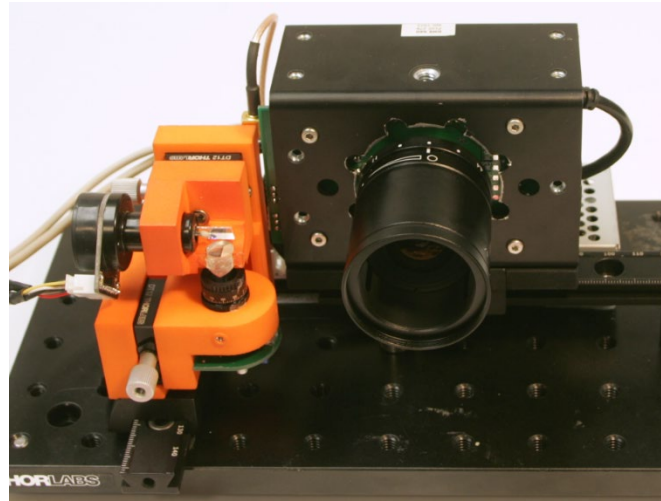


indirect photons

Computational photography



generalized optics
between scene and sensor



unconventional sensing
and illumination

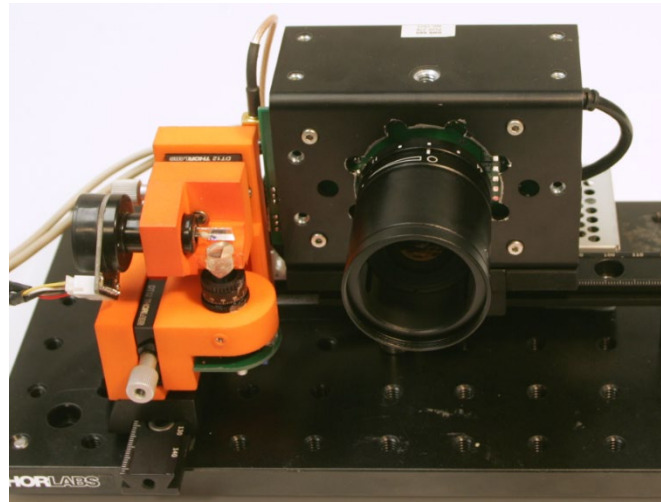


arbitrary computation
between sensor and image

Computational photography



generalized optics
between scene and sensor



unconventional sensing
and illumination

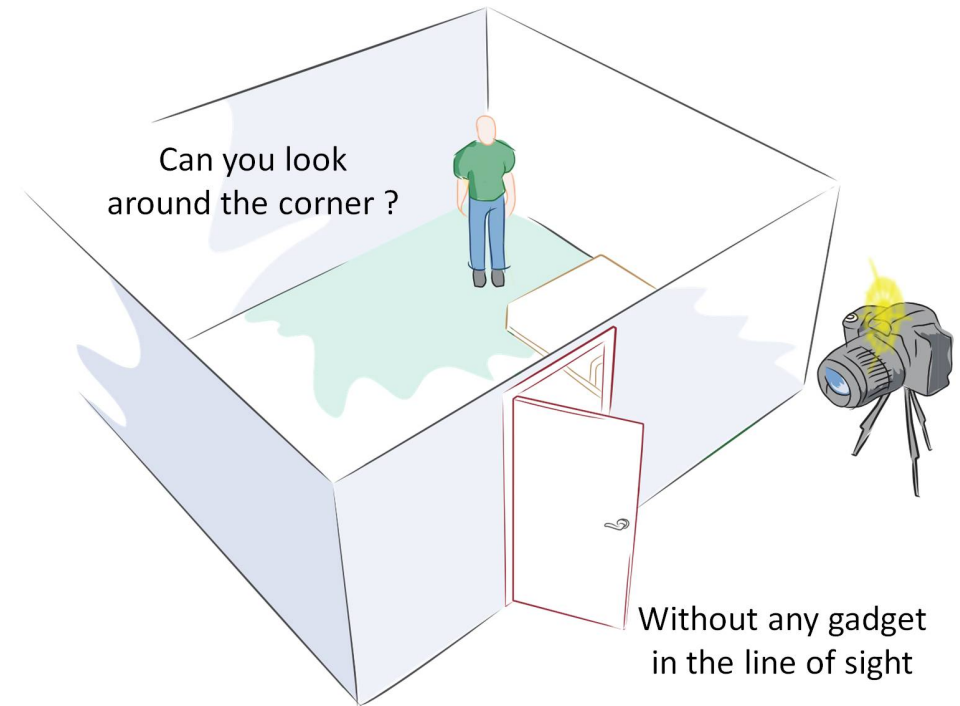


arbitrary computation
between sensor and image

joint design of optics, illumination, sensors, and computation

Putting it all together

Looking around corners



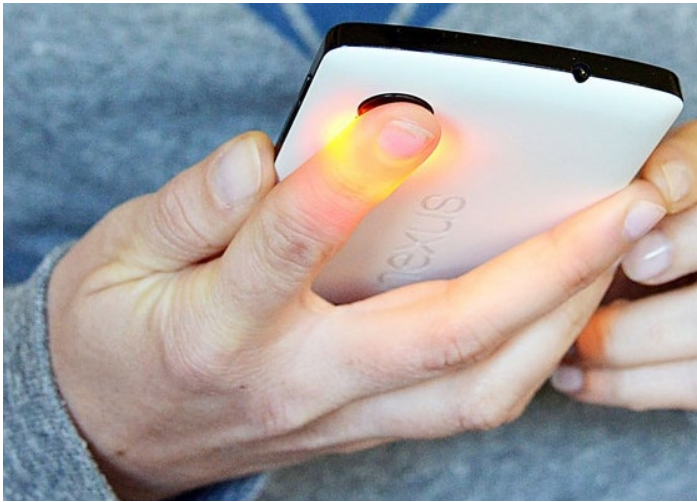
One of your
homeworks!



Putting it all together

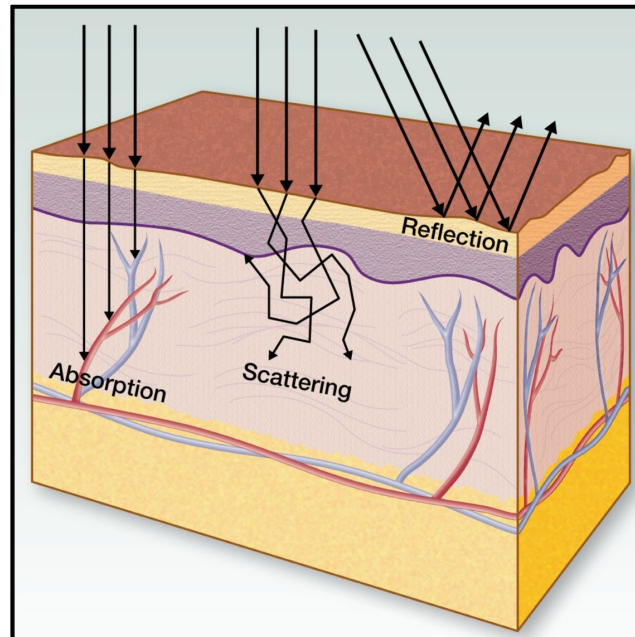
Looking through tissue

Opportunity



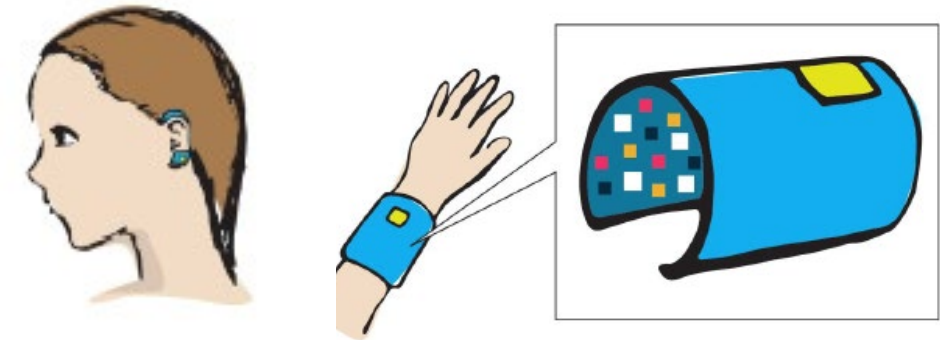
- + Light travels deep inside the body
- + It is non-ionizing (400-1100nm)
- + Cheap to produce and control

Scattering Barrier

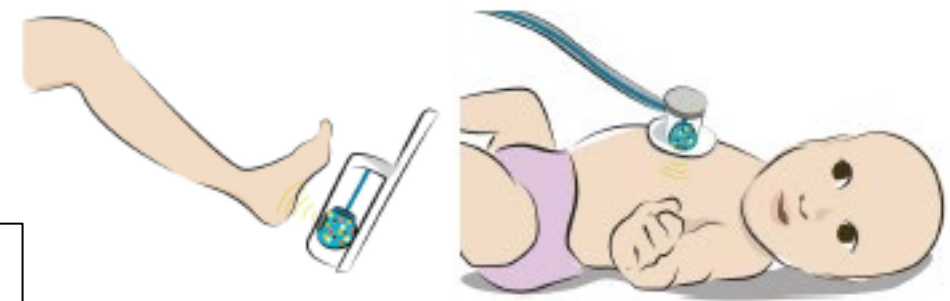


- Most pass-through photons are scattered
- Avg 10 scattering events per mm
- By 50mm, avg 500 scattering events !
- Large-scale inverse problem with low SNR

Practical imaging up to 50mm



Wearables (1-10mm)



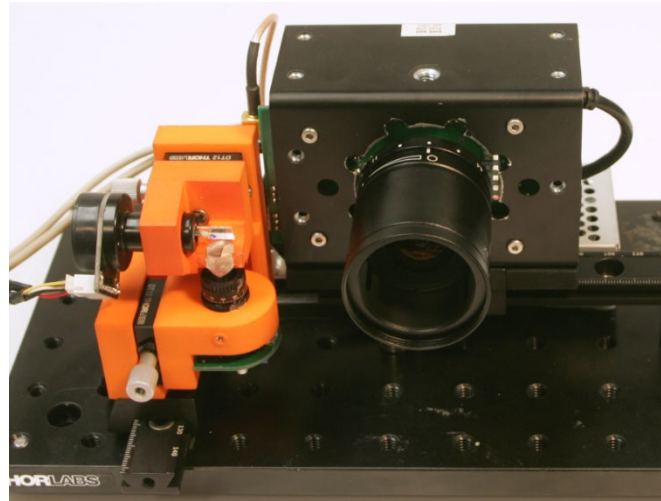
Non-invasive point of care devices (10-50mm)

[NSF Expedition]

Computational photography



generalized optics
between scene and sensor



unconventional sensing
and illumination



arbitrary computation
between sensor and image

joint design of optics, illumination, sensors, and computation

Course fast-forward and logistics

Course fast-forward

Tentative syllabus at:

<http://graphics.cs.cmu.edu/courses/15-463>

- schedule and exact topics will most likely change during semester
- keep an eye out on the website for updates

Topics to be covered

Digital photography:

- optics and lenses
- color
- exposure
- aperture
- focus and depth of field
- image processing pipeline



[Photo from Gordon Wetzstein]

Topics to be covered

Image manipulation and merging:

- bilateral filtering
- edge-aware filtering
- gradient-domain image processing
- flash/no-flash photography
- high-performance image processing



Topics to be covered

Types of cameras:

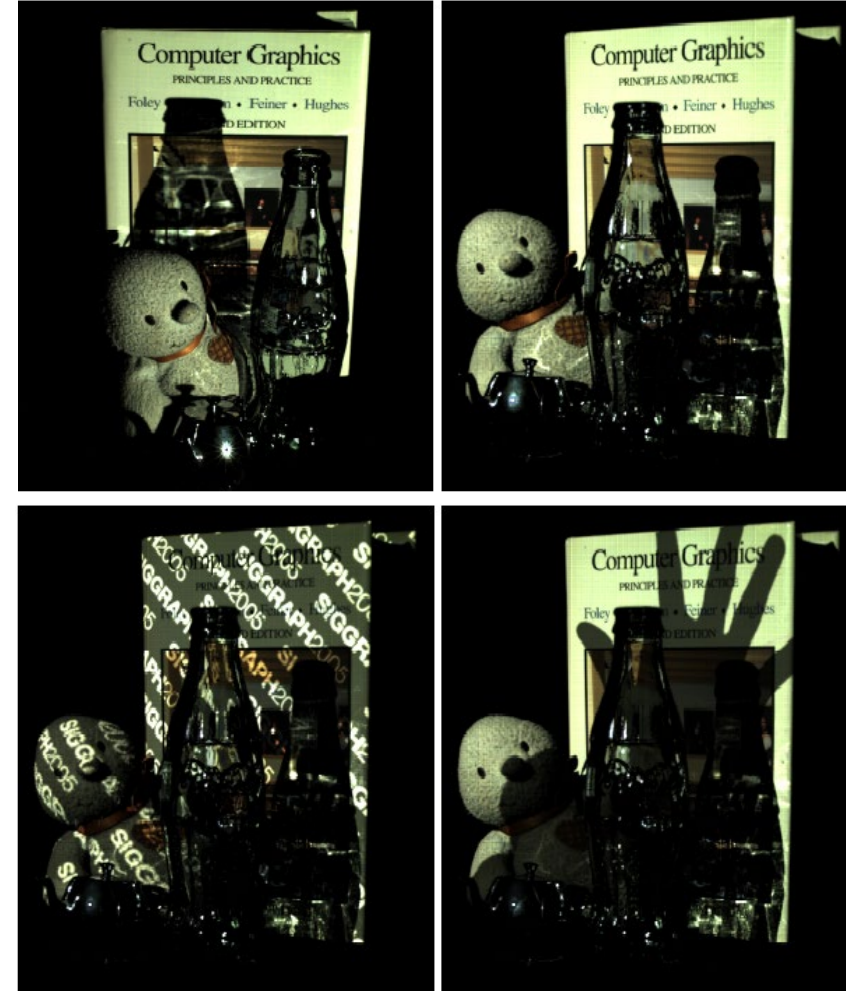
- geometric camera models
- light-field cameras
- coded cameras
- lensless cameras
- compressive cameras
- hyperspectral cameras



Topics to be covered

Active illumination and sensing:

- time-of-flight sensors
- structured light
- computational light transport
- transient imaging
- non-line-of-sight imaging
- optical computing



Course logistics

- Course website:

<http://graphics.cs.cmu.edu/courses/15-463>

- Piazza for discussion and announcements (sign up!):

<https://piazza.com/class/ke3asje82hc55g>

- Canvas for homework submissions, Zoom links, and recordings:

<https://canvas.cmu.edu/courses/19280>

Please take the start-of-semester survey!

- Posted on Piazza as well:

<https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAIpQLSczEoOWxov4OJxJxkhgKztFUDao0uL22WKh24D1jcedSSDmg/viewform>

Prerequisites

At least one of the following:

- A computer vision course at the level of 16-385 or 16-720.
- A computer graphics course at the level of 15-420.
- An image processing course at the level of 18-793.

Pop quiz

How many of you know or have heard of the following terms:

- Gaussian and box filtering.
- Convolution and Fourier transform.
- Aliasing and anti-aliasing.
- Laplacian pyramid.
- Poisson blending.
- Homogeneous coordinates.
- Homography.
- RANSAC.
- Epipolar geometry.
- XYZ space.
- Radiance and radiometry.
- Lambertian, diffuse, and specular reflectance.
- $\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{l}$ lighting.
- Monte Carlo rendering.
- Thin lens, prime lens, and zoom lens.
- Demosaicing.
- Refraction and diffraction.

Evaluation

- Six-plus-one homework assignments (60% + 10%):
 - programming and capturing your own photographs.
 - all programming will be in **Python** (new this year).
 - first assignment will serve as a gentle introduction to Python.
 - five late days, you can use them as you want.
- Final project (35%):
 - we will provide more information near the end of September.
 - 15-663, 15-862 require more substantive project.
 - if your ideas require imaging equipment, talk to us in advance.
 - **no exam, but final project presentations are during the exam period.**
- Class and Piazza participation (5%):
 - be around for lectures and office hours (lenient this semester).
 - participate in Piazza discussions.
 - ask questions.

Do I need a camera?

- You will need to take your own photographs for assignments 1-6 (all of them):
 - Assignment 1: pinhole camera – you need a high-sensitivity camera.
 - Assignment 2: HDR – you need a camera with manual exposure controls.
 - Assignment 3: image filtering – you can use your phone camera.
 - Assignment 4: lightfields – you need a camera with manual focus control..
 - Assignment 5: photometric stereo – you need a camera with RAW support.
 - Assignment 6: structured light – you can use your phone camera.
 - Assignment 7: rendering – no camera needed.
- We have 50 Nikon D3X00 kits (camera + lens + tripod) for students.
 - If you have your own camera, please use that!
- Sign up for a camera and indicate pick up option:

<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1CVg7nUbl701pvZFPX3BR0uzKB76Y6PEl3tXmq1UF4AU/edit#gid=0>



Contact information and office hours

- Feel free to email us about administrative questions.
 - please use [15463] in email title!
- Technical questions should be asked on Piazza.
 - we won't answer technical questions through email.
 - you can post anonymously if you prefer.
- Office hours will be determined by poll.
 - office hours will be through Zoom.
 - feel free to email Yannis about additional office hours.
 - ~~○ you can also just drop by Yannis' office (Smith Hall (EDSH) Rm 225).~~
 - you can also post on Piazza for additional office hours.
 - office hours for this week will be announced on Piazza.

Interested in research?

- Visit the imaging group website:

<https://imaging.cs.cmu.edu/>

- Email Yannis if you want to be added to the imaging group mailing list and attend our weekly meetings (day and time for the semester TBD).
- We are actively recruiting research assistants for projects relating to imaging, rendering, and graphics in general. Please email Yannis if interested.

Please take the start-of-semester survey and sign up for a camera before the next lecture!

Survey link:

<https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAIpQLSczEoOWxov4OJxJxkhgKztFUDao0uL22WKh24D1jcedSSDmg/viewform>

Camera sign up:

<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1CVg7nUbl701pvZFPX3BR0uzKB76Y6PEl3tXmq1UF4AU/edit#gid=0>

Both links available on Piazza.